# RENESAS

# **RMLV0416E Series**

4Mb Advanced LPSRAM (256-kword × 16-bit)

R10DS0205EJ0100 Rev.1.00 2014.2.27

# Description

The RMLV0416E Series is a family of 4-Mbit static RAMs organized 262,144-word  $\times$  16-bit, fabricated by Renesas's high-performance Advanced LPSRAM technologies. The RMLV0416E Series has realized higher density, higher performance and low power consumption. The RMLV0416E Series offers low power standby power dissipation; therefore, it is suitable for battery backup systems. It is offered in 44-pin TSOP (II) or 48-ball fine pitch ball grid array.

# Features

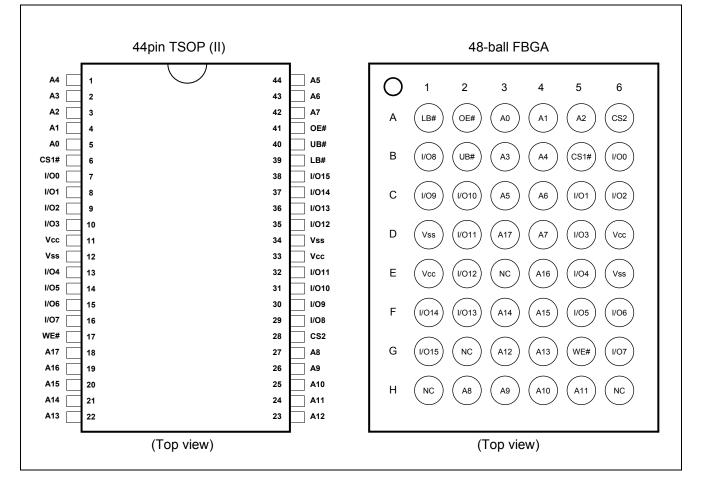
- Single 3V supply: 2.7V to 3.6V
- Access time: 45ns (max.)
- Current consumption: — Standby: 0.4µA (typ.)
- Equal access and cycle times
- Common data input and output — Three state output
- Directly TTL compatible — All inputs and outputs
- Battery backup operation

# **Part Name Information**

Part name	Access time	Temperature range	Package	Shipping container
RMLV0416EGSB-4S2#AA0			400-mil 44pin	Tray Max. 135pcs/Tray Max. 1080pcs/Inner box
RMLV0416EGSB-4S2#HA0	45	40 105%0	plastic TSOP (II)	Embossed tape 1000pcs/Reel
RMLV0416EGBG-4S2#AC0	45 ns	-40 ~ +85°C	48-ball FBGA	Tray Max. 253pcs/Tray Max. 2277pcs/Inner box
RMLV0416EGBG-4S2#KC0	RMLV0416EGBG-4S2#KC0		with 0.75mm ball pitch	Embossed tape 1000pcs/Reel



## **Pin Arrangement**

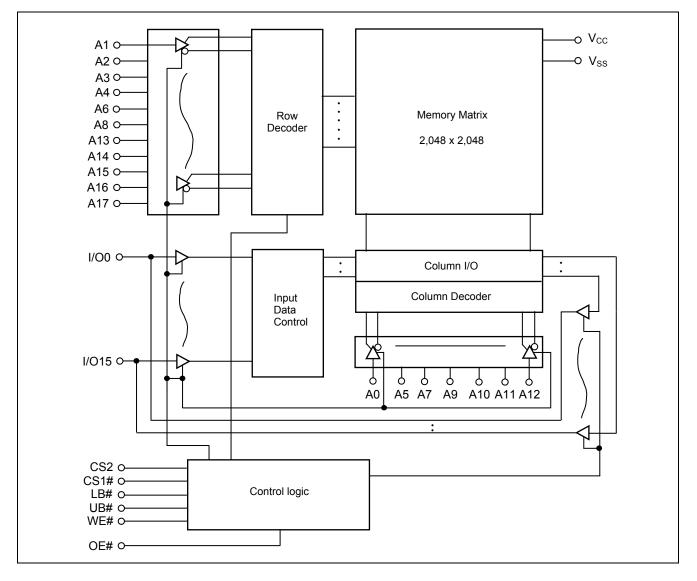


# **Pin Description**

Pin name	Function
Vcc	Power supply
V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground
A0 to A17	Address input
I/O0 to I/O15	Data input/output
CS1#	Chip select 1
CS2	Chip select 2
OE#	Output enable
WE#	Write enable
LB#	Lower byte select
UB#	Upper byte select
NC	No connection



# **Block Diagram**



# **Operation Table**

CS1#	CS2	WE#	OE#	UB#	LB#	I/O0 to I/O7	I/O8 to I/O15	Operation
Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	High-Z	High-Z	Standby
Х	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	High-Z	High-Z	Standby
Х	Х	Х	Х	Н	Н	High-Z	High-Z	Standby
L	Н	Н	L	L	L	Dout	Dout	Read
L	Н	Н	L	Н	L	Dout	High-Z	Lower byte read
L	Н	Н	L	L	Н	High-Z	Dout	Upper byte read
L	Н	L	Х	L	L	Din	Din	Write
L	Н	L	Х	Н	L	Din	High-Z	Lower byte write
L	Н	L	Х	L	Н	High-Z	Din	Upper byte write
L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	High-Z	High-Z	Output disable

Note 1. H:  $V_{IH}$  L: $V_{IL}$  X:  $V_{IH}$  or  $V_{IL}$ 

# Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	unit
Power supply voltage relative to V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.5 to +4.6	V
Terminal voltage on any pin relative to $V_{SS}$	V <sub>T</sub>	-0.5 <sup>*2</sup> to V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3 <sup>*3</sup>	V
Power dissipation	PT	0.7	W
Operation temperature	Topr	-40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature range	Tstg	-65 to +150	°C
Storage temperature range under bias	Tbias	-40 to +85	°C

Note 2. -3.0V for pulse  $\leq$  30ns (full width at half maximum)

3. Maximum voltage is +4.6V.

## **DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	2.7	3.0	3.6	V	
	V <sub>SS</sub>	0	0	0	V	
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.2	_	V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	V	
Input low voltage	VIL	-0.3	_	0.6	V	4
Ambient temperature range	Та	-40	_	+85	°C	

Note 4. -3.0V for pulse  $\leq$  30ns (full width at half maximum)

## **DC Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test conditions		
Input leakage current	I <sub>LI</sub>	_	_	1	μA	Vin = V <sub>SS</sub> to V <sub>CC</sub>		
Output leakage current	I <sub>LO</sub>	_	-	1	μA	CS1# = $V_{IH}$ or CS2 = $V_{IL}$ or OE# = $V_{IH}$ or WE# = $V_{IL}$ or LB# = UB# = $V_{IH}$ , $V_{I/O}$ = $V_{SS}$ to V		
Operating current	Icc	_	-	10	mA	CS1# = V <sub>IL</sub> , CS2 = V <sub>IH</sub> , Others = V <sub>IH</sub> /V <sub>IL</sub> , $I_{I/O}$ = 0mA		
Average operating current		_	-	20	mA	Cycle = 55ns, duty =100%, $I_{I/O}$ = 0mA, CS1# = V <sub>IL</sub> , CS2 = V <sub>IH</sub> , Others = V <sub>IH</sub> /V <sub>IL</sub>		
	I <sub>CC1</sub>	_	-	25	mA	Cycle = 45ns, duty =100%, $I_{I/O}$ = 0mA, CS1# = V <sub>IL</sub> , CS2 = V <sub>IH</sub> , Others = V <sub>IH</sub> /V <sub>IL</sub>		
	I <sub>CC2</sub>	_	_	2.5	mA	$\begin{split} & \text{Cycle =1} \mu \text{s, duty =100\%, I}_{\text{I/O}} = 0 \text{mA,} \\ & \text{CS1\# \le 0.2V, CS2 \ge V_{\text{CC}} - 0.2V,} \\ & \text{V}_{\text{IH}} \ge \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2\text{V, V}_{\text{IL}} \le 0.2\text{V} \end{split}$		
Standby current	I <sub>SB</sub>	_	0.1 <sup>*5</sup>	0.3	mA	$CS2 = V_{IL}$ , Others = $V_{SS}$ to $V_{CC}$		
Standby current		-	0.4 <sup>*5</sup>	2	μA	$\sim +25^{\circ}$ C Vin = V <sub>SS</sub> to V <sub>CC</sub> , (1) CS2 < 0.2V or		
		-	-	3	μA	(1) $CS2 \le 0.2V$ or (2) $CS1\# \ge V_{CC}-0.2V$ ,		
	I <sub>SB1</sub>	-	-	5	μA	$\sim$ +70°C CS2 ≥ V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2V or (3) LB# = UB# ≥ V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2V,		
		_		7	μA	$(3) LB# = 0B# \ge V_{CC} - 0.2V,$ CS1# ≤ 0.2V, CS2 ≥ V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2V		
Output high voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	2.4	-	—	V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -1mA		
	V <sub>OH2</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2		-	V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.1mA		
Output low voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	_	-	0.4	V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2mA		
	V <sub>OL2</sub>	—	_	0.2	V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.1mA		

Note 5. Typical parameter indicates the value for the center of distribution at 3.0V (Ta=25°C), and not 100% tested.

# Capacitance

 $(Vcc = 2.7V \sim 3.6V, f = 1MHz, Ta = -40 \sim +85^{\circ}C)$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test conditions	Note
Input capacitance	C in	_	—	8	pF	Vin =0V	6
Input / output capacitance	C I/O		_	10	pF	V <sub>I/O</sub> =0V	6

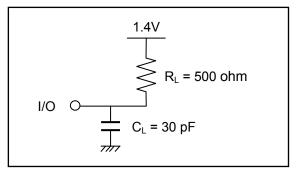
Note 6. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.



# **AC Characteristics**

Test Conditions (Vcc =  $2.7V \sim 3.6V$ , Ta =  $-40 \sim +85^{\circ}C$ )

- Input pulse levels:  $V_{IL} = 0.4V$ ,  $V_{IH} = 2.4V$
- Input rise and fall time: 5ns
- Input and output timing reference level: 1.4V
- Output load: See figures (Including scope and jig)



#### **Read Cycle**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Read cycle time	t <sub>RC</sub>	45		ns	
Address access time	t <sub>AA</sub>	—	45	ns	
Chin coloct access time	t <sub>ACS1</sub>	—	45	ns	
Chip select access time	t <sub>ACS2</sub>	—	45	ns	
Output enable to output valid	t <sub>OE</sub>	—	22	ns	
Output hold from address change	t <sub>он</sub>	10	—	ns	
LB#, UB# access time	t <sub>BA</sub>	—	45	ns	
Chin coloct to output in low 7	t <sub>CLZ1</sub>	10	—	ns	7,8
Chip select to output in low-Z	t <sub>CLZ2</sub>	10	—	ns	7,8
LB#, UB# enable to low-Z	t <sub>BLZ</sub>	5	—	ns	7,8
Output enable to output in low-Z	t <sub>OLZ</sub>	5	—	ns	7,8
Chin deceleration output in high 7	t <sub>CHZ1</sub>	0	18	ns	7,8,9
Chip deselect to output in high-Z	t <sub>CHZ2</sub>	0	18	ns	7,8,9
LB#, UB# disable to high-Z	t <sub>BHZ</sub>	0	18	ns	7,8,9
Output disable to output in high-Z	t <sub>онz</sub>	0	18	ns	7,8,9

Note 7. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.

8. At any given temperature and voltage condition,  $t_{CHZ1}$  max is less than  $t_{CLZ1}$  min,  $t_{CHZ2}$  max is less than  $t_{CLZ2}$  min,  $t_{BHZ}$  max is less than  $t_{BLZ}$  min, and  $t_{OHZ}$  max is less than  $t_{OLZ}$  min, for any device.

9. t<sub>CHZ1</sub>, t<sub>CHZ2</sub>, t<sub>BHZ</sub> and t<sub>OHZ</sub> are defined as the time when the I/O pins enter a high-impedance state and are not referred to the I/O levels.



#### Write Cycle

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Write cycle time	twc	45	_	ns	
Address valid to write end	t <sub>AW</sub>	35	—	ns	
Chip select to write end	t <sub>cw</sub>	35	—	ns	
Write pulse width	t <sub>WP</sub>	35	—	ns	10
LB#,UB# valid to write end	t <sub>BW</sub>	35	—	ns	
Address setup time to write start	t <sub>AS</sub>	0	—	ns	
Write recovery time from write end	t <sub>wr</sub>	0	—	ns	
Data to write time overlap	t <sub>DW</sub>	25	—	ns	
Data hold from write end	t <sub>DH</sub>	0	—	ns	
Output enable from write end	tow	5	—	ns	11
Output disable to output in high-Z	t <sub>онz</sub>	0	18	ns	11,12
Write to output in high-Z	t <sub>wнz</sub>	0	18	ns	11,12

Note 10.  $t_{WP}$  is the interval between write start and write end.

A write starts when all of (CS1#), (CS2), (WE#) and (one or both of LB# and UB#) become active. A write is performed during the overlap of a low CS1#, a high CS2, a low WE# and a low LB# or a low UB#. A write ends when any of (CS1#), (CS2), (WE#) or (one or both of LB# and UB#) becomes inactive. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested

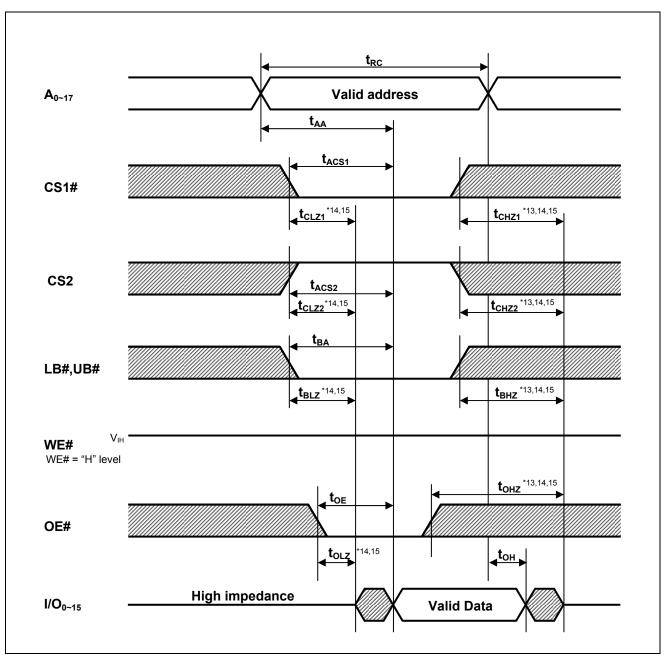
11. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.

12.  $t_{OHZ}$  and  $t_{WHZ}$  are defined as the time when the I/O pins enter a high-impedance state and are not referred to the I/O levels.



# **Timing Waveforms**

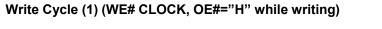
**Read Cycle** 

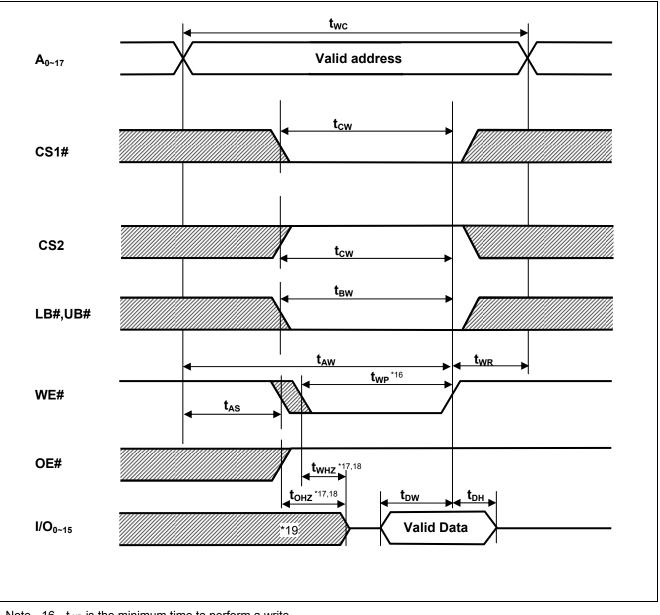


Note 13. t<sub>CHZ1</sub>, t<sub>CHZ2</sub>, t<sub>BHZ</sub> and t<sub>OHZ</sub> are defined as the time when the I/O pins enter a high-impedance state and are not referred to the I/O levels.

14. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested

15. At any given temperature and voltage condition,  $t_{CHZ1}$  max is less than  $t_{CLZ1}$  min,  $t_{CHZ2}$  max is less than  $t_{CLZ2}$  min,  $t_{BHZ}$  max is less than  $t_{BLZ}$  min, and  $t_{OHZ}$  max is less than  $t_{OLZ}$  min, for any device.



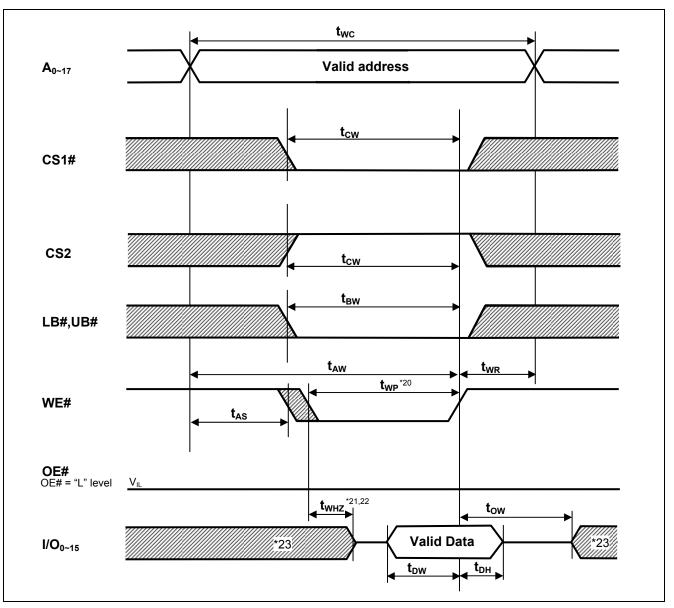


Note 16.  $t_{WP}$  is the minimum time to perform a write.

- 17.  $t_{OHZ}$  and  $t_{WHZ}$  are defined as the time when the I/O pins enter a high-impedance state and are not referred to the I/O levels.
- 18. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested
- 19. During this period, I/O pins are in the output state so input signals must not be applied to the I/O pins.



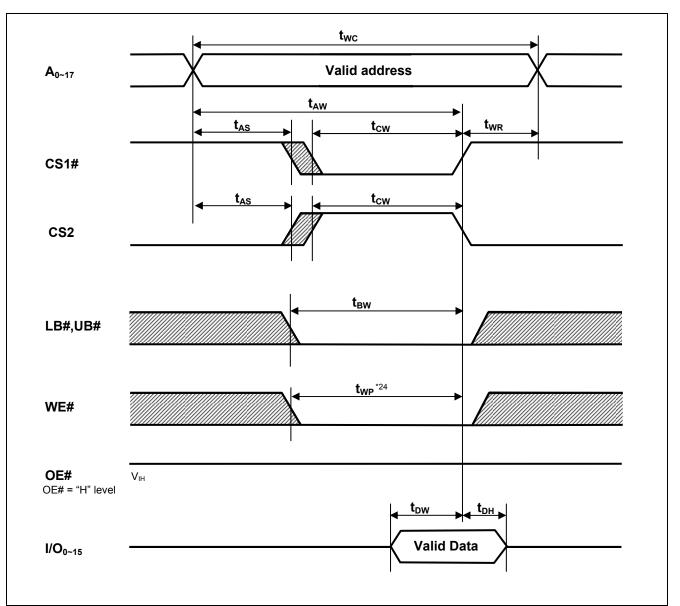




Note 20.  $t_{WP}$  is the minimum time to perform a write.

- 21.  $t_{WHZ}$  is defined as the time when the I/O pins enter a high-impedance state and are not referred to the I/O levels.
- 22. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
- 23. During this period, I/O pins are in the output state so input signals must not be applied to the I/O pins.

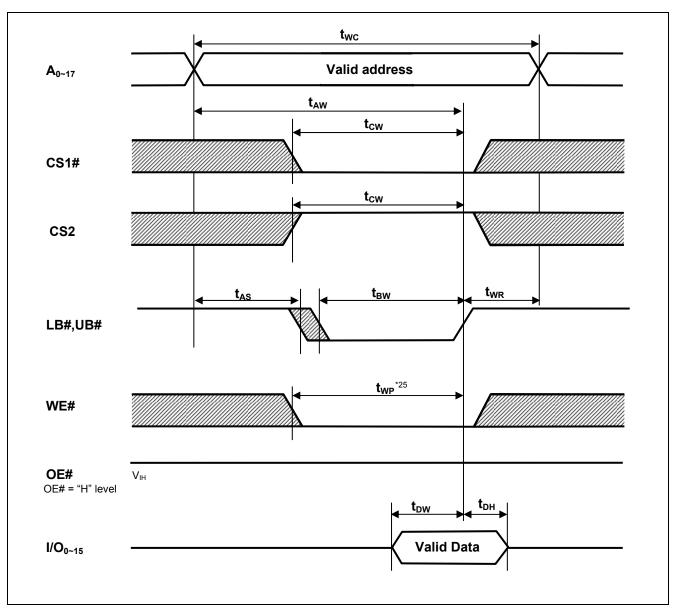
Write Cycle (3) (CS1#, CS2 CLOCK)



Note 24.  $t_{WP}$  is the minimum time to perform a write.



## Write Cycle (4) (LB#, UB# CLOCK)



Note 25.  $t_{WP}$  is the minimum time to perform a write.



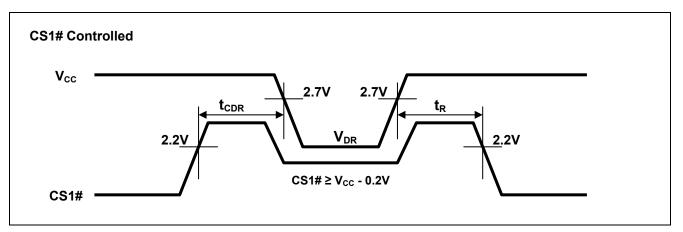
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit		Test conditions <sup>*27</sup>	
V <sub>cc</sub> for data retention	V <sub>DR</sub>	1.5	_	_	V	$Vin \ge 0V,$ (1) CS2 $\le 0.2V$ or (2) CS1# $\ge V_{CC}$ -0.2V, CS2 $\ge V_{CC}$ -0.2V or (3) LB# = UB# $\ge V_{CC}$ -0.2V, CS1# $\le 0.2V$ , CS2 $\ge V_{CC}$ -0.2V		
	Iccdr	_	0.4 <sup>*26</sup>	2	μA	~+25°C	$V_{CC} = 3.0V$ , Vin $\ge 0V$ , (1) CS2 $\le 0.2V$	
Data rotantian ourrant		_	_	3	μA	~+40°C	or (2) CS1# $\geq$ V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2V, CS2 $\geq$ V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2V	
Data retention current		_	-	5	μA	~+70°C	or (3) LB# = UB# $\geq$ V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2V,	
		_	_	7	μA	~+85°C	CS1# ≤ 0.2V, CS2 ≥ V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2V	
Chip deselect time to data retention	t <sub>CDR</sub>	0	—	_	ns	Soo rotont	ion wavoform	
Operation recovery time	t <sub>R</sub>	5	—	_	ms	See retention waveform.		

Note 26. Typical parameter indicates the value for the center of distribution at 3.0V (Ta=25°C), and not 100% tested.

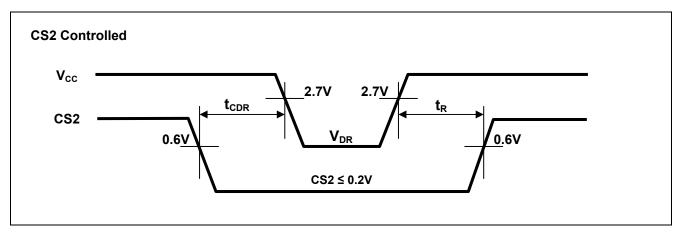
27. CS2 controls address buffer, WE# buffer, CS1# buffer, OE# buffer, LB# buffer, UB# buffer and I/O buffer. If CS2 controls data retention mode, Vin levels (address, WE#, CS1#, OE#, LB#, UB#, I/O) can be in the high impedance state. If CS1# controls data retention mode, CS2 must be CS2 ≥ V<sub>CC</sub>-0.2V or CS2 ≤ 0.2V. The other inputs levels (address, WE#, OE#, LB#, UB#, I/O) can be in the high-impedance state.



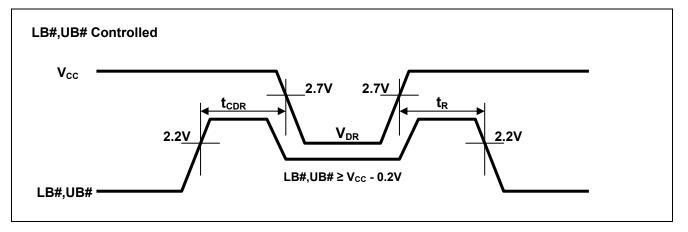
## Low Vcc Data Retention Timing Waveforms (CS1# controlled)



#### Low Vcc Data Retention Timing Waveforms (CS2 controlled)



#### Low Vcc Data Retention Timing Waveforms (LB#,UB# controlled)



<b>Revision History</b>	RMLV0416E Series Data Sheet
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		Description	
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary
1.00	2014.2.27	—	First edition issued

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