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LM2825 Integrated Power Supply 1A DC-DC Converter

**National** Semiconductor

# LM2825 Integrated Power Supply 1A DC-DC Converter

DS012661-27

OUTPUT

Output Voltage +5V @ 1A

DS012661-1

### **General Description**

The LM2825 is a complete 1A DC-DC Buck converter packaged in a 24-lead molded Dual-In-Line integrated circuit package.

Contained within the package are all the active and passive components for a high efficiency step-down (buck) switching regulator. Available in fixed output voltages of 3.3V, 5V and 12V, as well as two adjustable versions, these devices can provide up to 1A of load current with fully guaranteed electric cal specifications.

Self-contained, this converter is also fully protected from output fault conditions, such as excessive load current, short circuits, or excessive temperatures.

# Highlights

- No external components required (fixed output voltage versions)
- Integrated circuit reliability
- MTBF over 20 million hours
- Radiated EMI meets Class B stipulated by CISPR 22
- High power density, 35 W/in<sup>3</sup>

**Standard Application** 

INPU

LM2825-5.0

GND

Radiated emission of electromagnetic fields is measured at

10m distance. The emission levels are within the Class B

30 dB µV/m

37 dB µV/m

46 dB uV/m

(Fixed output voltage versions)

Input Voltage +40V (Max)

Radiated EMI

30....230 MHz

1....10 GHz

230....1000 MHz

limits stipulated by CISPR 22.

24-pin DIP package profile (1.25 x 0.54 x 0.26 inches)

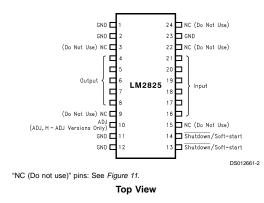
#### Features

- Minimum design time required
- 3.3V, 5V and 12V fixed output versions
- Two adjustable versions allow 1.23V to 15V outputs
- Wide input voltage range, up to 40V
- Low-power standby mode, I<sub>Ω</sub> typically 65 μA
- High efficiency, typically 80%
- ±4% output voltage tolerance
- Excellent line and load regulation
- TTL shutdown capability/programmable Soft-start
- Thermal shutdown and current limit protection
- -40°C to +85°C ambient temperature range

### Applications

- Simple high-efficiency step-down (buck) regulator
- On-card switching regulators
- Efficient pre-regulator for linear regulators
- Distributed power systems
- DC/DC module replacement

## **Connection Diagram**



#### **Ordering Information**

Order Number LM2825N-3.3, LM2825N-5.0, LM2825N-12, LM2825N-ADJ or LM2825HN-ADJ See NS Package Number NA24F



### Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

Maximum Input Supply (VIN)	+45V
SD/SS Pin Input Voltage (Note 2)	6V
Output Pin Voltage	
(3.3V, 5.0V and ADJ)	$-1V \le V \le 9V$
(12V and H-ADJ)	$-1V \le V \le 16V$
ADJ Pin Voltage (ADJ, H-ADJ only)	$-0.3 V \leq V \leq 25 V$
Power Dissipation	Internally Limited
Storage Temperature Range	–40°C to +125°C

ESD Susceptibility	
Human Body Model (Note 3)	2 kV
Lead Temperature (Soldering 10 sec.)	260°C

# **Operating Ratings**

Ambient Temperature Range	$-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +85^{\circ}C$
Junction Temperature Range	$-40^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +125^{\circ}C$
Input Supply Voltage (3.3V version)	4.75V to 40V
Input Supply Voltage (5V version)	7V to 40V
Input Supply Voltage (12V version)	15V to 40V
Input Supply Voltage (-ADJ, H-ADJ)	4.5V to 40V

### LM2825-3.3 Electrical Characteristics (Note 4)

Specifications with standard type face are for  $T_A = 25$ °C, and those with **boldface type** apply over **full Operating Temperature Range**. Test Circuit *Figure 2*.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	LM2	LM2825-3.3	
			Typical	Limit	(Limits)
			(Note 6)	(Note 7)	
Vout	Output Voltage	$4.75V \le V_{IN} \le 40V, 0.1A \le I_{LOAD} \le 1A$	3.3		V
				3.168/ <b>3.135</b>	V(min)
				3.432/ <b>3.465</b>	V(max)
	Line Regulation	$4.75V \le V_{IN} \le 40V$	1.5		mV
		$I_{LOAD} = 100 \text{ mA}$			
	Load Regulation	$0.1A \le I_{LOAD} \le 1A$	8		mV
		V <sub>IN</sub> = 12V			
	Output Ripple Voltage	$V_{IN} = 12V, I_{LOAD} = 1A$	40		mV p-p
η	Efficiency	V <sub>IN</sub> = 12V, I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 0.5A	75		%

## LM2825-5.0 Electrical Characteristics (Note 4)

Specifications with standard type face are for  $T_A = 25$ °C, and those with **boldface type** apply over **full Operating Temperature Range**. Test Circuit *Figure 2*.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	LM2	825-5.0	Units
			Typical	Limit	(Limits)
			(Note 6)	(Note 7)	
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage	$7V \le V_{IN} \le 40V, 0.1A \le I_{LOAD} \le 1A$	5.0		V
				4.800/ <b>4.750</b>	V(min)
				5.200/ <b>5.250</b>	V(max)
	Line Regulation	$7V \le V_{IN} \le 40V$	2.7		mV
		$I_{LOAD} = 100 \text{ mA}$			
	Load Regulation	$0.1A \le I_{LOAD} \le 1A$	8		mV
		V <sub>IN</sub> = 12V			
	Output Ripple Voltage	$V_{IN} = 12V, I_{LOAD} = 1A$	40		mV p-p
η	Efficiency	$V_{IN} = 12V, I_{LOAD} = 0.5A$	80		%

# LM2825-12 Electrical Characteristics (Note 4)

Specifications with standard type face are for  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , and those with **boldface type** apply over **full Operating Temperature Range**. Test Circuit *Figure 2*.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	LM	LM2825-12	
			Typical	Limit	(Limits)
			(Note 6)	(Note 7)	
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage	$15V \le V_{IN} \le 40V, 0.1A \le I_{LOAD} \le 0.75A$	12.0		V
				11.52/ <b>11.40</b>	V(min)
				12.48/ <b>12.60</b>	V(max)
	Line Regulation	$15V \le V_{IN} \le 40V$	8.5		mV
		$I_{LOAD} = 100 \text{ mA}$			
	Load Regulation	$0.1A \le I_{LOAD} \le 0.75A$	12		mV
		V <sub>IN</sub> = 24V			
	Output Ripple Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub> = 24V, I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 1A	100		mV p-p
η	Efficiency	$V_{IN} = 24V, I_{LOAD} = 0.5A$	87		%

## LM2825-ADJ Electrical Characteristics (Note 5)

Specifications with standard type face are for  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , and those with **boldface type** apply over **full Operating Temperature Range**. Test Circuit *Figure 3*.

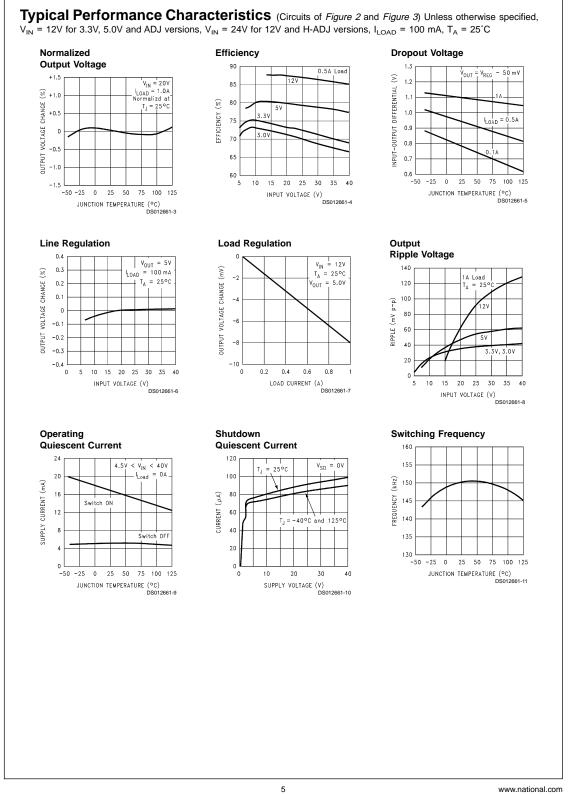
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	LM	2825-ADJ	Units
			Typical	Limit	(Limits)
			(Note 6)	(Note 7)	
V <sub>ADJ</sub>	Adjust Pin Voltage	$4.5V \leq V_{\text{IN}} \leq 40V,  0.1A \leq I_{\text{LOAD}} \leq 1A$	1.230		V
		$1.23V \le V_{OUT} \le 8V$		1.193/ <b>1.180</b>	V(min)
				1.267/ <b>1.280</b>	V(max)
η	Efficiency	V <sub>IN</sub> = 12V, I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 0.5A	74		%
		V <sub>OUT</sub> Programmed for 3V. See Circuit of Figure 3			

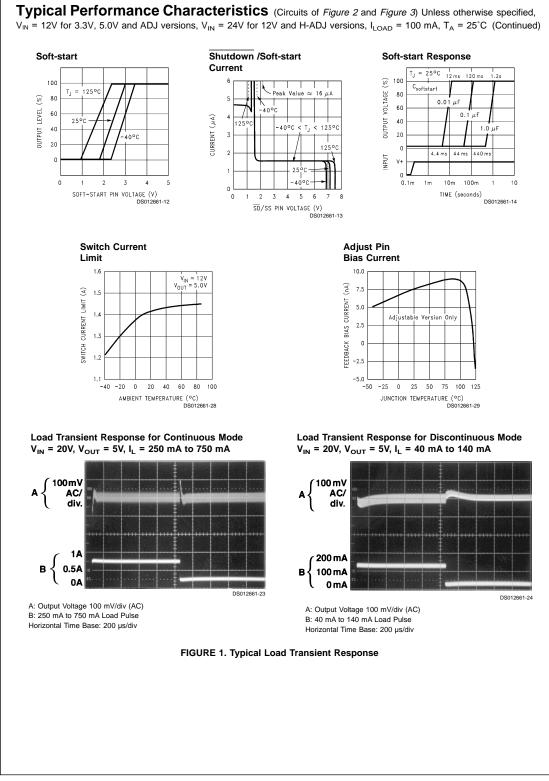
# LM2825H-ADJ Electrical Characteristics (Note 5)

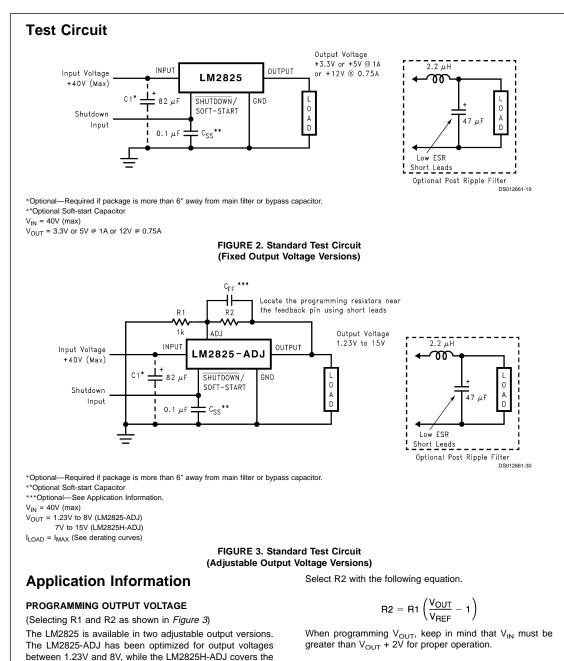
Specifications with standard type face are for  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , and those with **boldface type** apply over **full Operating Temperature Range**. Test Circuit *Figure 3*.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	LM2825H-ADJ		Units
			Typical	Limit	(Limits)
			(Note 6)	(Note 7)	
V <sub>ADJ</sub>	Adjust Pin Voltage	$9V \le V_{IN} \le 40V, 0.1A \le I_{LOAD} \le 0.55A$	1.230		V
		$7V \le V_{OUT} \le 15V$		1.193/ <b>1.180</b>	V(min)
				1.267/ <b>1.280</b>	V(max)
η	Efficiency	V <sub>IN</sub> = 24V, I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 0.5A	87		%
		V <sub>OUT</sub> Programmed for 12V.			
		See Circuit of Figure 3			

Lin I <sub>Q</sub> Op Cu I <sub>STBY</sub> Sta	perating Quiescent urrent	Conditions $R_L = 0\Omega$ SD/SS Pin = 3.1V	Typical (Note 6) 1.4	825-XX Limit (Note 7) 1.2 2.4	Limits (Limits)
Lin I <sub>Q</sub> Op Cu I <sub>STBY</sub> Sta	nit perating Quiescent urrent		(Note 6)	(Note 7)	A A(min)
Lin I <sub>Q</sub> Op Cu I <sub>STBY</sub> Sta	nit perating Quiescent urrent		1.4	1.2	A(min)
I <sub>Q</sub> Op Cu I <sub>STBY</sub> Sta Cu	perating Quiescent urrent	SD/SS Pin = 3.1V			
Cu I <sub>STBY</sub> Sta Cu	urrent	SD/SS Pin = 3.1V	5	2.4	A (max)
Cu I <sub>STBY</sub> Sta Cu	urrent	SD/SS Pin = 3.1V	5		A(max)
Cu			5		mA
Cu		(Note 8)		10	mA(max
	andby Quiescent	SD/SS Pin = 0V	65		μA
۸d		(Note 8)		200	µA(max)
I <sub>ADJ</sub> Ad	ljust Pin Bias Current	Adjustable Versions Only, V <sub>FB</sub> = 1.3V	6		nA
	-			50/ <b>100</b>	nA(max)
f <sub>o</sub> Os	cillator Frequency	(Note 9)	150		kHz
θ <sub>JA</sub> Th	ermal Resistance	Junction to Ambient (Note 10)	30		°C/W
SHUTDOWN/S	SOFT-START CONTR	OL Test Circuit Figure 2			
- 30	utdown Threshold Itage		1.3		V
		Low (Shutdown Mode)		0.6	V(max)
		High (Soft-start Mode)		2.0	V(min)
V <sub>SS</sub> So	oft-start Voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 20% of Nominal Output Voltage	2		V
		V <sub>OUT</sub> = 100% of Nominal Output Voltage	3		
I <sub>SD</sub> Sh	utdown Current	$V_{SHUTDOWN} = 0.5V$	5		μA
		(Note 8)		10	µA(max)
I <sub>SS</sub> So	oft-start Current	V <sub>SOFT-START</sub> = 2.5V	1.6		μA
		(Note 8)		5	µA(max)
Note 4: When the Note 5: When the Note 5: When the Note 6: Typical Note 7: All limits in the temperatur (SQC) methods. Note 8: ILOAD =	he LM2825 is used as shown he LM2825 is used as shown numbers are at 25°C and re s guaranteed at room tempera re derating curves. See the ap All limits are used to calcula = 0A.	capacitor discharged through a 1.5k resistor into each pin. n in <i>Figure 2</i> test circuit, system performance will be as shown n in <i>Figure 3</i> test circuit, system performance will be as shown present the most likely norm. ature (standard type face) and at temperature extremes (bold typ oplication section for curves. All limits at temperature extremes a te Average Outgoing Quality Level (AOQL). when the second stage current limit is activated. The amount of	n in Electrical Characte pe face) when output c are guaranteed using sl	ristics. urrent is limited to th landard Statistical Q	ality Control
load.		nce (no external heat sink) for the DIP-24 package with the lear			
area of approxim		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	·		







#### OPTIONAL EXTERNAL COMPONENTS

#### SOFT-START CAPACITOR

 $\mathbf{C_{SS}}$ : A capacitor on this pin provides the regulator with a Soft-start feature (slow start-up). The current drawn from the source starts out at a low average level with narrow pulses, and ramps up in a controlled manner as the pulses expand to their steady-state width. This reduces the startup current considerably, and delays and slows down the output voltage rise time.

Select a value for R1 between  $240\Omega$  and  $1.5 \text{ k}\Omega$ . The lower resistor values minimize noise pickup at the sensitive adjust pin. (For lowest temperature coefficient and the best stability with time, use 1% metal film resistors.)

 $V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \left(1 + \frac{R2}{R1}\right)$  where  $V_{REF} = 1.23V$ 

output voltage range of 7V to 15V. Both adjustable versions

are set in the following way.

### Application Information (Continued)

It is especially useful in situations where the input power source is limited in the amount of current it can deliver, since you avoid loading down this type of power supply.

Under some operating conditions, a Soft-start capacitor is required for proper operation. *Figure 5* indicates the input voltage and ambient temperature conditions for which a Soft-start capacitor may be required.

This curve is typical for full guaranteed output current and can be used as a guideline. As the output current decreases, the operating area requiring a Soft-start capacitor decreases. Capacitor values between 0.1  $\mu$ F and 1  $\mu$ F are recommended. Tantalum or ceramic capacitors are appropriate for this application.

#### INPUT CAPACITOR

 $C_{IN}$ : An optional input capacitor is required if the package is more than 6" away from the main filter or bypass capacitor. A low ESR aluminum or tantalum bypass capacitor is recommended between the input pin and ground to prevent large voltage transients from appearing at the input. In addition, to be conservative, the RMS current rating of the input capacitor should be selected to be at least ½ the DC load current. With a 1A load, a capacitor with a RMS current rating of at least 500 mA is recommended.

The voltage rating should be approximately 1.25 times the maximum input voltage. With a nominal input voltage of 12V, an aluminum electrolytic capacitor (Panasonic HFQ series or Nichicon PL series or equivalent) with a voltage rating greater than 15V (1.25 x V<sub>IN</sub>) would be needed.

Solid tantalum input capacitors should only be used where the input source is impedance current limited. High dV/dt applied at the input can cause excessive charge current through low ESR tantalum capacitors. This high charge current can result in shorting within the capacitor. It is recommended that they be surge current tested by the manufacturer.The TPS series available from AVX, and the 593D series from Sprague are both surge current tested.

Use caution when using ceramic capacitors for input bypassing, because it may cause ringing at the  $V_{\rm IN}$  pin.

#### LOWERING OUTPUT RIPPLE

When using the adjustable parts, one can achieve lower output ripple voltage by shorting a resistor internal to the LM2825. However, if this resistor is shorted, a feed forward capacitor must be used to keep the regulator stable. For this reason, this resistor must be left open on all of the fixed output voltage versions or instability will result. See the feed forward capacitor selection below. Shorting the internal resistor is accomplished by shorting pins 8 and 9 on the LM2825, and will typically reduce output ripple by 25 to 33%.

#### FEED FORWARD CAPACITOR SELECTION (CFF)

When using an adjustable part and pins 8 and 9 are shorted to reduce output ripple, a feed forward capacitor is required. This capacitor is typically between 680 pF and 2700 pF. The table of *Figure 4* shows the value for C<sub>FF</sub> for a given output voltage and feedback resistor R<sub>2</sub> (R1 = 1 kΩ).

Vout	R2	C <sub>FF</sub>
	LM2825-ADJ	
2	630	N/A
3	1.43k	N/A
4	2.26k	2700 pF
5	3.09k	2700 pF
6	3.92k	2200 pF
7	4.75k	1800 pF
8	5.49k	1500 pF
	LM2825H-ADJ	
7	4.75k	2700 pF
8	5.49k	2200 pF
9	6.34k	1800 pF
10	7.15k	1500 pF
11	8.06k	1000 pF
12	8.87k	820 pF
13	9.53k	680 pF
14	10.5k	680 pF
15	11.3k	680 pF

FIGURE 4. C<sub>FF</sub> Selection Table

#### SHUTDOWN

The circuit shown in *Figure 10* shows 2 circuits for the Shutdown/Soft-start feature using different logic signals for shutdown and using a 0.1  $\mu$ F Soft-start capacitor.

#### THERMAL CONSIDERATIONS

The LM2825 is available in a 24-pin through hole DIP. The package is molded plastic with a copper lead frame. When the package is soldered to the PC board, the copper and the board are the heat sink for the LM2825.

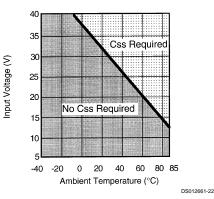
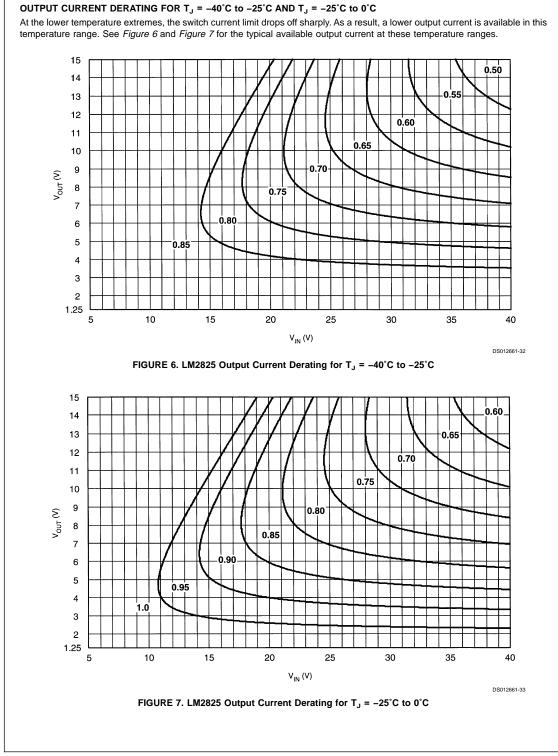


FIGURE 5. Usage of the Soft-start Capacitor

# Application Information (Continued)



# Application Information (Continued)

### OUTPUT CURRENT DERATING FOR $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $70^{\circ}C$

Due to the limited switch current, the LM2825 cannot supply the full one ampere output current over the entire input and output voltage range. *Figure 8* shows the typical available output current for any input and output voltage combination. This applies for all output voltage versions.

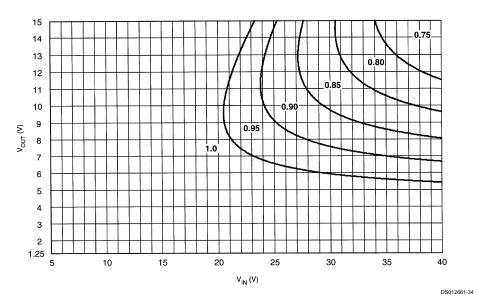


FIGURE 8. LM2825 Output Current Derating for  $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$  to  $70^{\circ}C$ 

### OUTPUT CURRENT DERATING FOR $T_A = 70^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$

At high these high ambient temperatures, the LM2825 cannot supply the full one ampere over the entire input and output voltage range. This is due to thermal reasons and *Figure 9* shows the typical available output current for any input and output voltage combination. This applies for all output voltage versions.

