

FAN8408D

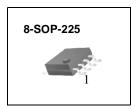
2 Phase Half Wave BLDC Motor Driver

Features

- A wide range of operation voltage: 4V to 15V
- Built-in motor lock detector.
- · Automatic restart function
- Hall output for a motor speed detection
- · Built-in thermal shut down circuits
- Built-in reverse current protection diode
- Compact package: 8-SOP-225

Description

The FAN8408D is a monolithic integrated circuit, and suitable for DC cooling fan motors.



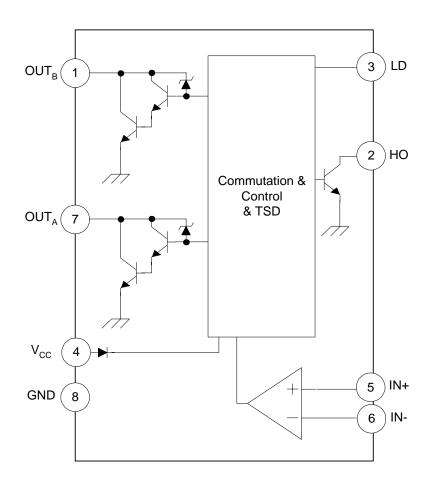
Typical Applications

• DC cooling fan motor

Ordering Information

Device Package		Operating Temp.
FAN8408D	8-SOP-225	–25°C ~ 85°C
FAN8408DTF	8-SOP-225	−25°C ~ 85°C

Block Diagram



Pin Definitions

Pin Number	Pin Name	I/O	Pin Function Description	Remark
1	OUTB	0	Motor output B	-
2	НО	0	Hall output	Open Collector
3	LD	-	Triangle pulse generator for lock detector and automatic restart	-
4	Vcc	-	Supply voltage	-
5	IN+	I	Hall input +	-
6	IN-	I	Hall input –	-
7	OUTA	0	Motor output A	-
8	GND	-	Ground	-

Equivalent Circuits

Description	Pin No.	Internal Circuit		
OUTB	1			
OUTA	7	Commutation		
НО	2	Commutation		
LD	3			
		Lock detector & Automatic restart VLDCP VLDCP		
IN+	5			
IN-	6	(5) + Commutation		

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	
Maximum power supply voltage	VCCMAX	18	V	
Maximum navvar disaination note1	Danny	429 ^{note2}	\/	
Maximum power dissipation ^{note1}	PDMAX	620 ^{note3}	– mW	
The second secon	0	291.61 ^{note2}	0000	
Thermal resistance ^{note1}	ΘЈΑ	201.52 ^{note3}	- °C/W	
Maximum output voltage	Vomax	30	V	
Maximum output current	IOMAX	1.2 ^{note4}	А	
Hall output current	Іно	10	mA	
Hall output withstanding voltage	VHO	36	V	
Maximum hall input ac level	VHACMAX	6	V	
Operating temperature	TOPR	−25 ~ 85	°C	
Storage temperature	TSTG	−55 ~ 150	°C	

Note1:

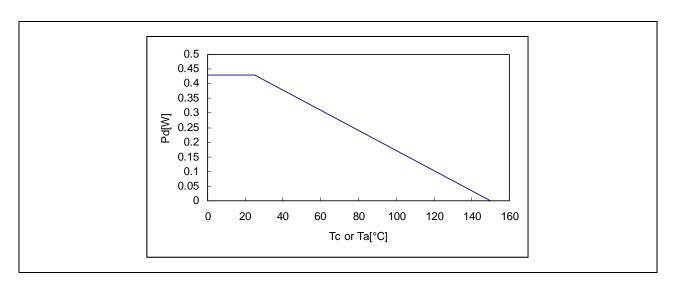
PCB Condition: Thickness(1.6mm), Dimension(76.2mm * 114.3mm)

Refer: EIA/J SED 51-3 & EIA/J SED 51-7

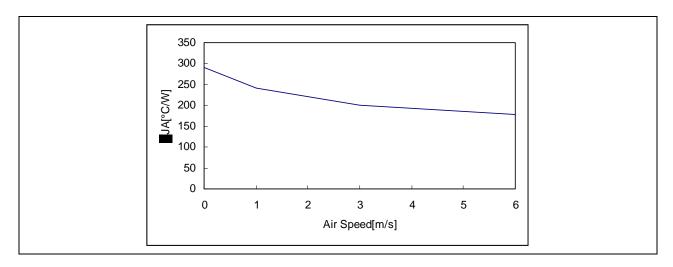
Note2: Air condition (0m/s) Note3: Air condition (3m/s)

Note4: Should not exceed PD or ASO value

Power Dissipation Curve (Air condition = 0m/s)



Air Speed & Θ JA



Recommended Operating Conditions (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Function compensation operating voltage	Vcc	4.0	-	15.0	V

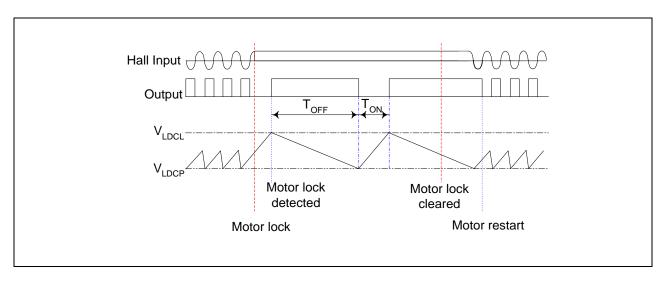
Electrical Characteristics

(Ta=25°C, Vcc=12V unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	I Conditions		Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply current	Icc	When output is off.	-	-	3.0	mA
Lock detector charging current	ILDC	V _{LD} =1.8V	2.38	3.40	4.42	μΑ
Lock detector discharging current	ILDD	V _{LD} =1.8V	0.48	0.68	0.88	μΑ
Lock detector charging/discharging ratio	RCD	RCD=ILDC/ILDD	3.0	5.0	7.0	-
Lock detector capacitor clamp voltage	VLDCL	-	2.4	2.85	3.3	V
Lock detector capacitor comparator voltage	VLDCP	-	0.7	0.99	1.2	V
Output low level voltage	VoL	I _O =200mA	-	0.9	1.2	V
Output leakage current	loL	-	-	0	10	μΑ
Output zener voltage	Voz	Clamp current=10mA	28	30	32	V
Hall output pin low level voltage	VHLL	IO=10mA	-	0.2	0.5	V
Hall output pin leakage current	IHLL	-	-	0	10	μΑ
Hall input dc range	VHDC	-	1	-	Vcc- 2V	V
Hall input offset	VHOF	VREF=6V	-10	-	10	mV

Application Information

1. Lock Detection & Automatic Restart



FAN8408D features a lock detection and an automatic restart. The functions can be operated as follows.

- 1) When the hall signal stop switching, a motor can be locked.
- 2) The voltage, VLD on pin 3, is increasing until it reaches VLDCL.
- 3) If LD pin is connected to GND, the lockup protection is disabled.
- 4) While a motor is locked, the output repeats switching ON / OFF, but the other output is always OFF. The switching time can be determined by an external capacitor on charging / discharging time of the capacitor, switching ON / OFF time can be calculated as follows.

$$T_{ON} = \frac{C_{LD} \times (V_{LDCL} - V_{LDCP})}{I_{LDC}}$$

$$T_{OFF} = \frac{C_{LD} \times (V_{LDCL} - V_{LDCP})}{I_{LDD}}$$

Where, The CLD is an external capacitor connected to pin 3, LD.

The V_{LDCL} is the clamp voltage on pin 3, LD.

The V_{LDCP} is the comparator voltage on pin 3, LD.

The ILDC is the charging current on pin 3, LD.

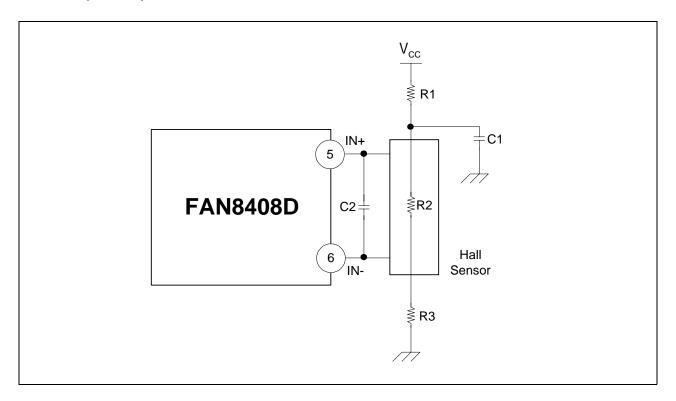
The ILDD is the dischaging current on pin 3, LD.

2. Thermal Shut Down

TSD On: All the outputs are off.(Typ. 175°C)

TSD Off: The circuit can be reactivated and begin to operate in a normal condition. (Typ. 150°C)

3. Hall Amplifier Input Block



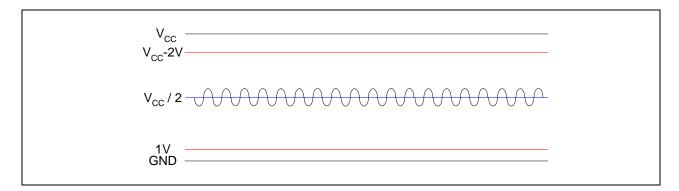
The hall current (I_H) is determined by R1, R2 and R3.

$$I_{H} = \frac{V_{CC}}{R1 + R2 + R3}$$

Where, the R2 is the impedance of hall sensor.

An external capacitor, C1, can be used to reduce a power supply noise. In addition, C2 is to remove a noise which is caused in case the line is long from the hall sensor output to the hall input (pin 5 / 6) of the device.

The input bias voltage of hall amplifier is between 1V and V_{CC}-2V as following figure.

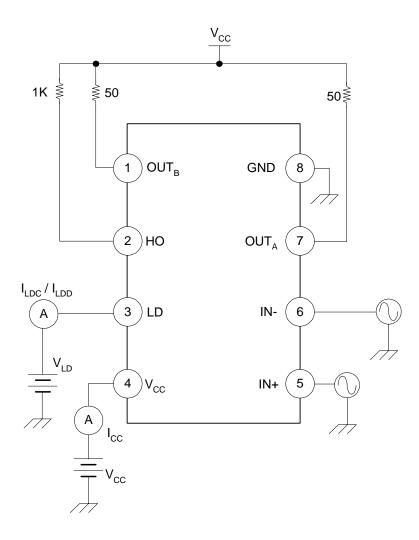


It is recommended that R1 and R3 should have the same value to make the output signal of hall sensor centered as VCC/2.

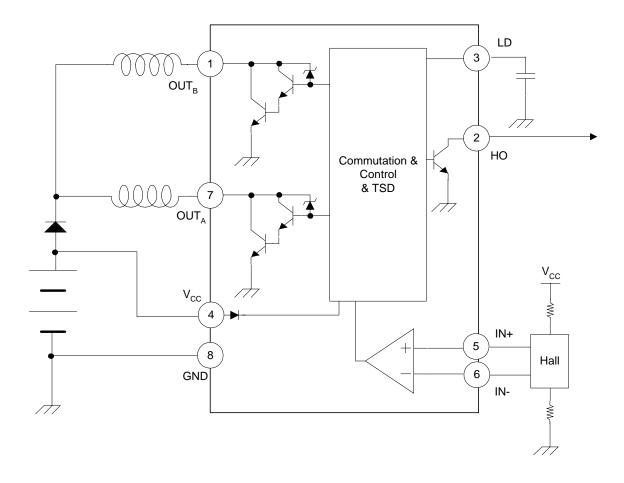
Operation Truth Table

IN+	IN-	OUTA	OUTB	НО
High	Low	High	Low	Low
Low	High	Low	High	High

Test Circuits



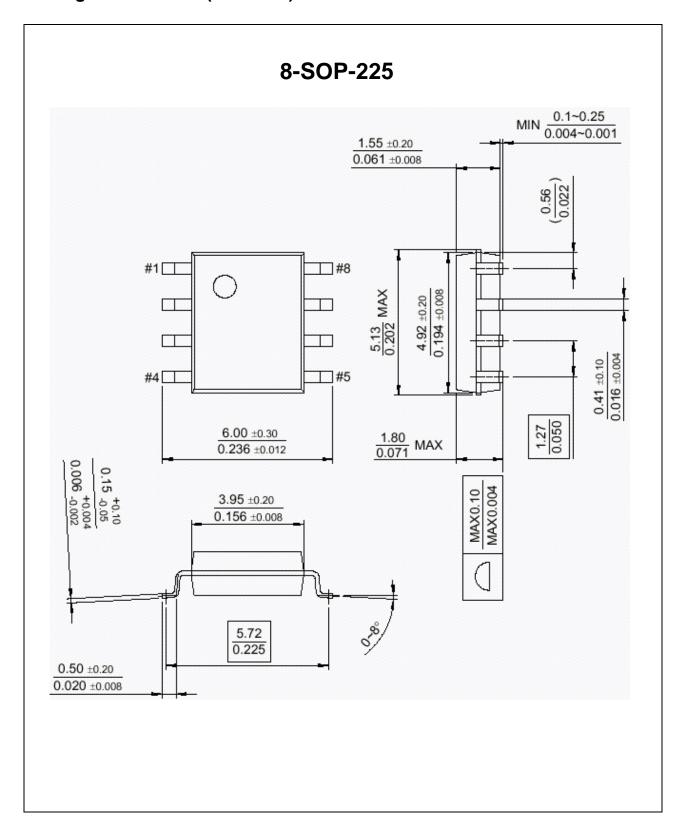
Typical Application Circuits



Precaution

In case of improper connection (change between power and ground), diode is required to protect motor.

Package Dimensions (Unit: mm)



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