

# 64K x 16 Static RAM

### **Features**

- 3.3V operation (3.0V 3.6V)
- High speed
  - —t<sub>AA</sub> = 12 ns
- · CMOS for optimum speed/power
- Data retention at 2.0V
- · Automatic power-down when deselected
- · Independent control of upper and lower bits
- Available in 44-pin TSOP II, 400-mil SOJ

### **Functional Description**

The WCFS1016V1C is a high-performance CMOS static RAM organized as 65,536 words by 16 bits. This device has an automatic power-down feature that significantly reduces power consumption when deselected.

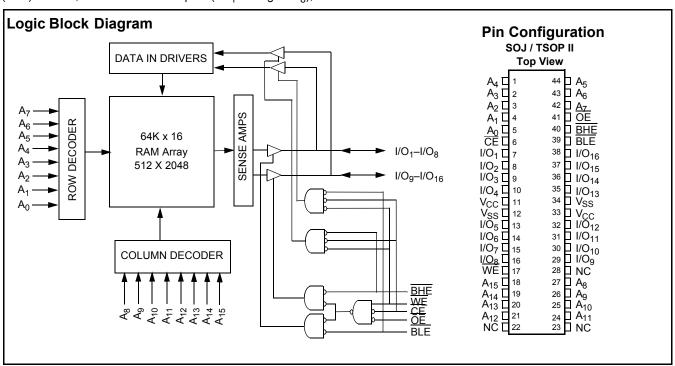
Writing to the device is <u>acc</u>omplished by taking Chip Enable  $(\overline{CE})$  and Write Enable  $(\overline{WE})$  inputs LOW. If Byte Low Enable  $(\overline{BLE})$  is LOW, then data from I/O pins  $(I/O_1$  through I/O<sub>8</sub>), is

written into the location specified on the address pins ( $A_0$  through  $A_{15}$ ). If Byte High Enable (BHE) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O<sub>9</sub> through I/O<sub>16</sub>) is written into the location specified on the address pins ( $A_0$  through  $A_{15}$ ).

Reading from the device is accomplished by taking Chip Enable ( $\overline{\text{CE}}$ ) and Output Enable ( $\overline{\text{OE}}$ ) LOW while forcing the Write Enable ( $\overline{\text{WE}}$ ) HIGH. If Byte Low Enable ( $\overline{\text{BLE}}$ ) is LOW, then data from the memory location specified by the address pins will appear on I/O<sub>1</sub> to I/O<sub>8</sub>. If Byte High Enable ( $\overline{\text{BHE}}$ ) is LOW, then data from memory will appear on I/O<sub>9</sub> to I/O<sub>16</sub>. See the truth table at the end of this data sheet for a complete description of Read and Write modes.

The input/output pins (I/O $_1$  through I/O $_{16}$ ) are placed in a high-impedance state when the device is deselected (CE HIGH), the outputs are disabled (OE HIGH), the BHE and BLE are disabled (BHE, BLE HIGH), or during a Write operation (CE LOW, and WE LOW).

The WCFS1016V1C is available in standard 44-pin TSOP Type II 400-mil-wide SOJ packages.



### **Selection Guide**

	WCFS1016V1C-12	Unit
Maximum Access Time	12	ns
Maximum Operating Current	150	mA
Maximum CMOS Standby Current	5	mA

## **Pin Configuration**



# **Maximum Ratings**

(Above which the useful life may be impaired. For user guidelines, not tested.) Storage Temperature .....-65°C to +150°C Ambient Temperature with Power Applied ......55°C to +125°C Supply Voltage on  $V_{CC}$  to Relative  $\mbox{GND}^{[1]}$  .... –0.5V to +4.6V DC Voltage Applied to Outputs in High-Z State  $^{[1]}$  .....-0.5V to  $^{V}$  CC+0.5V

Static Discharge Voltage....>2001V (per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015) Latch-up Current.....>200 mA

# **Operating Range**

Range	Ambient Tempera- ture <sup>[2]</sup>	V <sub>CC</sub>
Commercial	0°C to +70°C	$3.3V\pm10\%$

# **Electrical Characteristics** Over the Operating Range

DC Input Voltage<sup>[1]</sup>.....–0.5V to V<sub>CC</sub>+0.5V

			WCFS1	016V1C-12	
Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH Voltage	$V_{CC}$ = Min., $I_{OH}$ = -4.0 mA	2.4		V
$V_{OL}$	Output LOW Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min., I <sub>OL</sub> = 8.0 mA		0.4	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Voltage		2.2	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
$V_{IL}$	Input LOW Voltage <sup>[1]</sup>		-0.3	0.8	V
I <sub>IX</sub>	Input Load Current	$GND \le V_1 \le V_{CC}$	-1	+1	μА
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output Leakage Current	$\begin{aligned} & \text{GND} \leq \text{V}_{\text{OUT}} \leq \text{V}_{\text{CC}}, \\ & \text{Output Disabled} \end{aligned}$	-1	+1	μА
I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Operating Supply Current	$V_{CC}$ = Max., $I_{OUT}$ = 0 mA, f = $f_{MAX}$ = 1/ $t_{RC}$		150	mA
Automatic CE Power-down Current —TTL Inputs		$\begin{aligned} &\text{Max. V}_{CC}, \overline{CE} \geq \text{V}_{IH} \\ &\text{V}_{IN} \geq \text{V}_{IH} \text{ or} \\ &\text{V}_{IN} \leq \text{V}_{IL},  f = \text{f}_{MAX} \end{aligned}$		40	mA
I <sub>SB2</sub> Automatic CE Power-down Current —CMOS Inputs		$\begin{array}{l} \underline{\text{Max}}. \ V_{\text{CC}}, \\ \hline \text{CE} \geq V_{\text{CC}} - 0.3 \text{V}, \\ V_{\text{IN}} \geq V_{\text{CC}} - 0.3 \text{V}, \\ \text{or } V_{\text{IN}} \leq 0.3 \text{V}, \text{f} = 0 \end{array}$		5	mA

# Capacitance<sup>[3]</sup>

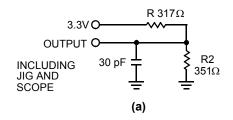
Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max.	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , $f = 1$ MHz,	6	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Capacitance	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V	8	pF

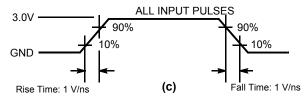
### Notes:

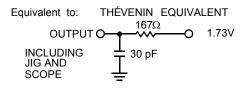
 $<sup>\</sup>begin{array}{l} V_{IL} \ (\text{min.}) = -2.0 V \ \text{for pulse durations of less than 20 ns.} \\ T_A \ \text{is the "instant on" case temperature.} \\ \text{Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.} \end{array}$ 



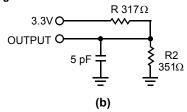
# **AC Test Loads and Waveforms**







### **High-Z characteristics:**





# Switching Characteristics Over the Operating Range<sup>[4]</sup>

		WCFS10	16V1C-12		
Parameter	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	
Read Cycle		-			
t <sub>RC</sub>	Read Cycle Time	12		ns	
t <sub>AA</sub>	Address to Data Valid		12	ns	
t <sub>OHA</sub>	Data Hold from Address Change	3		ns	
t <sub>ACE</sub>	CE LOW to Data Valid		12	ns	
t <sub>DOE</sub>	OE LOW to Data Valid		6	ns	
t <sub>LZOE</sub>	OE LOW to Low-Z <sup>[5]</sup>	0		ns	
t <sub>HZOE</sub>	OE HIGH to High-Z <sup>[5, 6]</sup>		6	ns	
t <sub>LZCE</sub>	CE LOW to Low-Z <sup>[5]</sup>	3		ns	
t <sub>HZCE</sub>	CE HIGH to High-Z <sup>[5, 6]</sup>		6	ns	
t <sub>PU</sub> <sup>[7]</sup>	CE LOW to Power-Up	0		ns	
t <sub>PD</sub> <sup>[7]</sup>	CE HIGH to Power-Down		12	ns	
t <sub>DBE</sub>	Byte Enable to Data Valid		6	ns	
t <sub>LZBE</sub>	Byte Enable to Low-Z	0		ns	
t <sub>HZBE</sub>	Byte Disable to High-Z		6	ns	
Write Cycle	8]	·			
t <sub>WC</sub>	Write Cycle Time	12		ns	
t <sub>SCE</sub>	CE LOW to Write End	9		ns	
t <sub>AW</sub>	Address Set-Up to Write End	8		ns	
t <sub>HA</sub>	Address Hold from Write End	0		ns	
t <sub>SA</sub>	Address Set-Up to Write Start	0		ns	
t <sub>PWE</sub>	WE Pulse Width	8		ns	
t <sub>SD</sub>	Data Set-Up to Write End	6		ns	
t <sub>HD</sub>	Data Hold from Write End	0		ns	
t <sub>LZWE</sub>	WE HIGH to Low-Z <sup>[5]</sup>	3		ns	
t <sub>HZWE</sub>	WE LOW to High-Z <sup>[5, 6]</sup>		6	ns	
t <sub>BW</sub>	Byte Enable to End of Write	8		ns	

### Data Retention Characteristics Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Conditions <sup>[9]</sup>	Min.	Max.	Unit
$V_{DR}$	V <sub>CC</sub> for Data Retention		2.0		V
t <sub>CDR</sub> <sup>[10]</sup>		$V_{CC} = V_{DR} = 2.0V,$ $CE \ge V_{CC} - 0.3V,$	0		ns
t <sub>R</sub> <sup>[11]</sup>	Operation Recovery Time	$V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.3V$ or $V_{IN} \le 0.3V$	t <sub>RC</sub>		ns

### Notes:

Test conditions assume signal transition time of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5V, input pulse levels of 0 to 3.0V, and output loading of the specified loudon and 30-pF load capacitance.

At any given temperature and voltage condition, there is less than there is guaranteed by design and is not tested.

This parameter is guaranteed by design and is not tested.

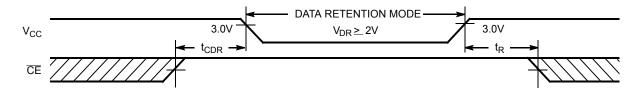
The internal Write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of CE LOW, WE LOW and BHE/BLE LOW. CE, WE and BHE/BLE must be LOW to initiate a Write, and the transition of these signals can terminate the Write. The input data set-up and hold timing should be referenced to the leading edge of the signal that terminates the Write. No input may exceed VCC + 0.5V.

Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

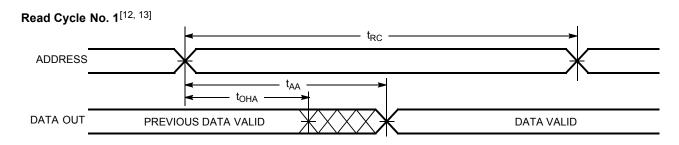
10. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
 11. t<sub>r</sub> ≤ 3 ns for the –12 and –15 speeds. t<sub>r</sub> ≤ 5 ns for the –20 and slower speeds.



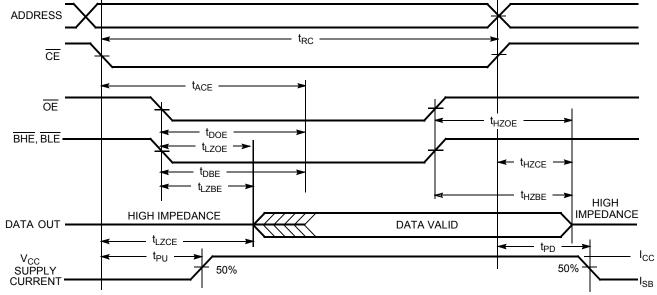
### **Data Retention Waveform**



# **Switching Waveforms**



# Read Cycle No. 2 (OE Controlled)[13, 14]



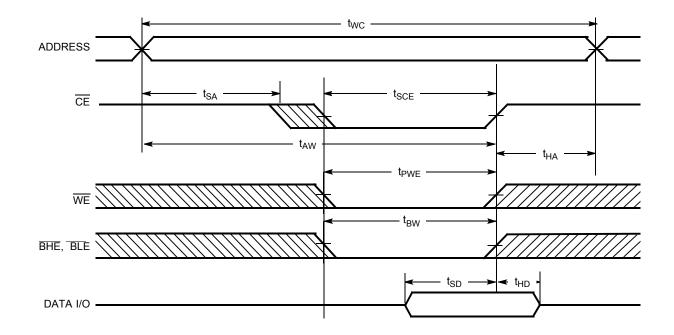
### Notes:

- Device is continuously selected. OE, CE, BHE and/or BHE = V<sub>IL</sub>.
   WE is HIGH for Read cycle.
   Address valid prior to or coincident with CE transition LOW.

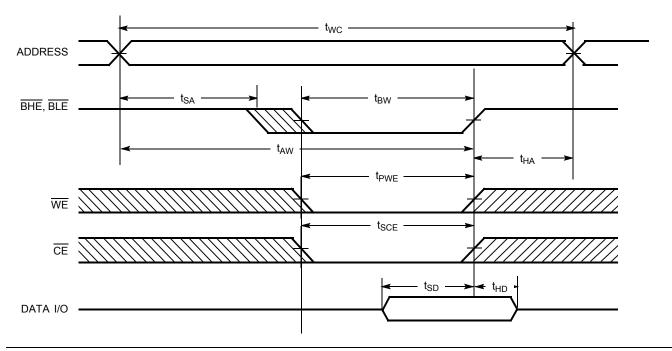


# Switching Waveforms (continued)

# Write Cycle No. 1 (CE Controlled) [15, 16]



# Write Cycle No. 2 (BLE or BHE Controlled)



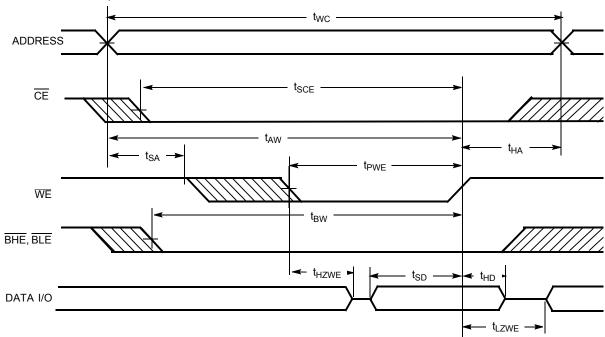
- 15. Data I/O is high impedance if OE or BHE and/or BLE = V<sub>IH</sub>.
  16. If CE goes HIGH simultaneously with WE going HIGH, the output remains in a high-impedance state.

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# Switching Waveforms (continued)

# Write Cycle No. 3 (WE Controlled, LOW)



# **Truth Table**

CE	OE	WE	BLE	вне	I/O <sub>1</sub> –I/O <sub>8</sub>	I/O <sub>9</sub> –I/O <sub>16</sub>	Mode	Power
Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	High-Z	High-Z	Power-down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
L	L	Н	L	L	Data Out	Data Out	Read – All bits	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
			L	Н	Data Out	High-Z	Read – Lower bits only	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
			Н	L	High-Z	Data Out	Read – Upper bits only	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Х	L	L	L	Data In	Data In	Write – All bits	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
			L	Н	Data In	High-Z	Write – Lower bits only	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
			Н	L	High-Z	Data In	Write – Upper bits only	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	Х	Х	High-Z	High-Z	Selected, Outputs Disabled	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Х	Х	Н	Н	High-Z	High-Z	Selected, Outputs Disabled	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )



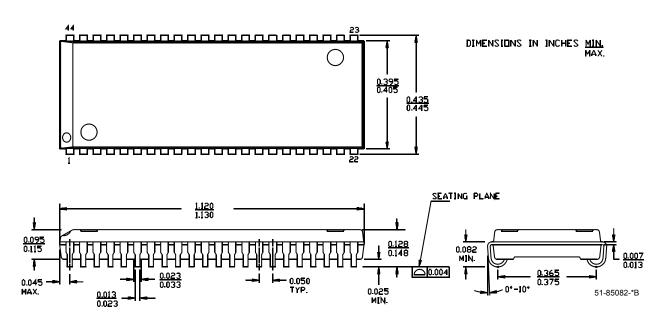
# **Ordering Information**

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
12	WCFS1016V1C-JC12	V34	44-lead (400-Mil) Molded SOJ	Commercial
	WCFS1016V1C-TC12	Z44	44-lead TSOP Type II	Commercial



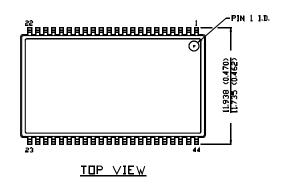
# **Package Diagrams**

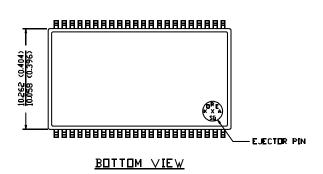
### 44-Lead (400-Mil) Molded SOJ V34

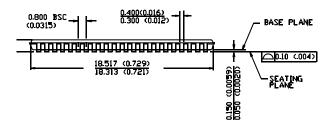


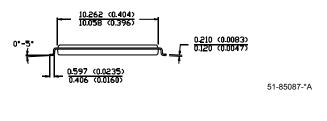
### 44-pin TSOP II Z44

D[MENS] IN MM ([NCH)
MAX
MIN









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# **Document History Page**

Document Title: WCFS1016V1C 64K x 16 Static RAM Document Number: 38-0xxxx						
REV.	ECN NO.	Issue Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change		
**	See ECN	4/19/02	XFL	New Data Sheet		
*A	See ECN	See ECN	RKF	Added 44-pin TSOP-II Package option		