General Description

The MAX541/MAX542 are serial-input, voltage-output, 16-bit digital-to-analog converters (DACs) that operate from a single +5V supply. They provide 16-bit performance (±1LSB INL and DNL) over temperature without any adjustments. The DAC output is unbuffered, resulting in a low supply current of 0.3mA and a low offset error of 1LSB.

The DAC output range is 0V to VREF. For bipolar operation, matched scaling resistors are provided in the MAX542 for use with an external precision op amp (such as the MAX400), generating a \pm VREF output swing. The MAX542 also includes Kelvin-sense connections for the reference and analog ground pins to reduce layout sensitivity.

A 16-bit serial word is used to load data into the DAC latch. The 10MHz, 3-wire serial interface is compatible with SPI™/QSPI™/MICROWIRE™, and it also interfaces directly with optocouplers for applications requiring isolation. A power-on reset circuit clears the DAC output to 0V (unipolar mode) when power is initially applied.

The MAX541 is available in 8-pin plastic DIP and SO packages. The MAX542 is available in 14-pin plastic DIP and SO packages.

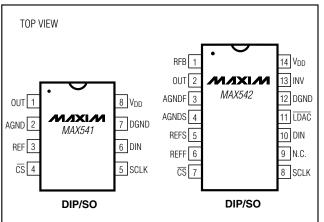
Applications

High-Resolution Offset and Gain Adjustment

Industrial Process Control

Automated Test Equipment

Data-Acquisition Systems



General Description

SPI and QSPI are trademarks of Motorola, Inc. MICROWIRE is a trademark of National Semiconductor Corp.

_Features

Full 16-Bit Performance Without Adjustments

ΜΛΧΙΜ

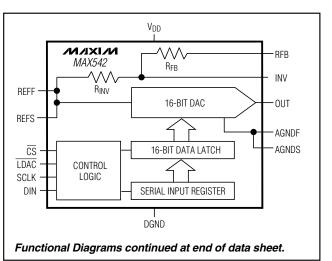
- +5V Single-Supply Operation
- Low Power: 1.5mW
- 1µs Settling Time
- ♦ Unbuffered Voltage Output Directly Drives 60kΩ Loads
- ♦ SPI/QSPI/MICROWIRE-Compatible Serial Interface
- Power-On Reset Circuit Clears DAC Output to 0V (unipolar mode)
- Schmitt Trigger Inputs for Direct Optocoupler Interface

_Ordering Information

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE	INL (LSB)
MAX541ACPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP	±1
MAX541BCPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP	±2
MAX541CCPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP	±4
MAX541ACSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO	±1
MAX541BCSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO	±2
MAX541CCSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO	±4

Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet.

Functional Diagrams



Maxim Integrated Products 1

For free samples & the latest literature: http://www.maxim-ic.com, or phone 1-800-998-8800. For small orders, phone 1-800-835-8769.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V _{DD} to DGND CS, SCLK, DIN, LDAC to DGND	
REF, REFF, REFS to AGND	
AGND, AGNDF, AGNDS to DGND	0.3V to +0.3V
OUT, INV to AGND, DGND	0.3V to V _{DD}
RFB to AGND, DGND	6V to +6V
Maximum Current into Any Pin	50mA
Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +70^{\circ}C$	
8-Pin Plastic DIP (derate 9.09mW/°C abo	ve +70°C)727mW
8-Pin SO (derate 5.88mW/°C above +70°	C)471mW

14-Pin Plastic DIP (derate 10.00mW/°C above +70°C)...800mW 14-Pin SO (derate 8.33mW/°C above +70°C).....667mW 14-Pin Ceramic SB (derate 10.00mW/°C above +70°C ..800mW Operating Temperature Ranges

MAX541 _C_ A/MAX542_C_D	0°C to +70°C
MAX541 _E_ A/MAX542_E_D	40°C to +85°C
MAX542CMJD	55°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature Range	
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{DD} = +5V ±5%, V_{REF} = +2.5V, AGND = DGND = 0, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CON	DITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNITS	
STATIC PERFORMANCE-A	VALOG SECT	TION (R _L = ∞)						
Resolution	N			16			Bits	
			MAX54_A		±0.5	±1.0		
Integral Nonlinearity	INL	$V_{DD} = 5V$	MAX54_B		±0.5	±2.0	LSB	
			MAX54_C		±0.5	±4.0		
Differential Nonlinearity	DNL	Guaranteed monoto	nic		±0.5	±1.0	LSB	
Zero-Code Offset Error	ZSE	T _A = +25°C				±1	LSB	
Zero-Code Oliset Error	ZSE	$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX}	$L = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX}			±2	LOD	
Zero-Code Tempco	ZS _{TC}	$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX}			±0.05		ppm/°C	
Gain Error (Note 1)		T _A = +25°C	$T_{A} = +25^{\circ}C$			±5	LSB	
Gain Enor (Note T)		$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX}				±10	LOD	
Gain-Error Tempco					±0.1		ppm/°C	
DAC Output Resistance	Rout	(Note 2)			6.25		kΩ	
Bipolar Resistor Matching		MAX542	R _{FB} /R _{INV}		1.0			
Dipular resistor matering		101/2/042	Ratio error			±0.015	%	
Bipolar Zero Offset Error		MAX542	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$			±10	- LSB	
			$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX}			±20		
Bipolar Zero Tempco	BZS _{TC}	MAX542			±0.5		ppm/°C	
Power-Supply Rejection	PSR	$4.75V \le V_{DD} \le 5.25V$	/			±1.0	LSB	
REFERENCE INPUT								
Reference Input Range	VREF	(Note 3)		2.0		3.0	V	
Reference Input Resistance	nce Input Resistance Unipolar mode		11.5			kΩ		
(Note 4)	R _{REF}	MAX542, bipolar mo	ode	9.0			N32	
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE-	ANALOG SE	CTION (R _L = ∞, unipo	lar mode)					
Voltage-Output Slew Rate	SR	$C_L = 10 pF (Note 5)$			25		V/µs	
Output Settling Time		to ±1/2LSB of FS, CL	= 10pF		1		μs	



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(V_{DD} = +5V ±5%, V_{REF} = +2.5V, AGND = DGND = 0, $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
DAC Glitch Impulse		Major-carry transition		10		nVs
Digital Feedthrough		Code = 0000 hex; \overline{CS} = V _{DD} ; \overline{LDAC} = 0; SCLK, DIN = 0 to V _{DD} levels		10		nVs
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE-R	EFERENCE	SECTION	1			1
Reference -3dB Bandwidth	BW	Code = FFFF hex		1		MHz
Reference Feedthrough		Code = 0000 hex, VREF = 1Vp-p at 100kHz		1		mVp-p
Signal-to-Noise Ratio	SNR	92 Code = 0000 hex 75		dB		
Deference Input Canacitance	Curr	Code = 0000 hex				~E
Reference Input Capacitance	CIN	Code = FFFF hex	120		pF	
STATIC PERFORMANCE-DIG	ITAL INPUT	S	-			
Input High Voltage	VIH		2.4			V
Input Low Voltage	VIL				0.8	V
Input Current	lin	$V_{IN} = 0$			±1	μA
Input Capacitance	CIN	(Note 6)			10	pF
Hysteresis Voltage	V _H			0.40		V
POWER SUPPLY			•			
Positive Supply Range	V _{DD}		4.75		5.25	V
Positive Supply Current	IDD			0.3	1.1	mA
Power Dissipation	PD			1.5		mW

TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{DD} = +5V \pm 5\%, V_{REF} = +2.5V, AGND = DGND = 0, CMOS inputs, T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
SCLK Frequency	fclk				10	MHz
SCLK Pulse Width High	tсн		45			ns
SCLK Pulse Width Low	tCL		45			ns
CS Low to SCLK High Setup	tcsso		45			ns
CS High to SCLK High Setup	tCSS1		45			ns
SCLK High to \overline{CS} Low Hold	tCSH0	(Note 6)	30			ns
SCLK High to \overline{CS} High Hold	tCSH1		45			ns
DIN to SCLK High Setup	tDS		40			ns
DIN to SCLK High Hold	tDH		0			ns
LDAC Pulse Width	T LDAC	MAX542	50			ns
CS High to LDAC Low Setup	t _{LDACS}	MAX542 (Note 6)	50			ns
V_{DD} High to \overline{CS} Low (power-up delay)				20		μs

Note 1: Gain Error tested at $V_{REF} = 2.0V$, 2.5V, and 3.0V.

Note 2: ROUT tolerance is typically ±20%.

Note 3: Min/max range guaranteed by gain-error test. Operation outside min/max limits will result in degraded performance.

Note 4: Reference input resistance is code dependent, minimum at 8555 hex.

Note 5: Slew-rate value is measured from 0% to 63%.

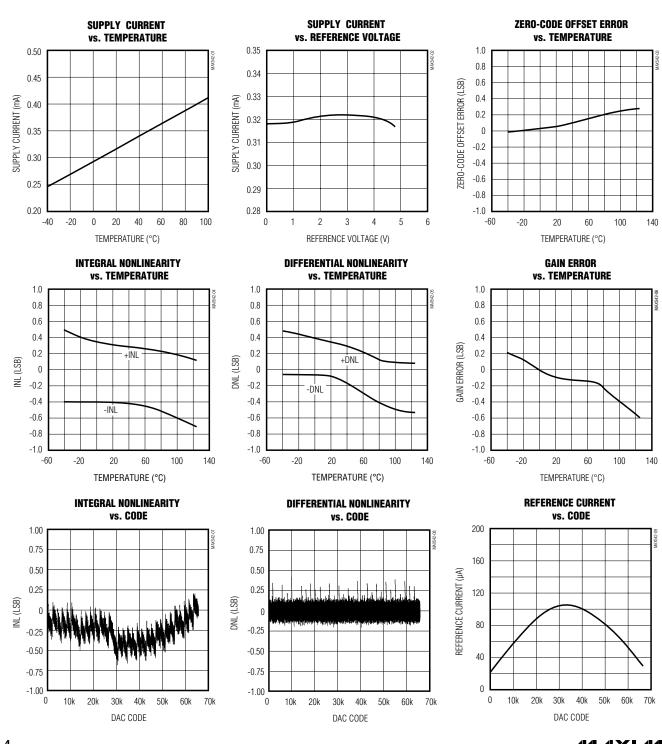
Note 6: Guaranteed by design. Not production tested.



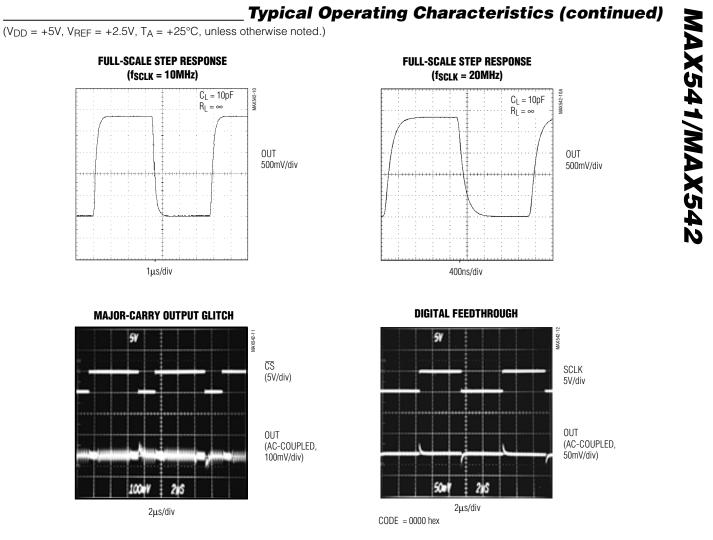
(V_{DD} = 5V, V_{REF} = +2.5V, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

Typical Operating Characteristics





M/IXI/M



Pin Descriptions

MAX541

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	OUT	DAC Output Voltage
2	AGND	Analog Ground
3	REF	Voltage Reference Input. Connect to external +2.5V reference.
4	CS	Chip-Select Input
5	SCLK	Serial Clock Input. Duty cycle must be between 40% and 60%.
6	DIN	Serial Data Input
7	DGND	Digital Ground
8	VDD	+5V Supply Voltage

M/IXI/N

5

Pin Descriptions (continued)

542		
PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	RFB	Feedback Resistor. Connect to external op amp's output in bipolar mode.
2	OUT	DAC Output Voltage
3	AGNDF	Analog Ground (force)
4	AGNDS	Analog Ground (sense)
5	REFS	Voltage Reference Input (sense). Connect REFS to external +2.5V reference.
6	REFF	Voltage Reference Input (force). Connect REFF to external +2.5V reference.
7	CS	Chip-Select Input
8	SCLK	Serial Clock Input. Duty cycle must be between 40% and 60%.
9	N.C.	No Connection. Not internally connected.
10	DIN	Serial Data Input
11	LDAC	LDAC Input. A falling edge updates the internal DAC latch.
12	DGND	Digital Ground
13	INV	Junction of internal scaling resistors. Connect to external op amp's inverting input in bipolar mode.
14	V _{DD}	+5V Supply Voltage

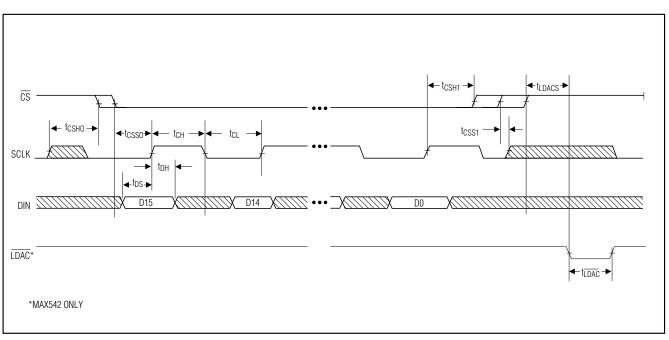


Figure 1. Timing Diagram

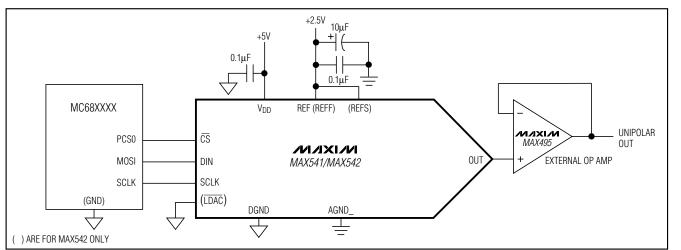


Figure 2a. Typical Operating Circuit—Unipolar Output

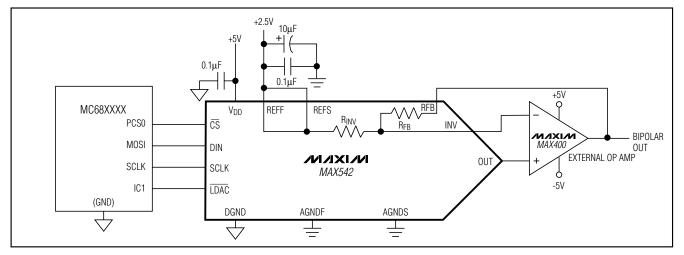


Figure 2b. Typical Operating Circuit—Bipolar Output

Detailed Description

The MAX541/MAX542 voltage-output, 16-bit digital-toanalog converters (DACs) offer full 16-bit performance with less than 1LSB integral linearity error and less than 1LSB differential linearity error, thus ensuring monotonic performance. Serial data transfer minimizes the number of package pins required.

The MAX541/MAX542 are composed of two matched DAC sections, with a 12-bit inverted R-2R DAC forming the 12 LSBs and the 4 MSBs derived from 15 identically matched resistors. This architecture allows the lowest glitch energy to be transferred to the DAC output on

major-carry transitions. It also lowers the DAC output impedance by a factor of eight compared to a standard R-2R ladder, allowing unbuffered operation in medium-load applications.

The MAX542 provides matched bipolar offset resistors, which connect to an external op amp for bipolar output swings (Figure 2b). For optimum performance, the MAX542 also provides a set of Kelvin connections to the voltage-reference and analog-ground inputs.

MAX541/MAX542



7

Digital Interface

The MAX541/MAX542's digital interface is a standard 3-wire connection compatible with SPI/QSPI/ MICROWIRE interfaces. The chip-select input (\overline{CS}) frames the serial data loading at the data-input pin (DIN). Immediately following \overline{CS} 's high-to-low transition, the data is shifted synchronously and latched into the input register on the rising edge of the serial clock input (SCLK). After 16 data bits have been loaded into the serial input register, it transfers its contents to the DAC latch on \overline{CS} 's low-to-high transition (Figure 3a). Note that if \overline{CS} is not kept low during the entire 16 SCLK cycles, data will be corrupted. In this case, reload the DAC latch with a new 16-bit word.

Alternatively, for the MAX542, <u>LDAC</u> allows the DAC latch to update asynchronously by <u>pulling LDAC</u> low after CS goes high (Figure 3b). Hold LDAC high during the data-loading sequence.

External Reference

The MAX541/MAX542 operate with external voltage references from 2V to 3V. The reference voltage determines the DAC's full-scale output voltage. Kelvin connections are provided with the MAX542 for optimum performance.

Power-On Reset

The MAX541/MAX542 have a power-on reset circuit to set the DAC's output to 0V in unipolar mode when V_{DD} is first applied. This ensures that unwanted DAC output voltages will not occur immediately following a system power-up, such as after a loss of power. In bipolar mode, the DAC output is set to -V_{REF}.

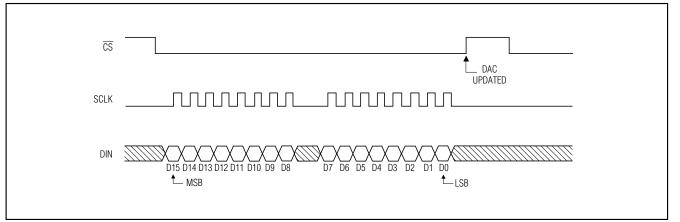


Figure 3a. MAX541/MAX542 3-Wire Interface Timing Diagram (LDAC = DGND for MAX542)

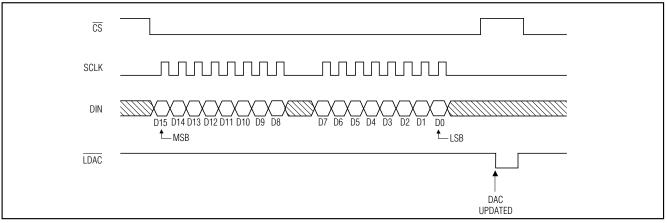


Figure 3b. MAX542 4-Wire Interface Timing Diagram

Applications Information

Reference and Analog Ground Inputs

The MAX541/MAX542 operate with external voltage references from 2V to 3V, and maintain 16-bit performance if certain guidelines are followed when selecting and applying the reference. Ideally, the reference's temperature coefficient should be less than 0.4ppm/°C to maintain 16-bit accuracy to within 1LSB over the 0°C to +70°C commercial temperature range. Since this converter is designed as an inverted R-2R voltage-mode DAC, the input resistance seen by the voltage reference is code-dependent. The worst-case inputresistance variation is from $11.5k\Omega$ (at code 8555 hex) to $200k\Omega$ (at code 0000 hex). The maximum change in load current for a 2.5V reference is $2.5V / 11.5k\Omega = 217\mu$ A; therefore, the required load regulation is 7ppm/mA for a maximum error of 0.1LSB. This implies a reference output impedance of less than $18m\Omega$. In addition, the impedance of the signal path from the voltage reference to the reference input must be kept low because it contributes directly to the load-regulation error.

The requirement for a low-impedance voltage reference is met with capacitor bypassing at the reference inputs and ground. A 0.1µF ceramic capacitor with short leads between REFF and AGNDF (MAX542), or REF and AGND (MAX541), provides high-frequency bypassing. A surface-mount ceramic chip capacitor is preferred because it has the lowest inductance. An additional 10µF between REFF and AGNDF (MAX542), or REF and AGND (MAX541), provides low-frequency bypassing. A low-ESR tantalum, film, or organic semiconductor capacitor works well. Leaded capacitors are acceptable because impedance is not as critical at lower frequencies. The circuit can benefit from even larger bypassing capacitors, depending on the stability of the external reference with capacitive loading. If separate force and sense lines are not used, tie the appropriate force and sense pins together close to the package.

AGND must also be low impedance, as load-regulation errors will be introduced by excessive AGND resistance. As in all high-resolution, high-accuracy applications, separate analog and digital ground planes yield the best results. Tie DGND to AGND at the AGND pin to form the "star" ground for the DAC system. Always refer remote DAC loads to this system ground for the best possible performance.

Unbuffered Operation

Unbuffered operation reduces power consumption as well as offset error contributed by the external output buffer. The R-2R DAC output is available directly at OUT, allowing 16-bit performance from +V_{REF} to AGND without degradation at zero scale. The DAC's output impedance is also low enough to drive medium loads (R_L > 60k Ω) without degradation of INL or DNL; only the gain error is increased by externally loading the DAC output.

External Output Buffer Amplifier

The requirements on the external output buffer amplifier change whether the DAC is used in the unipolar or bipolar mode of operation. In unipolar mode, the output amplifier is used in a voltage-follower connection. In bipolar mode (MAX542 only), the amplifier operates with the internal scaling resistors (Figure 2b). In each mode, the DAC's output resistance is constant and is independent of input code; however, the output amplifier's input impedance should still be as high as possible to minimize gain errors. The DAC's output capacitance is also independent of input code, thus simplifying stability requirements on the external amplifier.

In bipolar mode, a precision amplifier operating with dual power supplies (such as the MAX400) provides the \pm VREF output range. In single-supply applications, precision amplifiers with input common-mode ranges including AGND are available; however, their output swings do not normally include the negative rail (AGND) without significant degradation of performance. A single-supply op amp, such as the MAX495, is suitable if the application does not use codes near zero.

Since the LSBs for a 16-bit DAC are extremely small (38.15µV for VREF = 2.5V), pay close attention to the external amplifier's input specification. The input offset voltage can degrade the zero-scale error and might require an output offset trim to maintain full accuracy if the offset voltage is greater than 1/2LSB. Similarly, the input bias current multiplied by the DAC output resistance (typically 6.25k Ω) contributes to the zero-scale error. Temperature effects also must be taken into consideration. Over the 0°C to +70°C commercial temperature range, the offset voltage temperature coefficient (referenced to +25°C) must be less than 0.42µV/°C to add less than 1/2LSB of zero-scale error. The external amplifier's input resistance forms a resistive divider with the DAC output resistance, which results in a gain error.

To contribute less than 1/2LSB of gain error, the input resistance typically must be greater than:

$$6.25k\Omega \div \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{2^{16}} \right] = 819M\Omega$$

The settling time is affected by the buffer input capacitance, the DAC's output capacitance, and PC board capacitance. The typical DAC output voltage settling time is 1µs for a full-scale step. Settling time can be significantly less for smaller step changes. Assuming a single time-constant exponential settling response, a full-scale step takes 12 time constants to settle to within 1/2LSB of the final output voltage. The time constant is equal to the DAC output resistance multiplied by the total output capacitance. The DAC output capacitance is typically 10pF. Any additional output capacitance will increase the settling time.

The external buffer amplifier's gain-bandwidth product is important because it increases the settling time by adding another time constant to the output response. The effective time constant of two cascaded systems, each with a single time-constant response, is approximately the root square sum of the two time constants. The DAC output's time constant is 1µs / 12 = 83ns, ignoring the effect of additional capacitance. If the time constant of an external amplifier with 1MHz bandwidth is 1 / 2π (1MHz) = 159ns, then the effective time constant of the combined system is:

$$\sqrt{\left[\left(83ns\right)^2 + \left(159ns\right)^2\right]} = 180ns$$

This suggests that the settling time to within 1/2LSB of the final output voltage, including the external buffer amplifier, will be approximately $12 \cdot 180$ ns = 2.15µs.

Digital Inputs and Interface Logic

The digital interface for the 16-bit DAC is based on a 3-wire standard that is compatible with SPI, QSPI, and MICROWIRE interfaces. The three digital inputs (\overline{CS} , DIN, and SCLK) load the digital input data serially into the DAC. LDAC (MAX542) updates the DAC output asynchronously.

All of the digital inputs include Schmitt-trigger buffers to accept slow-transition interfaces. This means that optocouplers can interface directly to the MAX541/MAX542 without additional external logic. The digital inputs are compatible with TTL/CMOS-logic levels.

Unipolar Configuration

Figure 2a shows the MAX541/MAX542 configured for unipolar operation with an external op amp. The op amp is set for unity gain, and Table 1 lists the codes for this circuit.

Bipolar Configuration

Figure 2b shows the MAX542 configured for bipolar operation with an external op amp. The op amp is set for unity gain with an offset of $-1/2V_{REF}$. Table 2 lists the offset binary codes for this circuit.

Power-Supply Bypassing and Ground Management

For optimum system performance, use PC boards with separate analog and digital ground planes. Wire-wrap boards are not recommended. Connect the two ground planes together at the low-impedance power-supply source. Connect DGND and AGND together at the IC. The best ground connection can be achieved by connecting the DAC's DGND and AGND pins together and connecting that point to the system analog ground plane. If the DAC's DGND is connected to the system digital ground, digital noise may get through to the DAC's analog portion.

Bypass V_{DD} with a 0.1µF ceramic capacitor connected between V_{DD} and AGND. Mount it with short leads close to the device. Ferrite beads can also be used to further isolate the analog and digital power supplies.

Table 1. Unipolar Code Table

DAC LATCH	CONTENTS	ANALOG OUTPUT, VOUT
MSB	LSB	ANALOG COTPOT, VOOT
1111 1111	1111 1111	V _{REF} • (65,535 / 65,536)
1000 0000	0000 0000	$V_{\text{REF}} \cdot (32,768 / 65,536) = 1/2 V_{\text{REF}}$
0000 0000	0000 0001	V _{REF} • (1 / 65,536)
0000 0000	0000 0000	OV

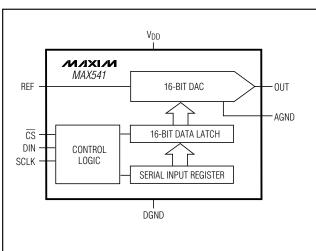
Table 2. Bipolar Code Table

DAC LATCH	CONTENTS	ANALOG OUTPUT, V _{OUT}
MSB	LSB	
1111 1111	1111 1111	+V _{REF} • (32,767 / 32,768)
1000 0000	0000 0001	+VREF • (1 / 32,768)
1000 0000	0000 0000	OV
0111 1111	1111 1111	-V _{REF} • (1 / 32,768)
0000 0000	0000 0000	-V _{REF} • (32,768 / 32,768) = -V _{REF}

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE	INL (LSB)
MAX541AEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP	±1
MAX541BEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP	±2
MAX541CEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP	±4
MAX541AESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO	±1
MAX541BESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO	±2
MAX541CESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO	±4
MAX542ACPD	0°C to +70°C	14 Plastic DIP	±1
MAX542BCPD	0°C to +70°C	14 Plastic DIP	±2
MAX542CCPD	0°C to +70°C	14 Plastic DIP	±4
MAX542ACSD	0°C to +70°C	14 SO	±1
MAX542BCSD	0°C to +70°C	14 SO	±2
MAX542CCSD	0°C to +70°C	14 SO	±4
MAX542BC/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*	±2
MAX542AEPD	-40°C to +85°C	14 Plastic DIP	±1
MAX542BEPD	-40°C to +85°C	14 Plastic DIP	±2
MAX542CEPD	-40°C to +85°C	14 Plastic DIP	±4
MAX542AESD	-40°C to +85°C	14 SO	±1
MAX542BESD	-40°C to +85°C	14 SO	±2
MAX542CESD	-40°C to +85°C	14 SO	±4
MAX542CMJD	-55°C to +125°C	14 Ceramic SB**	±4

Ordering Information (continued)

_Functional Diagrams (continued)

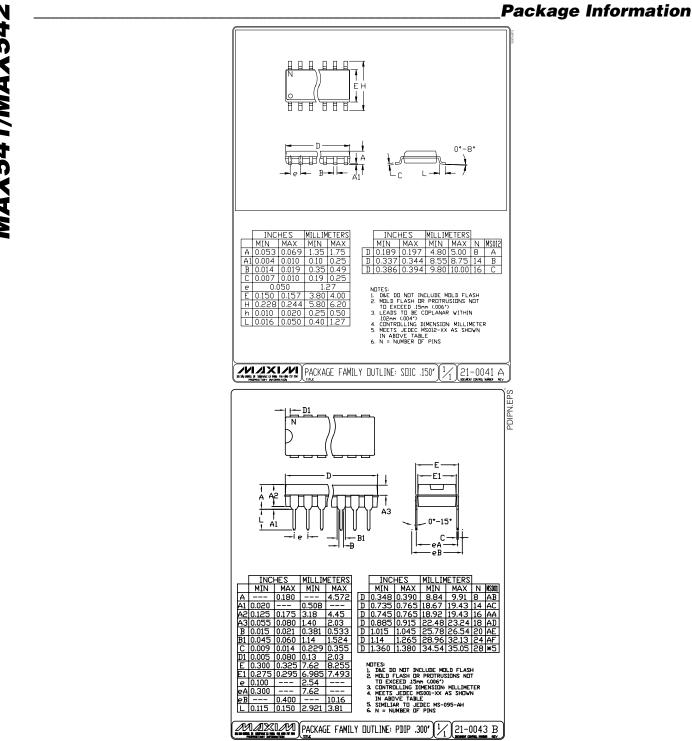


Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 2209 SUBSTRATE CONNECTED TO DGND

*Dice are tested at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, DC parameters only.

**Contact factory for availability.



Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.

_____Maxim Integrated Products, 120 San Gabriel Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 408-737-7600

© 1999 Maxim Integrated Products

12

Printed USA

is a registered trademark of Maxim Integrated Products.

							ENGLISH	????	???	???
// //)	XI/N					SITE			PART	NO. RCH
WHAT'S NEW	PRODUCTS	SOLUTIONS	DESIGN	APPNOTES	SUPPORT	BUY	COMPANY	′ I	MEMBE	RS
Maxim >	Products > Digi	tal-to-Analog Cor	nverters							
		Single	+5V, Serial-I	541, M nput, Voltage-C)utput 16-Bit D	ACs				
Quic	View Techr	nical Documents	s Ordering	Info More I	nformation	All				
Order	ng Informati	on								
Notes:										

- 1. Other options and links for purchasing parts are listed at: http://www.maxim-ic.com/sales.
- 2. Didn't Find What You Need? Ask our applications engineers. Expert assistance in finding parts, usually within one business day.
- 3. Part number suffixes: T or T&R = tape and reel; + = RoHS/lead-free; # = RoHS/lead-exempt. More: SeeFull Data Sheet or Part Naming Conventions.
- 4. * Some packages have variations, listed on the drawing. "PkgCode/Variation" tells which variation the product uses.

MAX541	Fre e Sam ple	Buy	Package: TYPE PINS FOOTPRINT DRAWING CODE/VAR *	Temp	RoHS/Lead-Free? Materials Analysis
MAX541BC/D					RoHS/Lead-Free: See data sheet
MAX541ACPA			PDIP;8 pin;82 mm Dwg: 21-0043D (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: P8-3*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX541CCPA			PDIP;8 pin;82 mm Dwg: 21-0043D (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: P8-3*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX541BCPA+			PDIP;8 pin;82 mm Dwg: 21-0043D (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: P8+3*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX541ACPA+			PDIP;8 pin;82 mm Dwg: 21-0043D (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: P8+3*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX541BCPA			PDIP;8 pin;82 mm Dwg: <mark>21-0043D</mark> (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: P8-3*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX541CCPA+			PDIP;8 pin;82 mm Dwg: 21-0043D (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: P8+3*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX541AEPA+			PDIP;8 pin;82 mm Dwg: 21-0043D (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: P8+3*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX541BEPA+			PDIP;8 pin;82 mm Dwg: 21-0043D (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: P8+3*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX541AEPA			PDIP;8 pin;82 mm Dwg: 21-0043D (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: P8-3*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX541BEPA			PDIP;8 pin;82 mm Dwg: 21-0043D (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: P8-3*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX541CEPA			PDIP;8 pin;82 mm Dwg: 21-0043D (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: P8-3*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis

Devices: 1-75 of 75

MAX541CEPA+	PDIP;8 pin;82 mm Dwg: 21-0043D (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: P8+3*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX541ACSA+	SOIC;8 pin;31 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S8+5*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX541ACSA+T	SOIC;8 pin;31 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S8+5*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX541BCSA+	SOIC;8 pin;31 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S8+5*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX541CCSA+	SOIC;8 pin;31 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S8+5*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX541CCSA+T	SOIC;8 pin;31 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S8+5*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX541BCSA+T	SOIC;8 pin;31 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S8+5*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX541BCSA	SOIC;8 pin;31 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S8-5*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX541CCSA-T	SOIC;8 pin;31 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S8-5*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX541ACSA	SOIC;8 pin;31 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S8-5*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX541CCSA	SOIC;8 pin;31 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S8-5*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX541ACSA-T	SOIC;8 pin;31 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S8-5*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX541BCSA-T	SOIC;8 pin;31 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S8-5*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX541CESA+T	SOIC;8 pin;31 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S8+5*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX541BESA	SOIC;8 pin;31 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S8-5*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX541BESA+T	SOIC;8 pin;31 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S8+5*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX541BESA+	SOIC;8 pin;31 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S8+5*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX541CESA+	SOIC;8 pin;31 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S8+5*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX541AESA-T	SOIC;8 pin;31 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S8-5*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX541AESA	SOIC;8 pin;31 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S8-5*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX541BESA-T	SOIC;8 pin;31 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S8-5*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX541AESA+T	SOIC;8 pin;31 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S8+5*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX541AESA+	SOIC;8 pin;31 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S8+5*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis

MAX541CESA			SOIC;8 pin;31 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S8-5*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX541CESA-T			SOIC;8 pin;31 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S8-5*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX542	Free Sample	Buy	Package: TYPE PINS FOOTPRINT DRAWING CODE/VAR *	Temp	RoHS/Lead-Free? Materials Analysis
MAX542CMJD				-55C to +125C	RoHS/Lead-Free: See data sheet
MAX542CEPD+				-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: See data sheet
MAX542AEPD+				-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: See data sheet
MAX542BEPD+				-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: See data sheet
MAX542BC/D					RoHS/Lead-Free: See data sheet
MAX542ACPD+			PDIP;14 pin;160 mm Dwg: 21-0043D (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: P14+4*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX542BCPD+			PDIP;14 pin;160 mm Dwg: 21-0043D (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: P14+4*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX542CCPD+			PDIP;14 pin;160 mm Dwg: 21-0043D (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: P14+4*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX542BCPD			PDIP;14 pin;160 mm Dwg: 21-0043D (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: P14-4*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX542ACPD			PDIP;14 pin;160 mm Dwg: 21-0043D (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: P14-4*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX542CCPD			PDIP;14 pin;160 mm Dwg: 21-0043D (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: P14-4*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX542BEPD			PDIP;14 pin;160 mm Dwg: 21-0043D (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: P14-4*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX542CEPD			PDIP;14 pin;160 mm Dwg: 21-0043D (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: P14-4*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX542AEPD			PDIP;14 pin;160 mm Dwg: 21-0043D (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: P14-4*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX542BCSD			SOIC;14 pin;54 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S14-4*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX542CCSD+			SOIC;14 pin;54 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S14+4*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX542ACSD-T			SOIC;14 pin;54 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S14-4*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX542ACSD			SOIC;14 pin;54 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S14-4*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX542CCSD			SOIC;14 pin;54 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S14-4*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX542CCSD-T			SOIC;14 pin;54 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S14-4*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis

MAX542BCSD-T	SOIC;14 pin;54 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S14-4*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX542BCSD+	SOIC;14 pin;54 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S14+4*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX542BCSD+T	SOIC;14 pin;54 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S14+4*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX542CCSD+T	SOIC;14 pin;54 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S14+4*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX542ACSD+T	SOIC;14 pin;54 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S14+4*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX542ACSD+	SOIC;14 pin;54 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S14+4*	0C to +70C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX542BESD+	SOIC;14 pin;54 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S14+4*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX542AESD	SOIC;14 pin;54 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S14-4*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX542AESD-T	SOIC;14 pin;54 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S14-4*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX542CESD+T	SOIC;14 pin;54 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S14+4*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX542CESD+	SOIC;14 pin;54 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S14+4*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX542CESD	SOIC;14 pin;54 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S14-4*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX542CESD-T	SOIC;14 pin;54 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S14-4*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX542AESD+T	SOIC;14 pin;54 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S14+4*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX542BESD	SOIC;14 pin;54 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S14-4*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX542BESD-T	SOIC;14 pin;54 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S14-4*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: No Materials Analysis
MAX542AESD+	SOIC;14 pin;54 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S14+4*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis
MAX542BESD+T	SOIC;14 pin;54 mm Dwg: 21-0041B (PDF) Use pkgcode/variation: S14+4*	-40C to +85C	RoHS/Lead-Free: Lead Free Materials Analysis

Didn't Find What You Need?

- Next Day Product Selection Assistance from Applications Engineers
 Parametric Search
- Applications Help

QuickView

Description Key Features Applications/Uses Key Specifications Diagram

Technical Documents

Data Sheet Application Notes Design Guides Engineering Journals Reliability Reports Software/Models Evaluation Kits

Ordering Info

Price and Availability Samples . Buy Online Package Information Lead-Free Information

More Information

Related Products Notes and Comments Evaluation Kits

CONTACT US: SEND US AN EMAIL

Copyright 2007 by Maxim Integrated Products, Dallas Semiconductor • Legal Notices • Privacy Policy