

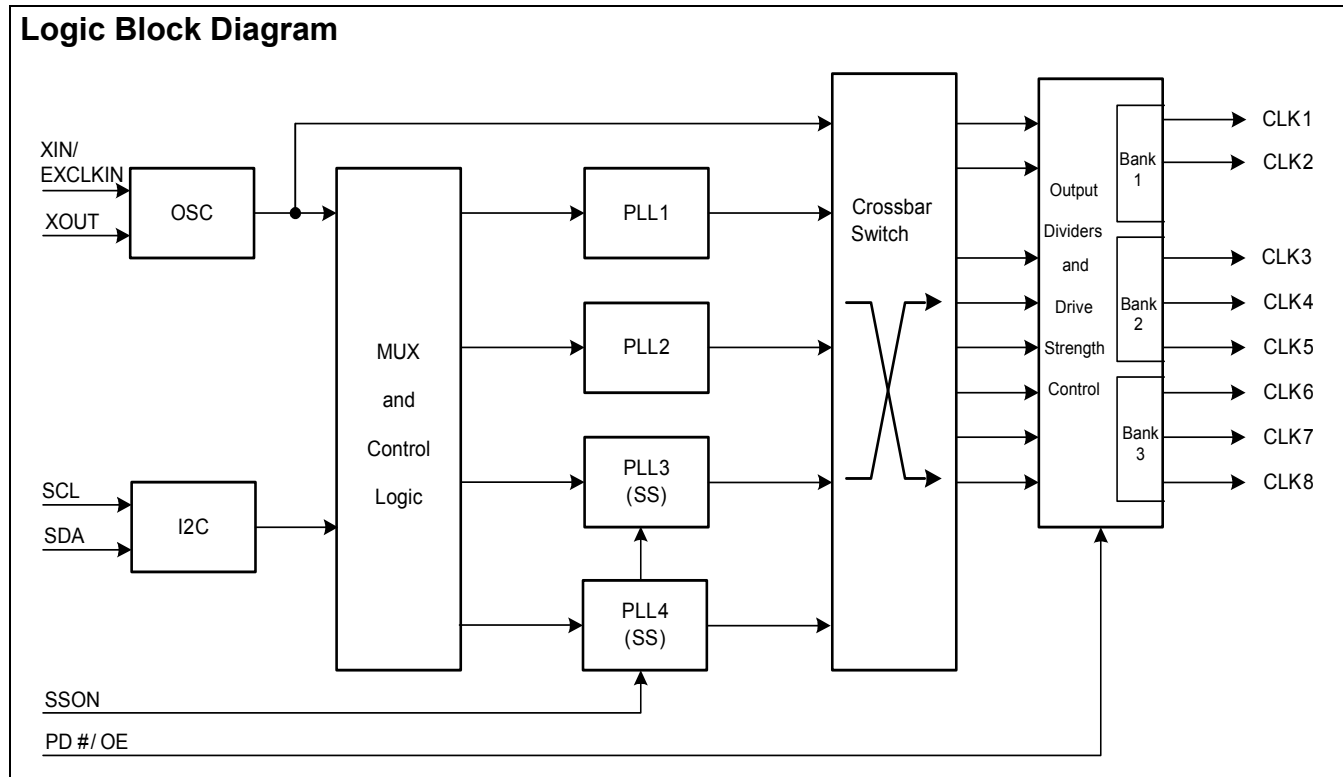
Four-PLL Programmable Clock Generator for Portable Applications

Features

- Device Operating Voltage Options:
 - MoBL Clock M4000 Family: 1.8V
 - MoBL Clock M8000 Family: 2.5V, 3.0V, or 3.3V
- Selectable clock output voltages for both MoBL Clock M4000 and M8000:
 - 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, 3.0V, or 3.3V
- Fully integrated ultra low power phase-locked loops (PLLs)
- Input reference clock frequency range:
 - External crystal: 8 to 48 MHz
 - External reference: 1 to 48 MHz clock
- Output clock frequency range: 3–50 MHz
- Up to eight I²C™ programmable output clocks
- Programmable output drive strengths
- 150 ps typical cycle-to-cycle jitter
- Optional Spread Spectrum for EMI reduction
- 24-pin (4x4x1 mm) QFN Package
- Industrial temperature range

Benefits

- Suitable for cell phone, portable, and consumer electronics applications
- Replaces multiple crystals or crystal oscillators enabling board space saving
- Multiple high-performance PLLs allow synthesis of unrelated frequencies
- Capable of Zero PPM frequency synthesis error
- Application compatibility in multiple output voltage levels
- Optional Spread Spectrum capable PLLs with Lexmark or Linear profile for maximum EMI reduction
- Programmable PLLs for system frequency margin tests
- Meets critical timing requirements in complex system designs
- Individually enable or disable each output using I²C
- Ease of output clock selection using programmable crossbar switches



Pinouts

MoBL Clock M4000

Figure 1. Pin Diagram - 24LD QFN

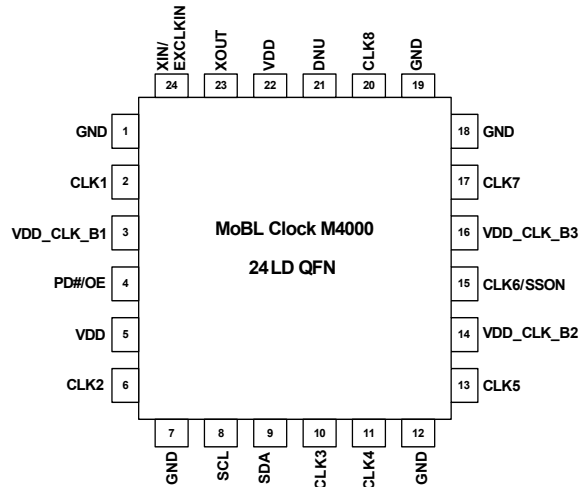


Table 1. Pin Definitions - MoBL Clock M4000 Family (VDD = 1.8V Supply)

Pin Number	Name	IO	Description
1	GND	Power	Power Supply Ground
2	CLK1	Output	Programmable Clock Output, Output voltage depends on VDD_CLK_B1 voltage
3	VDD_CLK_B1	Power	Power Supply for Bank1 (CLK1, CLK2) outputs: 1.5V/1.8V/2.5V/3.0V/3.3V
4	PD#/OE	Input	Multifunction Programmable pin: Output Enable or Power Down Modes
5	VDD	Power	Power Supply: 1.8V
6	CLK2	Output	Programmable Clock Output. Output voltage depends on VDD_CLK_B1 voltage
7	GND	Power	Power Supply Ground
8	SCL	Input	Serial Data Clock
9	SDA	Input/Output	Serial Data Input/Output
10	CLK3	Output	Programmable Clock Output. Output voltage depends on VDD_CLK_B2 voltage
11	CLK4	Output	Programmable Clock Output. Output voltage depends on VDD_CLK_B2 voltage
12	GND	Power	Power Supply Ground
13	CLK5	Output	Programmable Clock Output. Output voltage depends on VDD_CLK_B2 voltage
14	VDD_CLK_B2	Power	Power Supply for Bank2 (CLK3, CLK4, CLK5) outputs: 1.5V/1.8V/2.5V/3.0V/3.3V
15	CLK6/SSON	Output/Input	Multifunction Programmable pin: Programmable Clock Output or Spread Spectrum control input pin. Output voltage depends on VDD_CLK_B3 voltage
16	VDD_CLK_B3	Power	Power Supply for Bank3 (CLK6, CLK7, CLK8) outputs: 1.5V/1.8V/2.5V/3.0V/3.3V
17	CLK7	Output	Programmable Clock Output. Output voltage depends on VDD_CLK_B3 voltage
18	GND	Power	Power Supply Ground
19	GND	Power	Power Supply Ground
20	CLK8	Output	Programmable Clock Output. Output voltage depends on VDD_CLK_B3 voltage
21	DNU	Input	Do Not Use
22	VDD	Power	Power Supply: 1.8V
23	XOUT	Output	Crystal Output
24	XIN/EXCLKIN	Input	Crystal Input or 1.8V External Reference Clock Input

MoBL Clock M8000

Figure 2. Pin Diagram - 24LD QFN

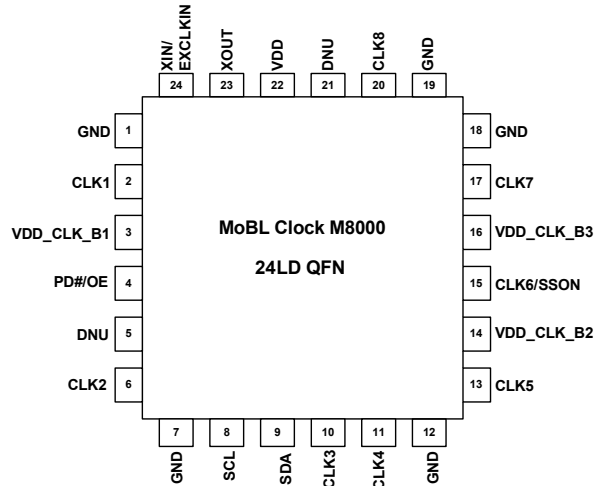


Table 2. Pin Definitions - MoBL Clock M8000 Family (VDD = 2.5V, 3.0V or 3.3V Supply)

Pin Number	Name	IO	Description
1	GND	Power	Power Supply Ground
2	CLK1	Output	Programmable Clock Output, Output voltage depends on VDD_CLK_B1 voltage
3	VDD_CLK_B1	Power	Power Supply for Bank1 (CLK1, CLK2) outputs: 1.5V/1.8V/2.5V/3.0V/3.3V
4	PD#/OE	Input	Multifunction Programmable pin: Output Enable or Power Down Modes
5	DNU	DNU	Do Not Use
6	CLK2	Output	Programmable Clock Output, Output voltage depends on VDD_CLK_B1 voltage
7	GND	Power	Power Supply Ground
8	SCL	Input	Serial Data Clock
9	SDA	Input/Output	Serial Data Input/Output
10	CLK3	Output	Programmable Clock Output, Output voltage depends on VDD_CLK_B2 voltage
11	CLK4	Output	Programmable Clock Output, Output voltage depends on VDD_CLK_B2 voltage
12	GND	Power	Power Supply Ground
13	CLK5	Output	Programmable Clock Output, Output voltage depends on VDD_CLK_B2 voltage
14	VDD_CLK_B2	Power	Power Supply for Bank2 (CLK4, CLK4, CLK5) outputs: 1.5V/1.8V/2.5V/3.0V/3.3V
15	CLK6/SSON	Output/Input	Multifunction Programmable pin: Programmable Clock Output or Spread Spectrum ON/OFF control input pin. Output voltage depends on VDD_CLK_B3 voltage
16	VDD_CLK_B3	Power	Power Supply for Bank3 (CLK6, CLK7, CLK8) outputs: 1.5V/1.8V/2.5V/3.0V/3.3V
17	CLK7	Output	Programmable Clock Output. Output voltage depends on VDD_CLK_B3 voltage
18	GND	Power	Power Supply Ground
19	GND	Power	Power Supply Ground
20	CLK8	Output	Programmable Clock Output. Output voltage depends on VDD_CLK_B3 voltage
21	DNU	Input	Do Not Use
22	VDD	Power	Power Supply: 2.5V/3.0V/3.3V
23	XOUT	Output	Crystal Output
24	XIN/EXCLKIN	Input	Crystal Input or 1.8V External Reference Clock Input

General Description

4 Configurable PLLs

The MoBL[®] Clock M4000/M8000 Family of products are four-PLL Clock Generator ICs designed for cell phone, portable, or consumer electronics applications. It can be used to generate four independent output frequencies ranging from 3 to 50MHz from a single input reference clock.

I²C Programming

The MoBL[®] Clock M4000 and M8000 have a serial I²C interface that programs the configuration memory array to synthesize output frequencies by programmable output divider, spread characteristics, and drive strength. I²C can also be used for in-system control of these programmable features.

Input Reference Clocks

The input to the M4000 and M8000 can be either a crystal or a clock signal. The input frequency range for crystals is 8 MHz to 48 MHz, while that for EXCLKIN is 1 to 48 MHz. The voltage level for the input reference clock used must meet the voltage requirement for the device as shown in the DC and AC specifications.

Output Power Supply Options

These devices have eight clock outputs grouped in three banks. The Bank 1, Bank 2, and Bank 3 correspond to (CLK1, CLK2), (CLK3, CLK4, CLK5), and (CLK6, CLK7, CLK8) respectively. A separate power supply is used for each of these three output drivers and they can be any of 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, 3.0V, or 3.3V giving user multiple choice of output clock voltage levels.

Output Source Selection

These devices have eight clock outputs (CLK1–8). There are five available clock sources for these outputs. These clock sources are: XIN/EXCLKIN, PLL1, PLL2, PLL3 and PLL4. Output clock source selection is done using four out of five crossbar switch. Thus, any one of these five available clock sources can be arbitrarily selected for the clock outputs. This gives user a flexibility to have up to four independent clock and a reference clock outputs.

Spread Spectrum Control

Two of the four PLLs (PLL3 and PLL4) have spread spectrum capability for EMI reduction in the system. The device uses a Cypress proprietary PLL and Spread Spectrum Clock (SSC) technology to synthesize and modulate the frequency of the PLL. The spread spectrum feature can be turned on or off by I²C device programming. It can be factory programmed to either center spread range from $\pm 0.125\%$ to $\pm 2.50\%$, or down spread

range from -0.25% to -5.0% , with Lexmark or Linear modulation profile.

PD#/OE Mode

PD#/OE input (Pin 4) can be programmed to operate as either power down (PD#) or output enable (OE) mode. Note that power down shuts off the entire chip, resulting in minimum power consumption for the device. Setting this signal high brings the device in the operational mode with default register settings. The PD# turn-on time is limited by the turn-on time of the PLLs. Disabled outputs are first driven to a low state before turning off. When off, they are held low by internal weak resistors ($\sim 160k$ ohms)

When this pin is programmed as Output Enable (OE), clock outputs can be enabled or disabled using OE (pin 4). Individual clock outputs can be programmed to be sensitive to this OE pin.

Keep Alive Mode

By activating the device in the Keep Alive Mode, power down mode is changed to power saving mode, which disables all PLLs and outputs, but preserves the contents of the volatile registers. Thus, any configuration changes made via the I²C interface are preserved. By deactivating the Keep Alive Mode, I²C memory is not preserved during power down, but power consumption is reduced relative to the Keep Alive Mode.

Output Drive Strength

The DC drive strength of the individual clock output can be programmed for different values. Table 3 shows the typical rise and fall times for different drive strength settings.

Table 3. Output Drive Strength

Output Drive Strength	Rise/Fall Time (ns) (Typical Value)
Low	6.8
Mid Low	3.4
Mid High	2.0
High	1.0

Factory Specific Configuration and Custom Programming

The device is available with Factory Specific programmed frequencies as shown in the Ordering Information page. This factory specific programmed part can be used for the device evaluation purposes. The MoBL[®] Clock can be custom programmed to any desired frequencies and listed features. For customer specific programming and I²C programmable memory bitmap definitions, please contact local Cypress Field Application Engineer (FAE) or sales representative.

I²C Serial Interface

To enhance the flexibility and function of the clock synthesizer, a two-signal I²C serial interface is provided. This interface is used to write (and optionally read) control registers that control various device functions such as enabling individual clock output buffers. The registers initialize to their default setting upon power up and therefore, use of this interface is optional. Clock device registers are normally changed upon system initialization. Any data written via I²C is volatile and is not retained when the device is powered down.

The I²C interface uses two signals, SDA and SCL, that operates up to 400 kbits/s in Read or Write mode. The SDA and SCL timing and data transfer sequence is shown in [Figure 3 on page 6](#). The basic Write serial format is as follows:

Start Bit; 7-bit Device Address (DA); R/W Bit; Slave Clock Acknowledge (ACK); 8-bit Memory Address (MA); ACK; 8-bit Data; ACK; 8-bit Data in MA+1 if desired; ACK; 8-bit Data in MA+2; ACK; etc. until STOP Bit. The basic serial format is illustrated in [Figure 4 on page 6](#).

Device Address

The device serial interface address is 69H. The device address is combined with a read/write bit as the LSB and is sent after each start bit.

Data Valid

Data is valid when the clock is HIGH, and can only be transitioned when the clock is LOW, as illustrated in [Figure 5 on page 6](#).

Data Frame

Every new data frame is indicated by a start and stop sequence, as illustrated in [Figure 6 on page 7](#).

Start Sequence – SDA going LOW when SCL is HIGH indicates a Start Frame. Every time a start signal is supplied, the next 8-bit data must be the device address (seven bits) and a R/W bit, followed by register address (eight bits) and register data (eight bits).

Stop Sequence – SDA going HIGH when SCL is HIGH indicates a Stop Frame. A Stop Frame frees the bus to write to another part on the same bus or to write to another random register address.

Acknowledge Pulse

During Write Mode, the MoBL Clock M4000 responds with an Acknowledge pulse after every eight bits. This is done by pulling the SDA line LOW during the N*9th clock cycle, as illustrated in [Figure 7](#) (N = the number of bytes transmitted). During Read Mode, the master generates the acknowledge pulse after reading the data packet.

Write Operations

Writing Individual Bytes

A valid write operation must have a full 8-bit register address after the device address word from the master, which is followed by an acknowledge bit from the slave (ack = 0/LOW). The next

eight bits must contain the data word intended for storage. After the receiving the data word, the slave responds with another acknowledge bit (ack = 0/LOW), and the master must end the write sequence with a STOP condition.

Writing Multiple Bytes

To write multiple bytes at a time, the master must not end the write sequence with a STOP condition, but instead sends multiple contiguous bytes of data to be stored. After each byte, the slave responds with an acknowledge bit, the same as after the first byte, and accepts data until the acknowledge bit is responded to by the STOP condition. When receiving multiple bytes, the MoBL Clock M4000/M8000 internally increments the register address.

Read Operations

Read operations are initiated the same way as Write operations except that the R/W bit of the slave address is set to '1' (HIGH). There are three basic read operations: current address read, random read, and sequential read.

Current Address Read

The MoBL Clock M4000/M8000 have an onboard address counter that retains '1' more than the address of the last word accessed. If the last word written or read was word 'n', then a current address read operation returns the value stored in location 'n+1'. When the MoBL Clock M4000/M8000 receives the slave address with the R/W bit set to a '1', it issues an acknowledge and transmits the 8-bit word. The master device does not acknowledge the transfer, but generates a STOP condition, which causes the MoBL Clock M4000/M8000 to stop transmission.

Random Read

Through random read operations, the master may access any memory location. To perform this type of read operation, first set the word address. To do this, send the address to the MoBL Clock M4000/M8000 as part of a write operation. After the word address is sent, the master generates a START condition following the acknowledge. This terminates the write operation before any data is stored in the address, but not before the internal address pointer is set. Next, the master reissues the control byte with the R/W byte set to '1'. The MoBL Clock M4000/M8000 then issues an acknowledge and transmits the 8-bit word. The master device does not acknowledge the transfer, but generates a STOP condition, which causes the MoBL Clock M4000/M8000 to stop transmission.

Sequential Read

Sequential read operations follow the same process as random reads except that the master issues an acknowledge instead of a STOP condition after transmission of the first 8-bit data word. This action increments the internal address pointer, and subsequently outputs the next 8-bit data word. By continuing to issue acknowledges instead of STOP conditions, the master serially reads the entire contents of the slave device memory. When the internal address pointer points to the FFH register, after the next increment, the pointer points to the 00H register.

Figure 3. Data Transfer Sequence on the Serial Bus

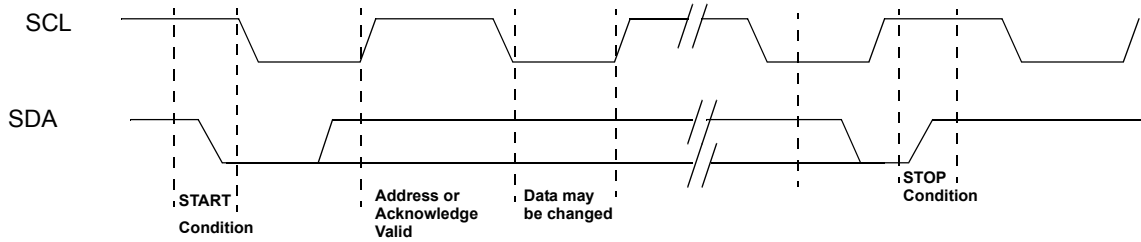


Figure 4. Data Frame Architecture

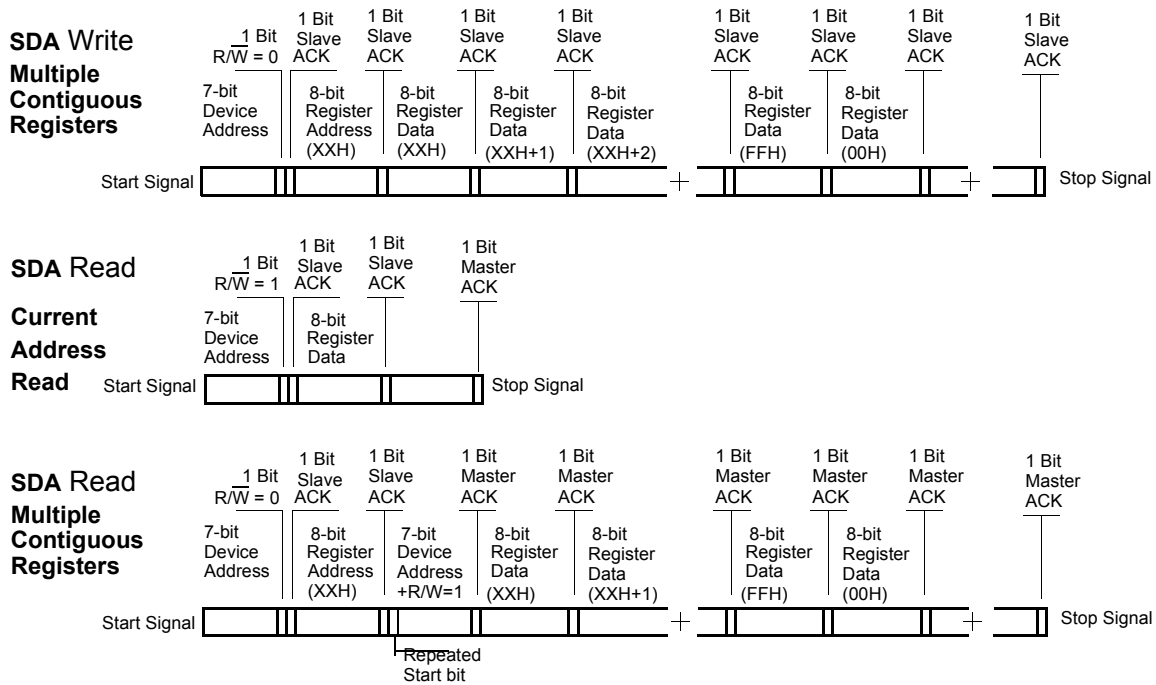
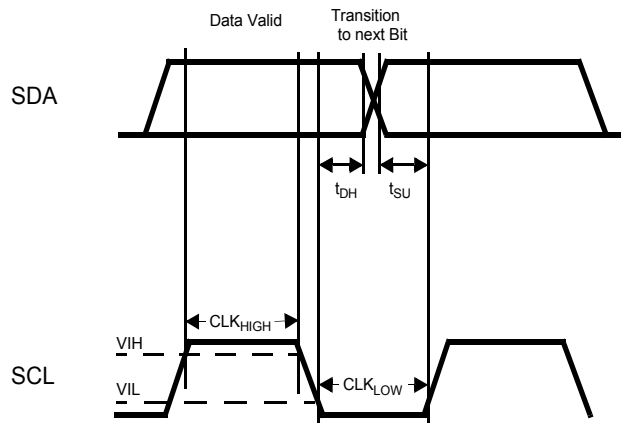


Figure 5. Data Valid and Data Transition Periods



Serial Programming Interface Timing

Figure 6. Start and Stop Frame

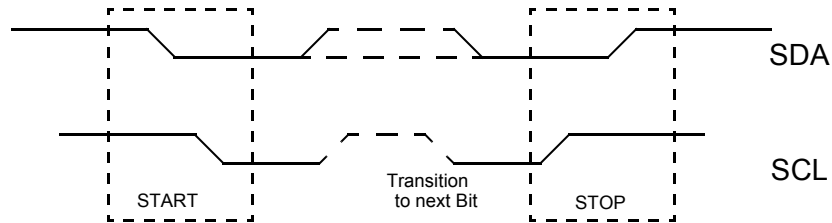
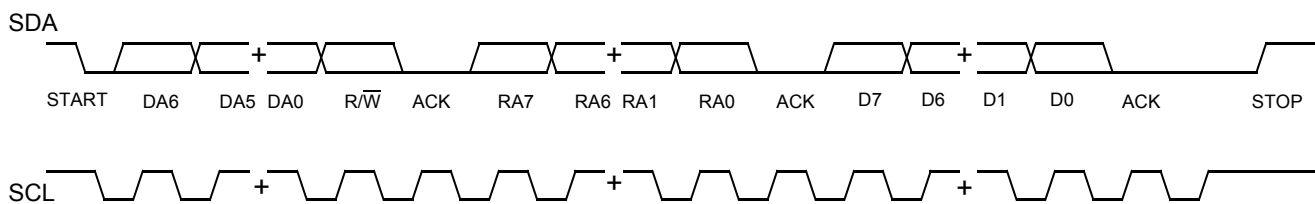


Figure 7. Frame Format (Device Address, R/W, Register Address, Register Data)



Serial I²C Programming Interface Timing Specifications

Parameter	Description	Min	Max	Unit
f_{SCL}	Frequency of SCL	–	400	kHz
	Start Mode Time from SDA LOW to SCL LOW	0.6	–	μ s
CLK_{LOW}	SCL LOW Period	1.3	–	μ s
CLK_{HIGH}	SCL HIGH Period	0.6	–	μ s
t_{SU}	Data Transition to SCL HIGH	250	–	ns
t_{DH}	Data Hold (SCL LOW to data transition)	0	–	ns
	Rise Time of SCL and SDA	–	300	ns
	Fall Time of SCL and SDA	–	300	ns
	Stop Mode Time from SCL HIGH to SDA HIGH	0.6	–	μ s
	Stop Mode to Start Mode	1.3	–	μ s

Absolute Maximum Conditions

Parameter	Description	Condition	Min	Max	Unit
V _{DD}	Supply Voltage for MoBL Clock M80xx		-0.5	4.4	V
V _{DD}	Supply Voltage for MoBL Clock M40xx		-0.5	2.8	V
V _{DD_CLKX}	Supply Voltage for MoBL Clock M40xx/M80xx		-0.5	4.4	V
V _{IN}	Input Voltage for MoBL Clock M80xx	Relative to V _{SS}	-0.5	V _{DD} +0.5	V
V _{IN}	Input Voltage for MoBL Clock M40xx	Relative to V _{SS}	-0.5	2.2	V
T _S	Temperature, Storage	Non Functional	-65	+150	°C
ESD _{HBM}	ESD Protection (Human Body Model)	JEDEC EIA/JESD22-A114-E	2000		Volts
UL-94	Flammability Rating	V-0 @1/8 in.		10	ppm
MSL	Moisture Sensitivity Level			3	

Recommended Operating Conditions

The Recommended Operating Conditions table for MoBL Clock M40xx/M80xx family.

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V _{DD}	VDD Operating voltage for MoBL Clock M80xx	2.25	-	3.60	V
V _{DD}	VDD Operating voltage for MoBL Clock M40xx	1.65	1.80	1.95	V
V _{DD_CLK_BX}	Output Driver Voltage for MoBL Clock M40xx/M80xx	1.43	-	3.60	V
T _{AI}	Industrial Ambient Temperature	-40	-	85	°C
C _{LOAD}	Maximum Load Capacitance	-	-	15	pF
t _{PU}	Power up time for all V _{DD} s to reach minimum specified voltage (power ramps must be monotonic)	0.05	-	500	ms

DC Electrical Specifications

DC Electrical Specification table for MoBL Clock M40xx/M80xx family ($V_{DD_CLK_BX} = 1.5V/1.8V/2.5V/3.0/3.3V$)

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage, CLK pins	$I_{OL} = 2\text{ mA}$, drive strength = [00]	-	-	0.4	V
		$I_{OL} = 3\text{ mA}$, drive strength = [01]				
		$I_{OL} = 7\text{ mA}$, drive strength = [10]				
		$I_{OL} = 12\text{ mA}$, drive strength = [11]				
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage, CLK pins	$I_{OH} = -2\text{ mA}$, drive strength = [00]	$V_{DD_CLK_BX} - 0.4$	-	-	V
		$I_{OH} = -3\text{ mA}$, drive strength = [01]				
		$I_{OH} = -7\text{ mA}$, drive strength = [10]				
		$I_{OH} = -12\text{ mA}$, drive strength = [11]				
V_{OLSD}	Output Low Voltage, SDA	$I_{OL} = 4\text{ mA}$	-	-	0.4	V
V_{IL1}	Input Low Voltage of SSON, PD#/OE, SDA and SCL pins		-	-	$0.2 \cdot V_{DD}$	V
V_{IL2}	Input Low Voltage of EXCLKIN pin		-	-	0.15	V
V_{IH1}	Input High Voltage of SSON, PD#/OE, SDA and SCL pins		$0.8 \cdot V_{DD}$	-	-	V
V_{IH2}	Input High Voltage of EXCLKIN pin		1.6	-	2.2	V
I_{IL1}	Input Low Current, PD#/OE pin	$V_{IL} = 0V$	-	-	10	μA
I_{IH1}	Input High Current, PD#/OE pin	$V_{IH} = V_{DD}$	-	-	10	μA
I_{IL2}	Input Low Current, SSON pin	$V_{IL} = 0V$ (Internal pull down resistor = 160k typ.)	-	-	10	μA
I_{IH2}	Input High Current, SSON pin	$V_{IH} = V_{DD}$ (Internal pull down resistor = 160k typ.)	14	-	36	μA
R_{DN}	Pull Down Resistor of clocks (CLK1-CLK8) in off-state	Clock outputs in off-state by setting PD# = Low	100	160	250	$k\Omega$
$I_{DD}^{[1,2]}$	Supply Current	All outputs running, $C_{LOAD} = 0$	-	15	-	mA
$I_{DDS}^{[1]}$	Standby Current	PD# = Low, and I ² C circuit not in Keep Alive Mode	-	3	-	μA
$C_{IN}^{[2]}$	Input Capacitance	SCL, SDA, SSON and PD#/OE inputs	-	-	7	pF

Notes

1. This parameter is configuration dependent. The specified value is for the drive level setting of [1,1].
2. Parameters are guaranteed by design and characterization. Not 100% tested in production. All parameters specified with fully loaded outputs.

AC Electrical Specifications

AC Electrical Specification table for M40xx/M80xx family ($V_{DD_CLK_BX} = 1.5V/1.8V/2.5V/3.0V/3.3V$)

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
F_{CLK}	Clock Output Frequency	All clock outputs	3	–	50	MHz
F_{REF} (crystal)	Crystal Frequency, XIN		8	–	48	MHz
F_{REF} (clock)	Input Clock Frequency, EXCLKIN		1	–	48	MHz
DC	Output Clock Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle is defined in Figure 9 on page 11 ; t_1/t_2 , measured at 50% of $V_{DD_CLK_BX}$	45	50	55	%
$T_{RF1}^{[2]}$	Output Clock Rise/Fall Time	Measured from 20% to 80% of $V_{DD_CLK_BX}$, as shown in Figure 10 on page 11 , $C_{LOAD} = 15$ pF, drive strength [00]	–	6.8	10.0	ns
$T_{RF2}^{[2]}$	Output Clock Rise/Fall Time	Measured from 20% to 80% of $V_{DD_CLK_BX}$, as shown in Figure 10 on page 11 , $C_{LOAD} = 15$ pF, drive strength [01]	–	3.4	5.0	ns
$T_{RF3}^{[2]}$	Output Clock Rise/Fall Time	Measured from 20% to 80% of $V_{DD_CLKX_BX}$, as shown in Figure 10 on page 11 , $C_{LOAD} = 15$ pF, drive strength [10]	–	2.0	3.0	ns
$T_{RF4}^{[2]}$	Output Clock Rise/Fall Time	Measured from 20% to 80% of $V_{DD_CLKX_BX}$, as shown in Figure 10 on page 11 , $C_{LOAD} = 15$ pF, drive strength [11]	–	1.0	1.5	ns
$T_{CCJ}^{[1,2]}$	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter	EXCLKIN = CLKx = 48 MHz, $C_{LOAD} = 15$ pF, 4 PLLs and 1 output for each PLL enabled, drive strength = [11]	–	150	–	ps
$T_{LOCK}^{[2]}$	PLL Lock Time		–	1	3	ms

Recommended Crystal Specification for SMD Package

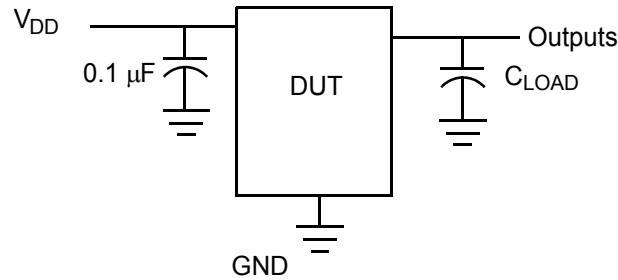
Parameter	Description	Range 1	Range 2	Range 3	Unit
Fmin	Minimum Frequency	8	14	28	MHz
Fmax	Maximum Frequency	14	28	48	MHz
R1	Motional Resistance (ESR)	135	50	30	Ω
C0	Shunt Capacitance	4	4	2	pF
CL	Parallel Load Capacitance	18	14	12	pF
DL(max)	Maximum Crystal Drive Level	300	300	300	μ W

Recommended Crystal Specification for Thru-Hole Package

Parameter	Description	Range 1	Range 2	Range 3	Unit
Fmin	Minimum Frequency	8	14	24	MHz
Fmax	Maximum Frequency	14	24	32	MHz
R1	Motional Resistance (ESR)	90	50	30	Ω
C0	Shunt Capacitance	7	7	7	pF
CL	Parallel Load Capacitance	18	12	12	pF
DL(max)	Maximum Crystal Drive Level	1000	1000	1000	μ W

Test and Measurement Setup

Figure 8. Test and Measurement Setup



Voltage and Timing Definitions

Figure 9. Duty Cycle Definition

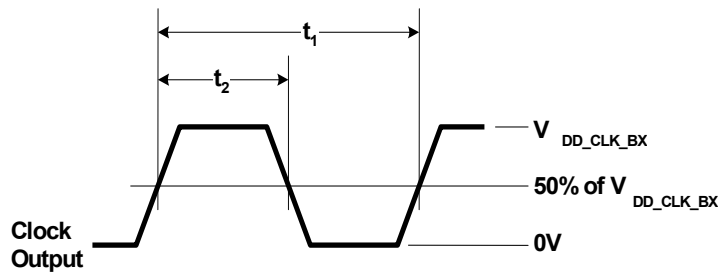
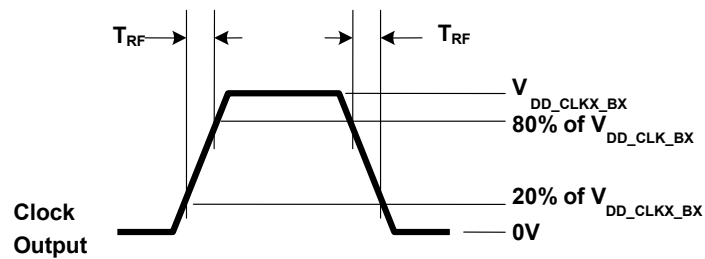


Figure 10. Rise Time = T_{RF} , Fall Time = T_{RF}



Ordering Information

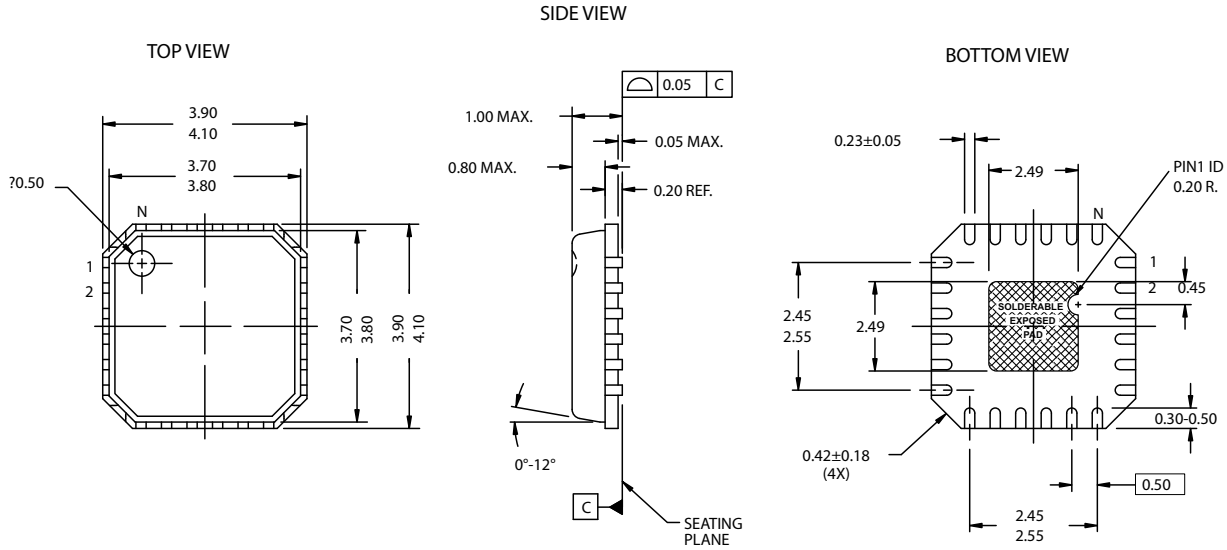
Part Number ^[3]	Frequency Configuration	VDD (V)	Package	Production Flow
Pb-Free				
M40xxLFXI	Customer Specific Configuration EXCLKIN = xxxxMHz CLK1 = xxxxMHz, CLK2 = xxxxMHz CLK3 = xxxxMHz, CLK4 = xxxxMHz CLK5 = xxxxMHz, CLK6 = xxxxMHz CLK7 = xxxxMHz, CLK8 = xxxxMHz	VDD = 1.8V VDD_CLK_Bx = 1.5/1.8/2.5/3.0/3.3V	24-pin QFN	Industrial, -40°C to 85°C
M40xxLFXIT	Customer Specific Configuration EXCLKIN = xxxxMHz CLK1 = xxxxMHz, CLK2 = xxxxMHz CLK3 = xxxxMHz, CLK4 = xxxxMHz CLK5 = xxxxMHz, CLK5 = xxxxMHz CLK7 = xxxxMHz, CLK8 = xxxxMHz	VDD = 1.8V VDD_CLK_Bx = 1.5/1.8/2.5/3.0/3.3V	24-pin QFN-Tape & Reel	Industrial, -40°C to 85°C
M80xxLFXI	Customer Specific Configuration EXCLKIN = xxxxMHz CLK1 = xxxxMHz, CLK2 = xxxxMHz CLK3 = xxxxMHz, CLK4 = xxxxMHz CLK5 = xxxxMHz, CLK5 = xxxxMHz CLK7 = xxxxMHz, CLK8 = xxxxMHz	VDD = 2.5/3.0/3.3V VDD_CLK_Bx = 1.5/1.8/2.5/3.0/3.3V	24-pin QFN	Industrial, -40°C to 85°C
M80xxLFXIT	Customer Specific Configuration EXCLKIN = xxxxMHz CLK1 = xxxxMHz, CLK2 = xxxxMHz CLK3 = xxxxMHz, CLK4 = xxxxMHz CLK5 = xxxxMHz, CLK5 = xxxxMHz CLK7 = xxxxMHz, CLK8 = xxxxMHz	VDD = 2.5/3.0/3.3V VDD_CLK_Bx = 1.5/1.8/2.5/3.0/3.3V	24-pin QFN-Tape & Reel	Industrial, -40°C to 85°C

Note


3. xx indicates factory programmed parts based on customer specific configuration. For more details, contact your local Cypress FAE or Sales Representative

Package Drawing and Dimensions

Figure 11. 24-Pin QFN 4x4 mm (Subcon Punch Type Pkg with 2.49x2.49 EPAD) LF24A/LY24A



NOTES:

1.  HATCH IS SOLDERABLE EXPOSED METAL.
2. REFERENCE JEDEC#: MO-220
3. PACKAGE WEIGHT: 0.042g
4. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MM [MIN/MAX]
5. PACKAGE CODE

51-85203-*A

PART #	DESCRIPTION
LF24A	STANDARD
LY24A	LEAD FREE

Document History Page

Document Title: MoBL [®] Clock M4000/M8000 Four-PLL Programmable Clock Generator for Portable Applications				
Document Number: 001-29179				
REV.	ECN NO.	Submission Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change
**	1535771	See ECN	RGL/AESA	New Data Sheet
*A	2750166	08/10/2009	TSAI	Post to external web

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