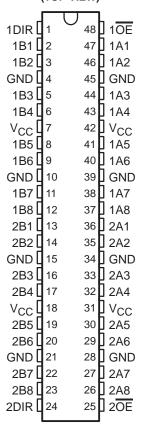
SCBS143L - MAY 1992 - REVISED APRIL 1999

- **Members of the Texas Instruments** Widebus™ Family
- State-of-the-Art Advanced BiCMOS Technology (ABT) Design for 3.3-V Operation and Low Static-Power Dissipation
- **Support Mixed-Mode Signal Operation** (5-V Input and Output Voltages With 3.3-V V_{CC})
- **Support Unregulated Battery Operation** Down to 2.7 V
- Distributed V_{CC} and GND Pin Configuration **Minimizes High-Speed Switching Noise**
- Flow-Through Architecture Optimizes PCB Layout
- Typical V_{OLP} (Output Ground Bounce) $< 0.8 \text{ V at V}_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$
- I_{off} and Power-Up 3-State Support Hot Insertion
- Bus Hold on Data Inputs Eliminates the **Need for External Pullup/Pulldown** Resistors
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 500 mA Per **JESD 17**
- **ESD Protection Exceeds 2000 V Per** MIL-STD-883, Method 3015; Exceeds 200 V Using Machine Model (C = 200 pF, R = 0)
- **Package Options Include Plastic Shrink** Small-Outline (DL), Thin Shrink Small-Outline (DGG), and Thin Very Small-Outline (DGV) Packages and 380-mil Fine-Pitch Ceramic Flat (WD) Package **Using 25-mil Center-to-Center Spacings**

SN54LVTH16245A . . . WD PACKAGE SN74LVTH16245A . . . DGG, DGV, OR DL PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



description

The 'LVTH16245A devices are 16-bit (dual-octal) noninverting 3-state transceivers designed for low-voltage (3.3-V) V_{CC} operation, but with the capability to provide a TTL interface to a 5-V system environment.

These devices can be used as two 8-bit transceivers or one 16-bit transceiver. They allow data transmission from the A bus to the B bus or from the B bus to the A bus, depending on the logic level at the direction-control (DIR) input. The output-enable (\overline{OE}) input can be used to disable the devices so that the buses are effectively isolated.

Active bus-hold circuitry is provided to hold unused or floating data inputs at a valid logic level.



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description (continued)

When V_{CC} is between 0 and 1.5 V, the devices are in the high-impedance state during power up or power down. However, to ensure the high-impedance state above 1.5 V, \overline{OE} should be tied to V_{CC} through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

These devices are fully specified for hot-insertion applications using I_{off} and power-up 3-state. The I_{off} circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the devices when they are powered down. The power-up 3-state circuitry places the outputs in the high-impedance state during power up and power down, which prevents driver conflict.

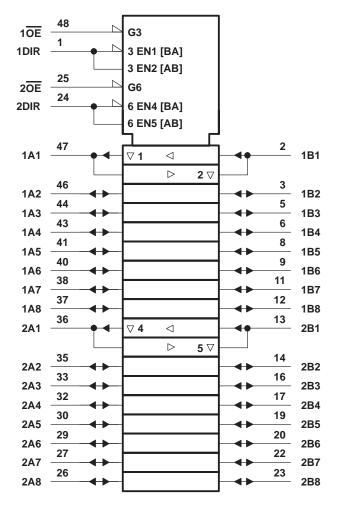
The SN54LVTH16245A is characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of –55°C to 125°C. The SN74LVTH16245A is characterized for operation from –40°C to 85°C.

FUNCTION TABLE (each 8-bit section)

INP	UTS	OPERATION					
OE	DIR	OPERATION					
L	L	B data to A bus					
L	Н	A data to B bus					
Н	X	Isolation					

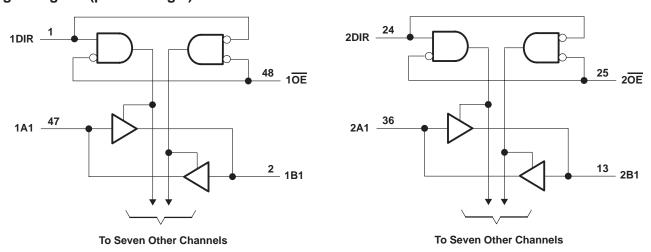


logic symbol†



[†] This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

logic diagram (positive logic)



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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage range, V _{CC}	
Input voltage range, V _I (see Note 1)	–0.5 V to 7 V
Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance	
or power-off state, V _O (see Note 1)	–0.5 V to 7 V
Voltage range applied to any output in the high state, V _O (see Note 1)	
Current into any output in the low state, IO: SN54LVTH16245A	96 mA
SN74LVTH16245A	128 mA
Current into any output in the high state, IO (see Note 2): SN54LVTH16245A	48 mA
SN74LVTH16245A	64 mA
Input clamp current, I _{IK} (V _I < 0)	
Output clamp current, I _{OK} (V _O < 0)	
Package thermal impedance, θ _{JA} (see Note 3): DGG package	89°C/W
DGV package	93°C/W
DL package	
Storage temperature range, T _{stg}	

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

- 2. This current flows only when the output is in the high state and $V_O > V_{CC}$.
- 3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.

recommended operating conditions (see Note 4)

		SN54LVTH	16245A	SN74LVTH	UNIT		
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Vcc	Supply voltage		2.7	3.6	2.7	3.6	V
VIH	High-level input voltage	2		2		V	
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		0.8		0.8	V	
VI	Input voltage		5.5		5.5	V	
loн	High-level output current		-24		-32	mA	
lOL	Low-level output current		48		64	mA	
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise or fall rate	Outputs enabled		10		10	ns/V
Δt/ΔV _{CC}	Power-up ramp rate	200		200		μs/V	
TA	Operating free-air temperature	-55	125	-40	85	°C	

NOTE 4: All unused control inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.



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electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS			LVTH16	245A	SN74LVTH16245A			UNIT		
					TYP [†]	MAX	MIN	TYP [†]	MAX	UNII		
VIK		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}, \qquad I_{I} = -18 \text{ mA}$				-1.2			-1.2	V		
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V},$	I _{OH} = -100 μA	V _{CC} -0	2		V _{CC} -0	.2				
Was a		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V},$	$I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$	2.4			2.4			V		
VOH		V _{CC} = 3 V	I _{OH} = -24 mA	A 2						`		
		VCC = 3 V	$I_{OH} = -32 \text{ mA}$				2					
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V	I _{OL} = 100 μA			0.2			0.2			
		VCC = 2.7 V	I _{OL} = 24 mA			0.5			0.5			
V _{OL}			I _{OL} = 16 mA			0.4			0.4	V		
VOL		V _{CC} = 3 V	$I_{OL} = 32 \text{ mA}$			0.5			0.5			
		\(\(\text{CC} = 3\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	$I_{OL} = 48 \text{ mA}$			0.55						
	-		I _{OL} = 64 mA						0.55			
	Control inputs	$V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V},$	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND			±1			±1			
	Control inputs	$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ or } 3.6 \text{ V},$	V _I = 5.5 V			10			10			
IJ			V _I = 5.5 V			20			20	μΑ		
A or B ports‡	V _{CC} = 3.6 V	VI = VCC			5		1					
			V _I = 0			-5			– 5			
l _{off}		$V_{CC} = 0$,	V_I or $V_O = 0$ to 4.5 V						±100	μΑ		
		V _{CC} = 3 V	V _I = 0.8 V	75			75			μΑ		
I(hold)	A or B ports		V _I = 2 V	-75			-75					
II(nold)	V _{CC} = 3.6 √§,	V _I = 0 to 3.6 V					500 -750	μ. (
I _{OZPU}	IOZPU $\frac{V_{CC} = 0 \text{ to } 1.5 \text{ V}, V_{O} = 0.5 \text{ V to } 3 \text{ V},}{OE = \text{don't care}}$		0.5 V to 3 V,			±100*			±100	μΑ		
lozpd		$\frac{\text{V}_{\text{CC}}}{\text{OE}} = 1.5 \text{ V to } 0, \text{ V}_{\text{O}} = 0.5 \text{ V to } 3 \text{ V},$ $\frac{\text{OE}}{\text{OE}} = \text{don't care}$				±100*			±100	μΑ		
Icc	V _{CC} = 3.6 V, I _O = 0,	Outputs high			0.19			0.19				
		Outputs low	1	5		5			mA			
	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	Outputs disabled	0.19			0.19						
ΔICC¶	$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6$, One input at $V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}$, Other inputs at V_{CC} or GND					0.2			0.2	mA		
Ci		V _I = 3 V or 0			4			4		pF		
C _{io}				10			10		pF			

^{*} On products compliant to MIL-PRF-38535, this parameter is not production tested.



[†] All typical values are at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C.
‡ Unused pins at V_{CC} or GND
§ This is the bus-hold maximum dynamic current. It is the minimum overdrive current required to switch the input from one state to another.

[¶] This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at the specified TTL voltage level rather than VCC or GND.

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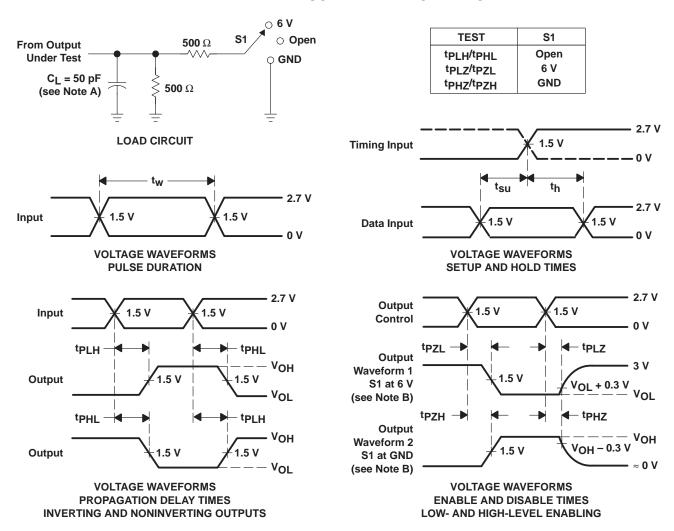
switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, C_L = 50 pF (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

		TO (OUTPUT)	SN54LVTH16245A				SN74LVTH16245A											
PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)		V _{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		V _{CC} = 2.7 V		V _{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V			V _{CC} = 2.7 V		UNIT						
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	TYP [†]	MAX	MIN	MAX							
^t PLH	A or B	B or A	0.5	4.5		4.6	1.5	2.3	3.3		3.7	ns						
^t PHL	AOIB		0.5	4.4		3.9	1.3	2.1	3.3		3.5							
^t PZH	ŌĒ	OF	A or B	0.5	6.5		6.6	1.5	2.8	4.5		5.3	ns					
t _{PZL}		AOID	0.5	5.4		6.2	1.6	2.9	4.6		5.2	113						
^t PHZ	ŌĒ	OF	<u>or</u>	ŌĒ	or	or	OF	A or B	1	6.8		7	2.3	3.7	5.1		5.5	ns
t _{PLZ}		L AOID	1	6.2		6.3	2.2	3.5	5.1		5.4	115						
^t sk(o)									0.5		0.5	ns						

 $^{^{\}dagger}$ All typical values are at VCC = 3.3 V, TA = 25°C.



PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, $Z_{O} = 50 \Omega$, $t_{r} \leq$ 2.5 ns, $t_{f} \leq$ 2.5 ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.

Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

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