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## DS90LV017A LVDS Single High Speed Differential Driver

### **General Description**

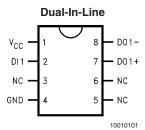
The DS90LV017A is a single LVDS driver device optimized for high data rate and low power applications. The DS90LV017A is a current mode driver allowing power dissipation to remain low even at high frequency. In addition, the short circuit fault current is also minimized. The device is designed to support data rates in excess of 600Mbps (300MHz) utilizing Low Voltage Differential Signaling (LVDS) technology.

The device is in a 8-lead small outline package. The DS90LV017A has a flow-through design for easy PCB lay-out. The differential driver outputs provides low EMI with its typical low output swing of 355 mV. The DS90LV017A can be paired with its companion single line receiver, the DS90LV018A, or with any of National"s LVDS receivers, to provide a high-speed point-to-point LVDS interface.

### **Features**

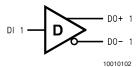
- >600 Mbps (300 MHz) switching rates
- 0.3 ns typical differential skew
- 0.7 ns maximum differential skew
- 1.5 ns maximum propagation delay
- 3.3V power supply design
- ±355 mV differential signaling
- Low power dissipation (23 mW @ 3.3V static)
- Flow-through design simplifies PCB layout
- Interoperable with existing 5V LVDS devices
- Power Off Protection (outputs in high impedance)
- Conforms to TIA/EIA-644 Standard
- 8-Lead SOIC package saves space
- Industrial temperature operating range (-40°C to +85°C)

### **Connection Diagram**



Order Number DS90LV017ATM See NS Package Number M08A

## **Functional Diagram**



### **Absolute Maximum Ratings** (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Supply Voltage (V}_{\text{CC}}) & -0.3\text{V to } +4\text{V} \\ \text{Input Voltage (DI)} & -0.3\text{V to } +3.6\text{V} \\ \text{Output Voltage (DO<math>\pm$ )} & -0.3\text{V to } +3.9\text{V} \\ \end{array}

Maximum Package Power Dissipation @ +25°C

M Package 1190 mW

Derate M Package 9.5 mW/°C above +25°C

Storage Temperature Range -65°C to +150°C

Lead Temperature Range Soldering

(4 sec.) +260°C

**ESD Ratings** 

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{(HBM 1.5 k}\Omega, \ 100 \ pF) & \geq 8 \mbox{kV} \\ \mbox{(EIAJ 0 }\Omega, \ 200 \ pF) & \geq 1000 \mbox{V} \\ \mbox{(CDM)} & \geq 1000 \mbox{V} \\ \mbox{(IEC direct 330 }\Omega, \ 150 \ pF) & \geq 4 \mbox{kV} \\ \end{array}$ 

# Recommended Operating Conditions

|                           | Min | Тур | Max | Units |
|---------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| Supply Voltage $(V_{CC})$ | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V     |
| Temperature $(T_A)$       | -40 | 25  | +85 | °C    |

### **Electrical Characteristics**

Over Supply Voltage and Operating Temperature ranges, unless otherwise specified. (Notes 2, 3, 7)

| Symbol                              | Parameter                        | C                                        | onditions                | Pin             | Min   | Тур  | Max             | Units |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------|------|-----------------|-------|
| DIFFERENTIAL DRIVER CHARACTERISTICS |                                  |                                          |                          | •               |       |      |                 |       |
| V <sub>OD</sub>                     | Output Differential Voltage      | $R_L = 100\Omega$                        |                          | DO+,            | 250   | 355  | 450             | mV    |
| $\Delta V_{OD}$                     | V <sub>OD</sub> Magnitude Change | (Figure 1)                               |                          | DO-             |       | 1    | 35              | mV    |
| V <sub>OH</sub>                     | Output High Voltage              |                                          |                          |                 |       | 1.4  | 1.6             | V     |
| V <sub>OL</sub>                     | Output Low Voltage               | ]                                        |                          |                 | 0.9   | 1.1  |                 | V     |
| V <sub>os</sub>                     | Offset Voltage                   | 1                                        |                          |                 | 1.125 | 1.2  | 1.375           | V     |
| $\Delta V_{OS}$                     | Offset Magnitude Change          | 1                                        |                          |                 | 0     | 3    | 25              | mV    |
| I <sub>OXD</sub>                    | Power-off Leakage                | $V_{OUT} = V_{CC}$ or GND, $V_{CC} = 0V$ |                          | ]               |       | ±1   | ±10             | μA    |
| I <sub>OSD</sub>                    | Output Short Circuit Current     |                                          |                          | ]               |       | -5.7 | -8              | mA    |
| V <sub>IH</sub>                     | Input High Voltage               |                                          |                          | DI              | 2.0   |      | V <sub>CC</sub> | V     |
| V <sub>IL</sub>                     | Input Low Voltage                |                                          |                          | ]               | GND   |      | 0.8             | V     |
| I <sub>IH</sub>                     | Input High Current               | V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.3V or 2.4V           |                          | ]               |       | ±2   | ±10             | μA    |
| I <sub>IL</sub>                     | Input Low Current                | V <sub>IN</sub> = GND or 0.5V            |                          | ]               |       | ±1   | ±10             | μA    |
| V <sub>CL</sub>                     | Input Clamp Voltage              | I <sub>CL</sub> = -18 mA                 |                          | ]               | -1.5  | -0.6 |                 | V     |
| I <sub>cc</sub>                     | Power Supply Current             | No Load                                  | $V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND | V <sub>CC</sub> |       | 5    | 8               | mA    |
|                                     |                                  | $R_L = 100\Omega$                        |                          |                 |       | 7    | 10              | mA    |

## **Switching Characteristics**

Over Supply Voltage and Operating Temperature Ranges, unless otherwise specified. (Notes 3, 4, 5, 6)

| Symbol            | Parameter                                                                 | Conditions                     | Min | Тур | Max | Units |  |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|--|
| DIFFEREN          | DIFFERENTIAL DRIVER CHARACTERISTICS                                       |                                |     |     |     |       |  |
| t <sub>PHLD</sub> | Differential Propagation Delay High to Low                                | $R_L = 100\Omega, C_L = 15 pF$ | 0.3 | 0.8 | 1.5 | ns    |  |
| t <sub>PLHD</sub> | Differential Propagation Delay Low to High                                | (Figure 2 and Figure 3)        | 0.3 | 1.1 | 1.5 | ns    |  |
| t <sub>SKD1</sub> | Differential Pulse Skew It <sub>PHLD</sub> – t <sub>PLHD</sub> I (Note 8) |                                | 0   | 0.3 | 0.7 | ns    |  |
| t <sub>SKD3</sub> | Differential Part to Part Skew (Note 9)                                   |                                | 0   |     | 1.0 | ns    |  |
| t <sub>SKD4</sub> | Differential Part to Part Skew (Note 10)                                  |                                | 0   |     | 1.2 | ns    |  |
| t <sub>TLH</sub>  | Transition Low to High Time                                               |                                | 0.2 | 0.5 | 1.0 | ns    |  |
| t <sub>THL</sub>  | Transition High to Low Time                                               |                                | 0.2 | 0.5 | 1.0 | ns    |  |
| f <sub>MAX</sub>  | Maximum Operating Frequency (Note 11)                                     |                                |     | 350 |     | MHz   |  |

**Note 1:** "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. They are not meant to imply that the devices should be operated at these limits. The table of "Electrical Characteristics" specifies conditions of device operation.

Note 2: Current into device pins is defined as positive. Current out of device pins is defined as negative. All voltages are referenced to ground except V<sub>OD</sub>.

Note 3: All typicals are given for:  $V_{CC} = +3.3V$  and  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ .

Note 4: These parameters are guaranteed by design. The limits are based on statistical analysis of the device performance over PVT (process, voltage, temperature) ranges.

Note 5:  $C_L$  includes probe and fixture capacitance.

### **Switching Characteristics** (Continued)

- Note 6: Generator waveform for all tests unless otherwise specified: f = 1 MHz,  $Z_O = 50\Omega$ ,  $t_f \le 1$  ns,  $t_f \le 1$  ns (10%-90%).
- Note 7: The DS90LV017A is a current mode device and only function with datasheet specification when a resistive load is applied to the drivers outputs.

Note 8: t<sub>SKD1</sub>, It<sub>PHLD</sub> – t<sub>PLHD</sub>I, is the magnitude difference in differential propagation delay time between the positive going edge and the negative going edge of the same channel.

Note 9: t<sub>SKD3</sub>, Differential Part to Part Skew, is defined as the difference between the minimum and maximum specified differential propagation delays. This specification applies to devices at the same V<sub>CC</sub> and within 5°C of each other within the operating temperature range.

Note 10:  $t_{SKD4}$ , part to part skew, is the differential channel to channel skew of any event between devices. This specification applies to devices over recommended operating temperature and voltage ranges, and across process distribution.  $t_{SKD4}$  is defined as IMax – MinI differential propagation delay.

Note 11:  $f_{MAX}$  generator input conditions:  $t_r = t_f < 1$  ns (0% to 100%), 50% duty cycle, 0V to 3V. Output criteria: duty cycle = 45%/55%,  $V_{OD} > 250$ mV.

### **Parameter Measurement Information**

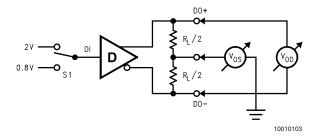


FIGURE 1. Differential Driver DC Test Circuit

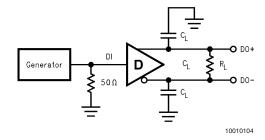


FIGURE 2. Differential Driver Propagation Delay and Transition Time Test Circuit

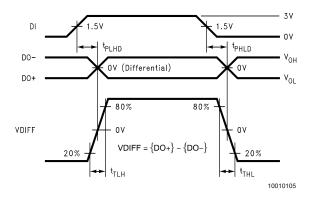


FIGURE 3. Differential Driver Propagation Delay and Transition Time Waveforms

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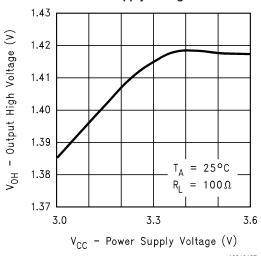
## **Application Information**

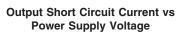
**TABLE 1. Device Pin Descriptions** 

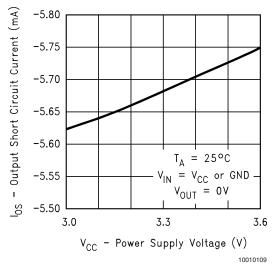
| Pin #   | Name            | Description                             |  |
|---------|-----------------|-----------------------------------------|--|
| 2       | DI1             | TTL/CMOS driver input pins              |  |
| 7       | DO1+            | Non-inverting driver output pin         |  |
| 8       | DO1-            | Inverting driver output pin             |  |
| 4       | GND             | Ground pin                              |  |
| 1       | V <sub>CC</sub> | Positive power supply pin, +3.3V ± 0.3V |  |
| 3, 5, 6 | NC              | No connect                              |  |

## **Typical Performance Curves**

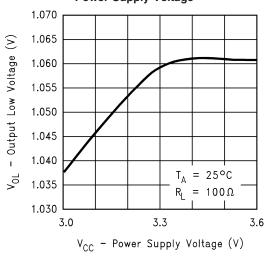
Output High Voltage vs Power Supply Voltage



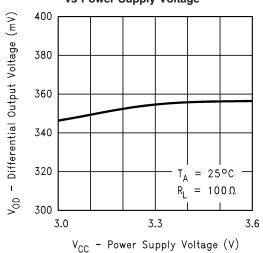




### Output Low Voltage vs Power Supply Voltage



## Differential Output Voltage vs Power Supply Voltage

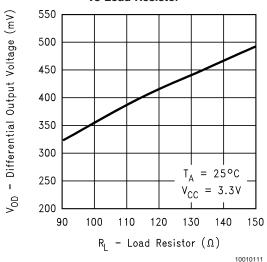


CC - Power Supply Voltage (V)

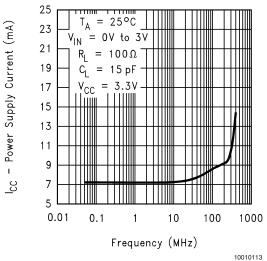
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## Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

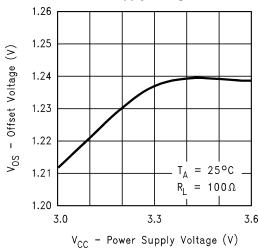
## Differential Output Voltage vs Load Resistor



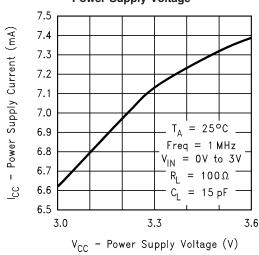
## Power Supply Current vs Frequency



### Offset Voltage vs Power Supply Voltage

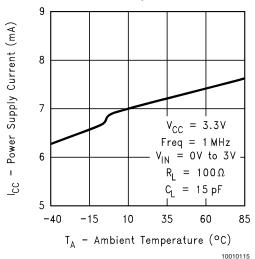


### Power Supply Current vs Power Supply Voltage

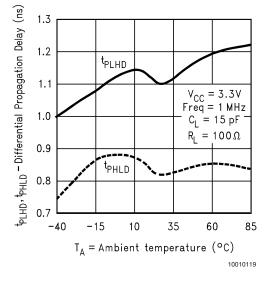


## Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

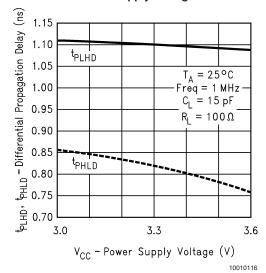
### **Power Supply Current vs Ambient Temperature**



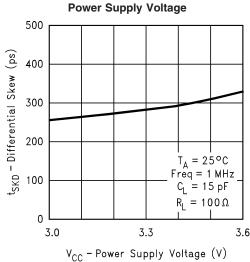
### **Differential Propagation Delay vs Ambient Temperature**



#### Differential Propagation Delay vs **Power Supply Voltage**

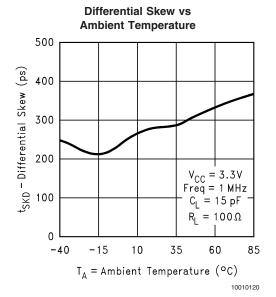


## Differential Skew vs

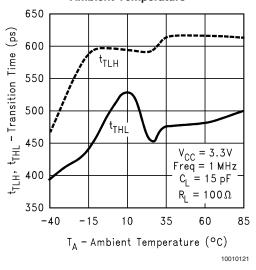


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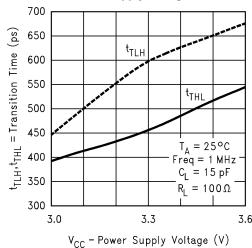
## Typical Performance Curves (Continued)



### Transition Time vs Ambient Temperature

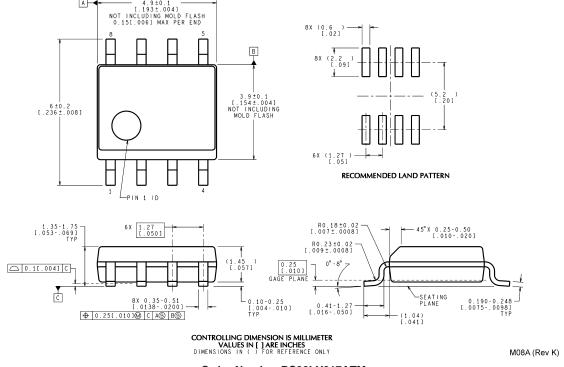


## Transition Time vs Power Supply Voltage



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## Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted



Order Number DS90LV017ATM NS Package Number M08A

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