

## PART NUMBER 54ACT161VFA-R-ROCA

# Rochester Electronics Manufactured Components

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Parts are tested using original factory test programs or Rochester developed test solutions to guarantee product meets or exceeds the OCM data sheet.

## **Quality Overview**

- ISO-9001
- AS9120 certification
- Qualified Manufacturers List (QML) MIL-PRF-38535
  - Class Q Military
  - Class V Space Level

Qualified Suppliers List of Distributors (QSLD)

 Rochester is a critical supplier to DLA and meets all industry and DLA standards.

Rochester Electronics, LLC is committed to supplying products that satisfy customer expectations for quality and are equal to those originally supplied by industry manufacturers.

The original manufacturer's datasheet accompanying this document reflects the performance and specifications of the Rochester manufactured version of this device. Rochester Electronics guarantees the performance of its semiconductor products to the original OCM specifications. 'Typical' values are for reference purposes only. Certain minimum or maximum ratings may be based on product characterization, design, simulation, or sample testing.

November 1998

## 54AC161 • 54ACT161 Synchronous Presettable Binary Counter

## **General Description**

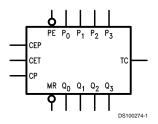
The 'AC/'ACT161 are high-speed synchronous modulo-16 binary counters. They are synchronously presettable for application in programmable dividers and have two types of Count Enable inputs plus a Terminal Count output for versatility in forming synchronous multistage counters. The 'AC/'ACT161 has an asynchronous Master Reset input that overrides all other inputs and forces the outputs LOW.

- Synchronous counting and loading
- High-speed synchronous expansion
- Typical count rate of 125 MHz
- Outputs source/sink 24 mA
- 'ACT161 has TTL-compatible inputs
- Standard Microcircuit Drawing (SMD)
  - 'AC161: 5962-89561
  - 'ACT161: 5962-91722

#### **Features**

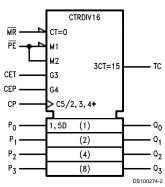
■ I<sub>CC</sub> reduced by 50%

### **Logic Symbols**



Pin Names	Description
CEP	Count Enable Parallel Input
CET	Count Enable Trickle Input
CP	Clock Pulse Input
MR	Asynchronous Master Reset Input
P <sub>0</sub> -P <sub>3</sub>	Parallel Data Inputs
PE	Parallel Enable Inputs
$Q_0-Q_3$	Flip-Flop Outputs
TC	Terminal Count Output

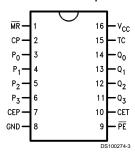
#### IEEE/IEC



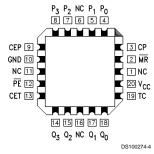
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#### **Connection Diagrams**

#### Pin Assignment for DIP and Flatpak



## Pin Assignment for LCC



#### **Functional Description**

The 'AC/'ACT161 count in modulo-16 binary sequence. From state 15 (HHHH) they increment to state 0 (LLLL). The clock inputs of all flip-flops are driven in parallel through a clock buffer. Thus all changes of the Q outputs (except due to Master Reset of the '161) occur as a result of, and synchronous with, the LOW-to-HIGH transition of the CP input signal. The circuits have four fundamental modes of operation, in order of precedence: asynchronous reset, parallel load, count-up and hold. Five control inputs - Master Reset, Parallel Enable (PE), Count Enable Parallel (CEP) and Count Enable Trickle (CET) - determine the mode of operation, as shown in the Mode Select Table. A LOW signal on MR overrides all other inputs and asynchronously forces all outputs LOW. A LOW signal on PE overrides counting and allows information on the Parallel Data (Pn) inputs to be loaded into the flip-flops on the next rising edge of CP. With PE and MR HIGH, CEP and CET permit counting when both are HIGH. Conversely, a LOW signal on either CEP or CET inhibits counting.

The 'AC/ACT161 use D-type edge-triggered flip-flops and changing the  $\overline{\text{PE}}$ , CEP and CET inputs when the CP is in either state does not cause errors, provided that the recommended setup and hold times, with respect to the rising edge of CP, are observed.

The Terminal Count (TC) output is HIGH when CET is HIGH and counter is in state 15. To implement synchronous multistage counters, the TC outputs can be used with the CEP and CET inputs in two different ways.

Figure 1 shows the connections for simple ripple carry, in which the clock period must be longer than the CP to TC delay of the first stage, plus the cumulative  $\overline{\text{CET}}$  to  $\overline{\text{TC}}$  delays of the intermediate stages, plus the CET to CP setup time of the last stage. This total delay plus setup time sets the upper limit on clock frequency. For faster clock rates, the carry lookahead connections shown in Figure 2 are recommended. In this scheme the ripple delay through the intermediate stages commences with the same clock that causes the first stage to tick over from max to min in the Up mode, or min to max in the Down mode, to start its final cycle. Since this final cycle requires 16 clocks to complete, there is plenty of time for the ripple to progress through the intermediate stages. The critical timing that limits the clock period is the CP to  $\overline{\text{TC}}$ delay of the first stage plus the  $\overline{\mathsf{CEP}}$  to CP setup time of the last stage. The  $\overline{\text{TC}}$  output is subject to decoding spikes due to internal race conditions and is therefore not recommended for use as a clock or asynchronous reset for flip-flops, registers or counters.

Logic Equations: Count Enable = CEP • CET •  $\overline{PE}$ TC = Q<sub>0</sub> • Q<sub>1</sub> • Q<sub>2</sub> • Q<sub>3</sub> • CET

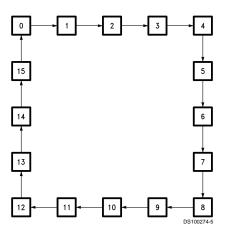
#### **Mode Select Table**

PE	CET	CEP	Action on the Rising
			Clock Edge (✓)
Х	Х	Х	Reset (Clear)
L	X	X	Load $(P_n \rightarrow Q_n)$
Н	Н	Н	Count (Increment)
Н	L	X	No Change (Hold)
Н	X	L	No Change (Hold)

H = HIGH Voltage Level

L = LOW Voltage Level X = Immaterial

#### State Diagram



## State Diagram (Continued)

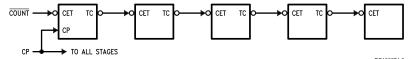


FIGURE 1. Multistage Counter with Ripple Carry

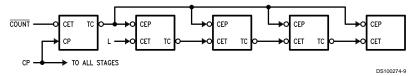
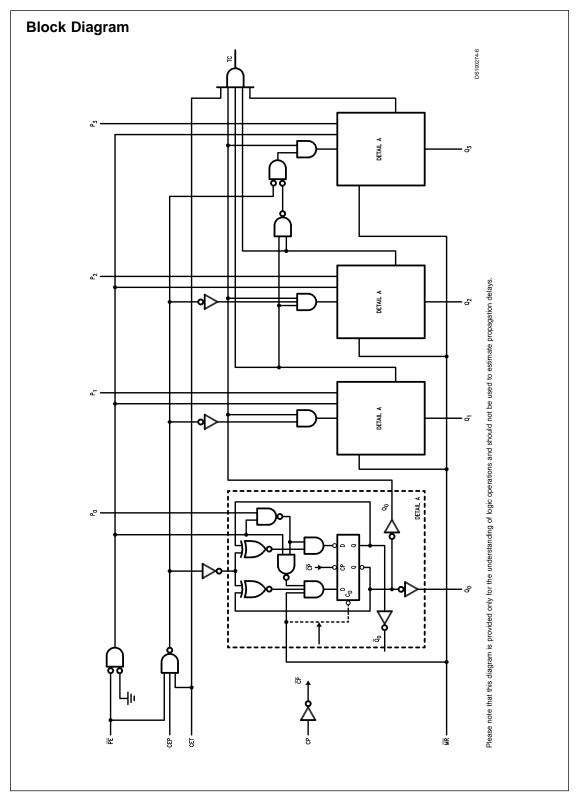


FIGURE 2. Multistage Counter with Lookahead Carry



### **Absolute Maximum Ratings** (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> )	-0.5V to +7.0V
DC Input Diode Current (IIK)	
$V_{I} = -0.5V$	–20 mA
$V_I = V_{CC} + 0.5V$	+20 mA
DC Input Voltage (V <sub>I</sub> )	–0.5V to $V_{\rm CC}$ + 0.5V
DC Output Diode Current (IOK)	
$V_{O} = -0.5V$	–20 mA

 $V_O = V_{CC} + 0.5V$ +20 mA DC Output Voltage (V<sub>O</sub>) -0.5V to  $V_{\rm CC}$  + 0.5V

DC Output Source or Sink Current  $(I_O)$ 

±50 mA DC V<sub>CC</sub> or Ground Current

per Output Pin (I<sub>CC</sub> or I<sub>GND</sub>) ±50 mA Storage Temperature (T<sub>STG</sub>) -65°C to +150°C

Junction Temperature (T<sub>J</sub>)

175°C

### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Supply Voltage (V<sub>CC</sub>)

'AC 2.0V to 6.0V 4.5V to 5.5V 'ACT Input Voltage (V<sub>I</sub>) 0V to  $V_{\text{CC}}$ 0V to  $V_{\rm CC}$ Output Voltage (V<sub>O</sub>)

Operating Temperature (T<sub>A</sub>)

54AC/ACT -55°C to +125°C

Minimum Input Edge Rate ( $\Delta V/\Delta t$ )

'AC Devices

 $V_{\text{IN}}$  from 30% to 70% of  $V_{\text{CC}}$ 

V<sub>CC</sub> @ 3.3V, 4.5V, 5.5V 125 mV/ns

Minimum Input Edge Rate ( $\Delta V/\Delta t$ )

'ACT Devices

 $V_{\text{IN}}$  from 0.8V to 2.0V

V<sub>CC</sub> @ 4.5V, 5.5V 125 mV/ns

Note 1: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. The databook specifications should be met, without exception, to ensure that the system design is reliable over its power supply, temperature, and output/input loading variables. National does not recommend operation of FACT  $^{\text{\tiny TM}}$  circuits outside databook specifications.

## DC Characteristics for 'AC Family Devices

			54AC		
Symbol	Parameter	V <sub>cc</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> =	Units	Conditions
		(V)	-55°C to +125°C		
			Guaranteed Limits		
V <sub>IH</sub>	Minimum High Level	3.0	2.1		V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.1V
	Input Voltage	4.5	3.15	V	or V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.1V
		5.5	3.85		
V <sub>IL</sub>	Maximum Low Level	3.0	0.9		V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.1V
	Input Voltage	4.5	1.35	V	or V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.1V
		5.5	1.65		
V <sub>OH</sub>	Minimum High Level	3.0	2.9		I <sub>OUT</sub> = -50 μA
	Output Voltage	4.5	4.4	V	
		5.5	5.4		
					(Note 2)
					$V_{IN} = V_{IL} \text{ or } V_{IH}$
		3.0	2.4		I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA
		4.5	3.7	V	$I_{OH} = -24 \text{ mA}$
		5.5	4.7		$I_{OH} = -24 \text{ mA}$
$V_{OL}$	Maximum Low Level	3.0	0.1		I <sub>OUT</sub> = 50 μA
	Output Voltage	4.5	0.1	V	
		5.5	0.1		
					(Note 2)
					$V_{IN} = V_{IL} \text{ or } V_{IH}$
		3.0	0.5		I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA
		4.5	0.5	V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA
		5.5	0.5		I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA
I <sub>IN</sub>	Maximum Input	5.5	±1.0	μA	$V_I = V_{CC}$ , GND
	Leakage Current				
I <sub>OLD</sub>	Minimum Dynamic	5.5	50	mA	V <sub>OLD</sub> = 1.65V Ma
I <sub>OHD</sub>	Output Current (Note 3)	5.5	-50	mA	V <sub>OHD</sub> = 3.85V Min
I <sub>cc</sub>	Maximum Quiescent	5.5	160	μA	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$

## DC Characteristics for 'AC Family Devices (Continued)

Symbol	Parameter	V <sub>cc</sub> (V)	54AC  T <sub>A</sub> =  -55°C to +125°C  Guaranteed Limits	Units	Conditions
	Supply Current				or GND

Note 2: All outputs loaded; thresholds on input associated with output under test.

Note 3: Maximum test duration 2.0 ms, one output loaded at a time.

Note 4: I<sub>IN</sub> and I<sub>CC</sub> @ 3.0V are guaranteed to be less than or equal to the respective limit @ 5.5V V<sub>CC</sub>.

 $I_{CC}$  for 54AC @ 25°C is identical to 74AC @ 25°C.

## DC Characteristics for 'ACT Family Devices

			54ACT		
Symbol	Parameter	V <sub>cc</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> =	Units	Conditions
		(V)	-55°C to +125°C		
			Guaranteed Limits		
V <sub>IH</sub>	Minimum High Level	4.5	3.0	V	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.1V
	Input Voltage (Note 7)	5.5	3.0		or V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.1V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Maximum Low Level	4.5	0.8	V	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.1V
	Input Voltage	5.5	0.8		or V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.1V
V <sub>OH</sub>	Minimum High Level	4.5	4.4	V	I <sub>OUT</sub> = -50 μA
	Output Voltage	5.5	5.4		
					(Note 5) V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub> or 3.0V
		4.5	3.70	V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -24 mA
		5.5	4.70		I <sub>OH</sub> = -24 mA
V <sub>OL</sub>	Maximum Low Level	4.5	0.1	V	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 50 μA
	Output Voltage	5.5	0.1		
					(Note 5)
					$V_{IN} = V_{IL} \text{ or } V_{IH}$
		4.5	0.50	V	$I_{OL} = 24 \text{ mA}$
		5.5	0.50		I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA
I <sub>IN</sub>	Maximum Input	5.5	±1.0	μA	$V_I = V_{CC}$ , GND
	Leakage Current				
I <sub>CCT</sub>	Maximum	5.5	1.6	mA	$V_{I} = V_{CC} - 2.1V$
	I <sub>CC</sub> /Input				
I <sub>OLD</sub>	Minimum Dynamic	5.5	50	mA	V <sub>OLD</sub> = 1.65V Max
I <sub>OHD</sub>	Output Current (Note 6)	5.5	-50	mA	V <sub>OHD</sub> = 3.85V Min
I <sub>cc</sub>	Maximum Quiescent	5.5	160	μΑ	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub>
	Supply Current				or GND

Note 5: All outputs loaded; thresholds on input associated with output under test.

Note 6: Maximum test duration 2.0 ms, one output loaded at a time.

Note 7: For dynamic operation, a  $V_{IH}$  level between 2.0 and 3.0V may be recognized by this device as a high logic level input. For static operation, a  $V_{IH} \ge 2.0V$  will be recognized by this device as a high logic level input. Users are cautioned to verify that this will not affect their system.

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	Parameter		54	AC		
		V <sub>cc</sub>		–55°C		Fig.
Symbol		(V)	to +1	125°C	Units	No.
		(Note 8)	C <sub>L</sub> =	50 pF	]	
			Min	Max		
$f_{\text{max}}$	Maximum Count	3.3	55		MHz	
	Frequency	5.0	80			
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation Delay CP to Q <sub>n</sub>	3.3	1.0	14.0	ns	
	(PE Input HIGH or LOW)	5.0	1.0	10.0		
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay CP to Q <sub>n</sub>	3.3	1.0	14.0	ns	
	(PE Input HIGH or LOW)	5.0	1.0	10.0		
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation Delay	3.3	3.0	18.0	ns	
	CP to TC	5.0	3.0	13.0		
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay	3.3	1.0	17.5	ns	
	CP to TC	5.0	1.0	13.0		
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation Delay	3.3	1.0	13.0	ns	
	CET to TC	5.0	1.0	8.5		
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay	3.3	1.0	13.5	ns	
	CET to TC	5.0	1.0	10.5		
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay	3.3	1.0	14.5	ns	
	MR to Q <sub>n</sub>	5.0	1.0	10.5		
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay	3.3	1.0	18.5	ns	
	MR to TC	5.0	1.0	14.0		

Note 8: Voltage Range 3.3 is 3.3V  $\pm 0.3$ V Range 5.0 is 5.0V  $\pm 0.5$ V

## **AC Operating Requirements**

			54AC		
		V <sub>cc</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = -55°C		Fig.
Symbol	Parameter	(V)	to +125°C	Units	No.
		(Note 9)	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF		
			Guaranteed Minimum	]	
t <sub>s</sub>	Setup Time, HIGH or LOW	3.3	16.0	ns	
	P <sub>n</sub> to CP	5.0	10.5		
t <sub>h</sub>	Hold Time, HIGH or LOW	3.3	0.5	ns	
	P <sub>n</sub> to CP	5.0	1.5		
t <sub>s</sub>	Setup Time, HIGH or LOW	3.3	15.0	ns	
	PE to CP	5.0	10.5		
t <sub>h</sub>	Hold Time, HIGH or LOW	3.3	-1.0	ns	
	PE to CP	5.0	0.0		
t <sub>s</sub>	Setup Time, HIGH or LOW	3.3	7.5	ns	
	CEP or CET to CP	5.0	5.5		
t <sub>h</sub>	Hold Time, HIGH or LOW	3.3	2.0	ns	
	CEP or CET to CP	5.0	2.0		
t <sub>w</sub>	Clock Pulse Width	3.3	5.0	ns	
	(Load) HIGH or LOW	5.0	5.0		
t <sub>w</sub>	Clock Pulse Width	3.3	5.0	ns	
	(Count) HIGH or LOW	5.0	5.0		
t <sub>w</sub>	MR Pulse Width,	3.3	5.0	ns	
	LOW	5.0	5.0		

AC Operating Requirer	nents (Continued)
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			54AC		
		V <sub>cc</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = -55°C		Fig.
Symbol	Parameter	(V)	to +125°C	Units	No.
		(Note 9)	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF		
			Guaranteed Minimum	1	
t <sub>rec</sub>	Recovery Time		1.5	ns	
	MR to CP		2.0		

Note 9: Voltage Range 3.3 is 3.3V ±0.3V Voltage Range 5.0 is 5.0V ±0.5V

## **AC Electrical Characteristics**

				IACT		
	Parameter	V <sub>cc</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = -55°C			Fig.
Symbol		(V)		-125°C	Units	No.
		(Note 10)	C <sub>L</sub> =	= 50 pF		
			Min	Max		
f <sub>max</sub>	Maximum Count	5.0	85		MHz	
	Frequency					
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation Delay CP to Q <sub>n</sub>	5.0	1.0	10.5	ns	
	(PE Input HIGH or LOW)					
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay CP to Q <sub>n</sub>	5.0	1.0	10.5	ns	
	(PE Input HIGH or LOW)					
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation Delay	5.0	1.0	14.0	ns	
	CP to TC					
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay	5.0	1.0	12.5	ns	
	CP to TC					
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation Delay	5.0	1.0	9.5	ns	
	CET to TC					
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay	5.0	1.0	9.5	ns	
	CET to TC					
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay	5.0	1.0	10.0	ns	
	MR to Q <sub>n</sub>					
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay	5.0	1.0	11.5	ns	
	MR to TC					

Note 10: Voltage Range 5.0 is 5.0V ±0.5V

## **AC Operating Requirements**

Symbol	Parameter	V <sub>cc</sub> (V) (Note 11)	54ACT  T <sub>A</sub> = -55°C  to +125°C  C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF  Guaranteed Minimum	Units	Fig. No.
t <sub>s</sub>	Setup Time, HIGH or LOW	5.0	13.0	ns	
	P <sub>n</sub> to CP				
t <sub>h</sub>	Hold Time, HIGH or LOW	5.0	0	ns	
	P <sub>n</sub> to CP				
t <sub>s</sub>	Setup Time, HIGH or LOW	5.0	11.0	ns	
	PE to CP				

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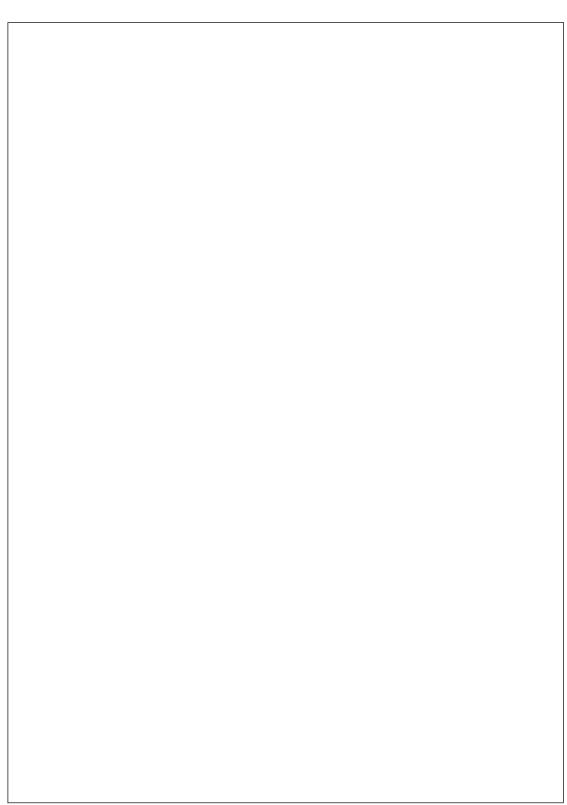
## AC Operating Requirements (Continued)

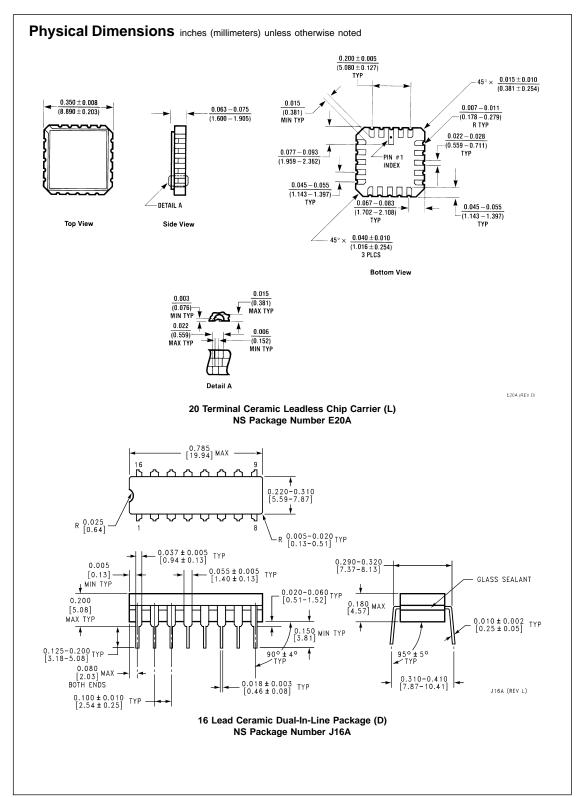
Symbol	Parameter	V <sub>cc</sub> (V) (Note	54ACT  T <sub>A</sub> = -55°C  to +125°C  C <sub>1</sub> = 50 pF	Units	Fig. No.
		11)	OL - 00 PI		
		,	Guaranteed Minimum		
t <sub>h</sub>	Hold Time, HIGH or LOW PE to CP	5.0	0	ns	
t <sub>s</sub>	Setup Time, HIGH or LOW CEP or CET to CP	5.0	7.0	ns	
t <sub>h</sub>	Hold Time, HIGH or LOW CEP or CET to CP	5.0	0.5	ns	
t <sub>w</sub>	Clock Pulse Width, (Load) HIGH or LOW	5.0	5.0	ns	
t <sub>w</sub>	Clock Pulse Width, (Count) HIGH or LOW	5.0	5.0	ns	
t <sub>w</sub>	MR Pulse Width, LOW	5.0	6.5	ns	
t <sub>rec</sub>	Recovery Time MR to CP	5.0	0.5	ns	

Note 11: Voltage Range 5.0 is 5.0V  $\pm 0.5$ V

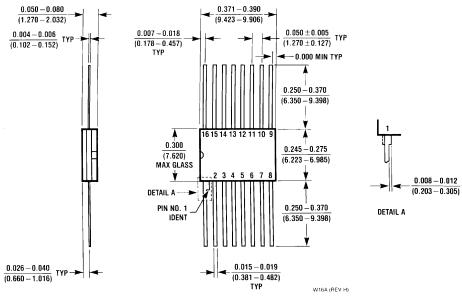
## Capacitance

Symbol	Parameter	Тур	Units	Conditions
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	4.5	pF	V <sub>CC</sub> = OPEN
C <sub>PD</sub>	Power Dissipation Capacitance	45.0	pF	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V





#### Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



16 Lead Ceramic Flatpak (F) NS Package Number W16A

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