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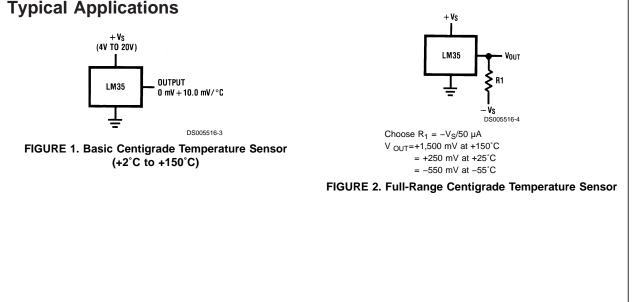
LM35 Precision Centigrade Temperature Sensors

General Description

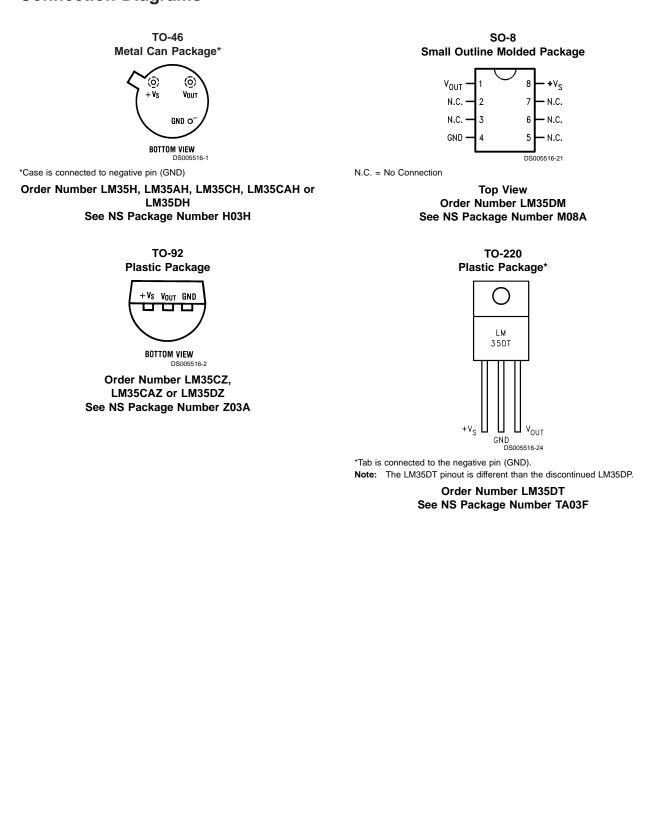
The LM35 series are precision integrated-circuit temperature sensors, whose output voltage is linearly proportional to the Celsius (Centigrade) temperature. The LM35 thus has an advantage over linear temperature sensors calibrated in Kelvin, as the user is not required to subtract a large constant voltage from its output to obtain convenient Centigrade scaling. The LM35 does not require any external calibration or trimming to provide typical accuracies of ±1/4°C at room temperature and ±34°C over a full -55 to +150°C temperature range. Low cost is assured by trimming and calibration at the wafer level. The LM35's low output impedance, linear output, and precise inherent calibration make interfacing to readout or control circuitry especially easy. It can be used with single power supplies, or with plus and minus supplies. As it draws only 60 µA from its supply, it has very low self-heating, less than 0.1°C in still air. The LM35 is rated to operate over a -55° to +150°C temperature range, while the LM35C is rated for a -40° to +110°C range (-10° with improved accuracy). The LM35 series is available packaged in hermetic TO-46 transistor packages, while the LM35C, LM35CA, and LM35D are also available in the plastic TO-92 transistor package. The LM35D is also available in an 8-lead surface mount small outline package and a plastic TO-220 package.

Features

- Calibrated directly in ° Celsius (Centigrade)
- Linear + 10.0 mV/°C scale factor
- 0.5°C accuracy guaranteeable (at +25°C)
- Rated for full –55° to +150°C range
- Suitable for remote applications
- Low cost due to wafer-level trimming
- Operates from 4 to 30 volts
- Less than 60 µA current drain
- Low self-heating, 0.08°C in still air
- Nonlinearity only ±¼°C typical
- Low impedance output, 0.1 Ω for 1 mA load



Connection Diagrams



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 10)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

Supply Voltage	+35V to -0.2V
Output Voltage	+6V to -1.0V
Output Current	10 mA
Storage Temp.;	
TO-46 Package,	–60°C to +180°C
TO-92 Package,	−60°C to +150°C
SO-8 Package,	–65°C to +150°C
TO-220 Package,	–65°C to +150°C
Lead Temp.:	
TO-46 Package, (Soldering, 10 seconds)	300°C
(Coldening, To Seconds)	300 0

TO-92 and TO-220 Package, (Soldering, 10 seconds)	260°C
SO Package (Note 12)	
Vapor Phase (60 seconds)	215°C
Infrared (15 seconds)	220°C
ESD Susceptibility (Note 11)	2500V
Specified Operating Temperature Range: (Note 2)	T_{MIN} to T $_{MAX}$
LM35, LM35A	–55°C to +150°C
LM35C, LM35CA	–40°C to +110°C
LM35D	0°C to +100°C

LM35

Electrical Characteristics

(Notes 1, 6)

			LM35A			LM35CA		ĺ	
Parameter	Conditions		Tested	Design		Tested	Design	Units	
		Typical	Limit	Limit	Typical	Limit	Limit	(Max.)	
			(Note 4)	(Note 5)		(Note 4)	(Note 5)		
Accuracy	T _A =+25°C	±0.2	±0.5		±0.2	±0.5		°C	
(Note 7)	T _A =-10°C	±0.3			±0.3		±1.0	°C	
	T _A =T _{MAX}	±0.4	±1.0		±0.4	±1.0		°C	
	T _A =T _{MIN}	±0.4	±1.0		±0.4		±1.5	°C	
Nonlinearity	T _{MIN} ≤T _A ≤T _{MAX}	±0.18		±0.35	±0.15		±0.3	°C	
(Note 8)									
Sensor Gain	T _{MIN} ≤T _A ≤T _{MAX}	+10.0	+9.9,		+10.0		+9.9,	mV/°C	
(Average Slope)			+10.1				+10.1		
Load Regulation	T _A =+25°C	±0.4	±1.0		±0.4	±1.0		mV/mA	
(Note 3) 0≤I _L ≤1 mA	T _{MIN} ≤T _A ≤T _{MAX}	±0.5		±3.0	±0.5		±3.0	mV/mA	
Line Regulation	T _A =+25°C	±0.01	±0.05		±0.01	±0.05		mV/V	
(Note 3)	4V≤V _S ≤30V	±0.02		±0.1	±0.02		±0.1	mV/V	
Quiescent Current	V _S =+5V, +25°C	56	67		56	67		μA	
(Note 9)	V _s =+5V	105		131	91		114	μA	
	V _S =+30V, +25°C	56.2	68		56.2	68		μA	
	V _s =+30V	105.5		133	91.5		116	μA	
Change of	4V≤V _S ≤30V, +25°C	0.2	1.0		0.2	1.0		μA	
Quiescent Current	4V≤V _S ≤30V	0.5		2.0	0.5		2.0	μA	
(Note 3)									
Temperature		+0.39		+0.5	+0.39		+0.5	µA/°C	
Coefficient of									
Quiescent Current									
Minimum Temperature	In circuit of	+1.5		+2.0	+1.5		+2.0	°C	
for Rated Accuracy	Figure 1, I _L =0								
Long Term Stability	T _J =T _{MAX} , for	±0.08			±0.08			°C	
	1000 hours								

Electrical Characteristics

(Notes 1, 6)

			LM35		L	.M35C, LM3	5D	
Parameter	Conditions		Tested	Design		Tested	Design	Units
		Typical	Limit	Limit	Typical	Limit	Limit	(Max.)
			(Note 4)	(Note 5)		(Note 4)	(Note 5)	
Accuracy,	T _A =+25°C	±0.4	±1.0		±0.4	±1.0		°C
LM35, LM35C	T _A =-10°C	±0.5			±0.5		±1.5	°C
(Note 7)	T _A =T _{MAX}	±0.8	±1.5		±0.8		±1.5	°C
	T _A =T _{MIN}	±0.8		±1.5	±0.8		±2.0	°C
Accuracy, LM35D	T _A =+25°C				±0.6	±1.5		°C
(Note 7)	T _A =T _{MAX}				±0.9		±2.0	°C
	T _A =T _{MIN}				±0.9		±2.0	°C
Nonlinearity	T _{MIN} ≤T _A ≤T _{MAX}	±0.3		±0.5	±0.2		±0.5	°C
(Note 8)								
Sensor Gain	T _{MIN} ≤T _A ≤T _{MAX}	+10.0	+9.8,		+10.0		+9.8,	mV/°C
(Average Slope)			+10.2				+10.2	
Load Regulation	T _A =+25°C	±0.4	±2.0		±0.4	±2.0		mV/m/
(Note 3) 0≤l _L ≤1 mA	T _{MIN} ≤T _A ≤T _{MAX}	±0.5		±5.0	±0.5		±5.0	mV/m/
Line Regulation	T _A =+25°C	±0.01	±0.1		±0.01	±0.1		mV/V
(Note 3)	4V≤V _S ≤30V	±0.02		±0.2	±0.02		±0.2	mV/V
Quiescent Current	V _S =+5V, +25°C	56	80		56	80		μA
(Note 9)	V _S =+5V	105		158	91		138	μA
	V _S =+30V, +25°C	56.2	82		56.2	82		μΑ
	V _S =+30V	105.5		161	91.5		141	μA
Change of	4V≤V _S ≤30V, +25°C	0.2	2.0		0.2	2.0		μΑ
Quiescent Current	4V≤V _S ≤30V	0.5		3.0	0.5		3.0	μA
(Note 3)								
Temperature		+0.39		+0.7	+0.39		+0.7	µA/°C
Coefficient of								
Quiescent Current								
Minimum Temperature	In circuit of	+1.5		+2.0	+1.5		+2.0	°C
for Rated Accuracy	Figure 1, I _L =0							
Long Term Stability	T $_J=T_{MAX}$, for	±0.08			±0.08			°C
	1000 hours							

Note 1: Unless otherwise noted, these specifications apply: $-55^{\circ}C \le T_J \le +150^{\circ}C$ for the LM35 and LM35A; $-40^{\circ} \le T_J \le +110^{\circ}C$ for the LM35C and LM35CA; and $0^{\circ} \le T_J \le +100^{\circ}C$ for the LM35D. $V_S = +5Vdc$ and $I_{LOAD} = 50 \ \mu$ A, in the circuit of *Figure 2*. These specifications also apply from $+2^{\circ}C$ to T_{MAX} in the circuit of *Figure 1*. Specifications in **boldface** apply over the full rated temperature range.

Note 2: Thermal resistance of the TO-46 package is 400°C/W, junction to ambient, and 24°C/W junction to case. Thermal resistance of the TO-92 package is 180°C/W junction to ambient. Thermal resistance of the small outline molded package is 220°C/W junction to ambient. Thermal resistance of the TO-220 package is 90°C/W junction to ambient. For additional thermal resistance information see table in the Applications section.

Note 3: Regulation is measured at constant junction temperature, using pulse testing with a low duty cycle. Changes in output due to heating effects can be computed by multiplying the internal dissipation by the thermal resistance.

Note 4: Tested Limits are guaranteed and 100% tested in production.

Note 5: Design Limits are guaranteed (but not 100% production tested) over the indicated temperature and supply voltage ranges. These limits are not used to calculate outgoing quality levels.

Note 6: Specifications in **boldface** apply over the full rated temperature range.

Note 7: Accuracy is defined as the error between the output voltage and 10mv/°C times the device's case temperature, at specified conditions of voltage, current, and temperature (expressed in °C).

Note 8: Nonlinearity is defined as the deviation of the output-voltage-versus-temperature curve from the best-fit straight line, over the device's rated temperature range.

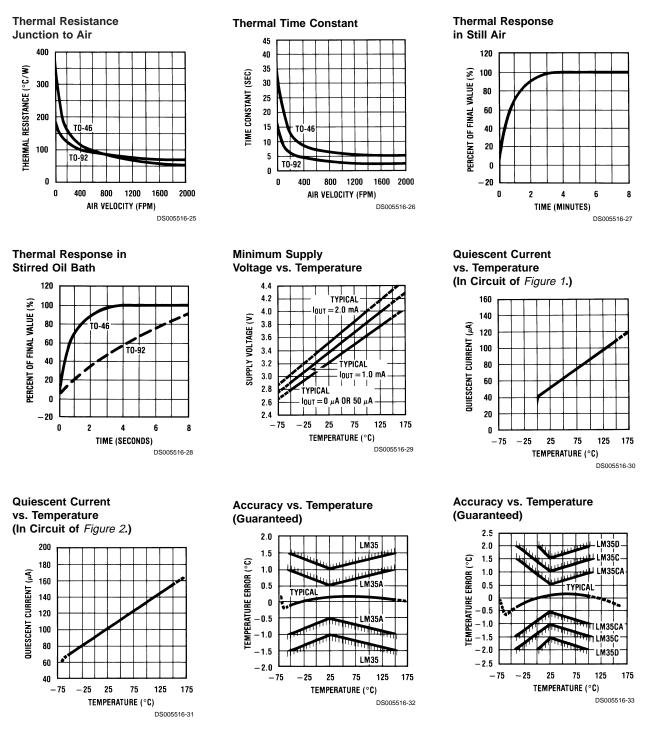
Note 9: Quiescent current is defined in the circuit of Figure 1.

Note 10: Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. DC and AC electrical specifications do not apply when operating the device beyond its rated operating conditions. See Note 1.

Note 11: Human body model, 100 pF discharged through a 1.5 $k\Omega$ resistor.

Note 12: See AN-450 "Surface Mounting Methods and Their Effect on Product Reliability" or the section titled "Surface Mount" found in a current National Semiconductor Linear Data Book for other methods of soldering surface mount devices.

Typical Performance Characteristics

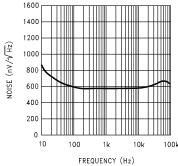


LM35

-M35

Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

Noise Voltage



DS005516-34

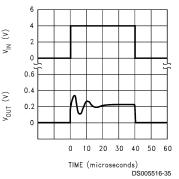
Applications

The LM35 can be applied easily in the same way as other integrated-circuit temperature sensors. It can be glued or cemented to a surface and its temperature will be within about 0.01°C of the surface temperature.

This presumes that the ambient air temperature is almost the same as the surface temperature; if the air temperature were much higher or lower than the surface temperature, the actual temperature of the LM35 die would be at an intermediate temperature between the surface temperature and the air temperature. This is expecially true for the TO-92 plastic package, where the copper leads are the principal thermal path to carry heat into the device, so its temperature might be closer to the air temperature than to the surface temperature.

To minimize this problem, be sure that the wiring to the LM35, as it leaves the device, is held at the same temperature as the surface of interest. The easiest way to do this is to cover up these wires with a bead of epoxy which will insure that the leads and wires are all at the same temperature as the surface, and that the LM35 die's temperature will not be affected by the air temperature.

Start-Up Response



The TO-46 metal package can also be soldered to a metal surface or pipe without damage. Of course, in that case the V- terminal of the circuit will be grounded to that metal. Alternatively, the LM35 can be mounted inside a sealed-end metal tube, and can then be dipped into a bath or screwed into a threaded hole in a tank. As with any IC, the LM35 and accompanying wiring and circuits must be kept insulated and dry, to avoid leakage and corrosion. This is especially true if the circuit may operate at cold temperatures where condensation can occur. Printed-circuit coatings and varnishes such as Humiseal and epoxy paints or dips are often used to insure that moisture cannot corrode the LM35 or its connections.

These devices are sometimes soldered to a small light-weight heat fin, to decrease the thermal time constant and speed up the response in slowly-moving air. On the other hand, a small thermal mass may be added to the sensor, to give the steadiest reading despite small deviations in the air temperature.

Temperature Rise of LM35 Due To Self-heating (Thermal Resistance, θ_{IA})

	TO-46,	TO-46*,	TO-92,	TO-92**,	SO-8	SO-8**	TO-220
	no heat sink	small heat fin	no heat sink	small heat fin	no heat sink	small heat fin	no heat sink
Still air	400°C/W	100°C/W	180°C/W	140°C/W	220°C/W	110°C/W	90°C/W
Moving air	100°C/W	40°C/W	90°C/W	70°C/W	105°C/W	90°C/W	26°C/W
Still oil	100°C/W	40°C/W	90°C/W	70°C/W			
Stirred oil	50°C/W	30°C/W	45°C/W	40°C/W			
(Clamped to metal,							
Infinite heat sink)	(2-	4°C/W)			(5	5°C/W)	

*Wakefield type 201, or 1" disc of 0.020" sheet brass, soldered to case, or similar.

**TO-92 and SO-8 packages glued and leads soldered to 1" square of 1/16" printed circuit board with 2 oz. foil or similar.

Typical Applications + HEAVY CAPACITIVE LOAD, WIRING, ETC. - 2k - 2k - C A HIGH-IMPEDANCE LOAD DS005516-19

FIGURE 3. LM35 with Decoupling from Capacitive Load

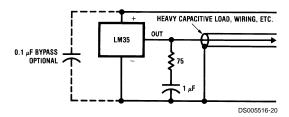
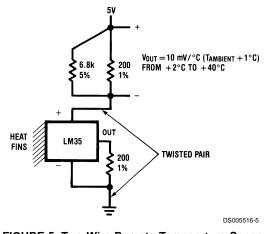


FIGURE 4. LM35 with R-C Damper

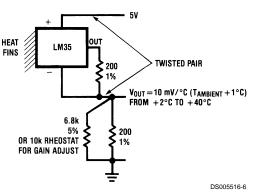
CAPACITIVE LOADS

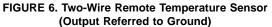
Like most micropower circuits, the LM35 has a limited ability to drive heavy capacitive loads. The LM35 by itself is able to drive 50 pf without special precautions. If heavier loads are anticipated, it is easy to isolate or decouple the load with a resistor; see *Figure 3*. Or you can improve the tolerance of capacitance with a series R-C damper from output to ground; see *Figure 4*.

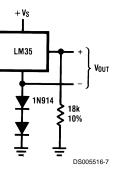
When the LM35 is applied with a 200 Ω load resistor as shown in *Figure 5*, *Figure 6* or *Figure 8* it is relatively immune to wiring capacitance because the capacitance forms a bypass from ground to input, not on the output. However, as with any linear circuit connected to wires in a hostile environment, its performance can be affected adversely by intense electromagnetic sources such as relays, radio transmitters, motors with arcing brushes, SCR transients, etc, as its wiring can act as a receiving antenna and its internal junctions can act as receiving antenna and its internal junctions can act as 75 Ω in series with 0.2 or 1 µF from output to ground are often useful. These are shown in *Figure 13*, *Figure 14*, and *Figure 16*.



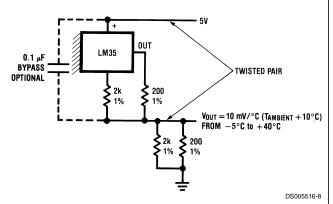




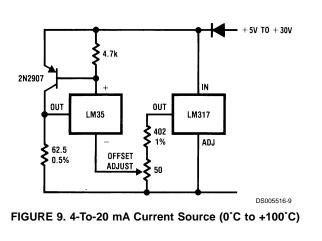






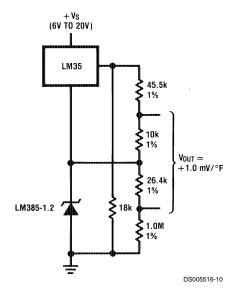






LM35

Typical Applications (Continued)





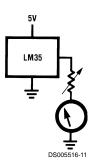


FIGURE 11. Centigrade Thermometer (Analog Meter)

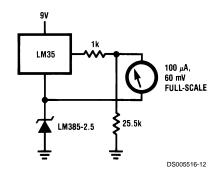
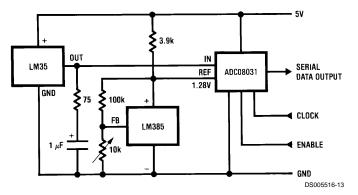
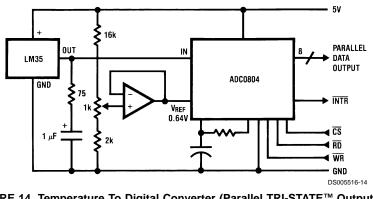


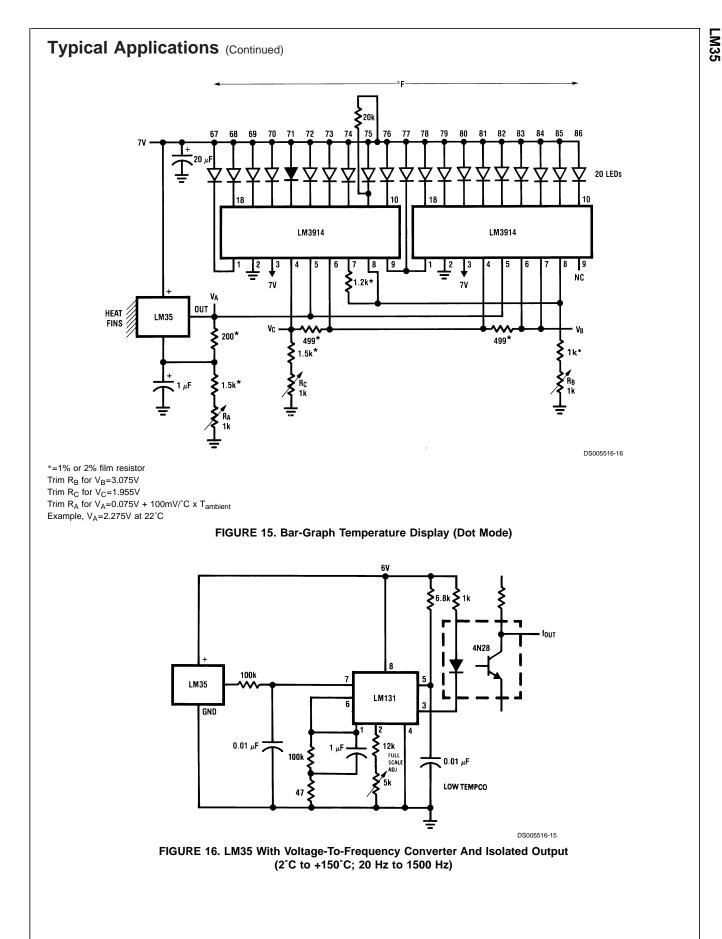
FIGURE 12. Fahrenheit ThermometerExpanded Scale Thermometer (50° to 80° Fahrenheit, for Example Shown)



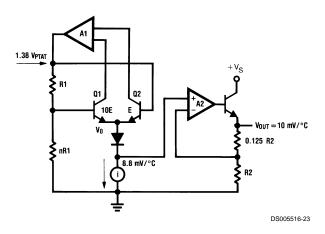


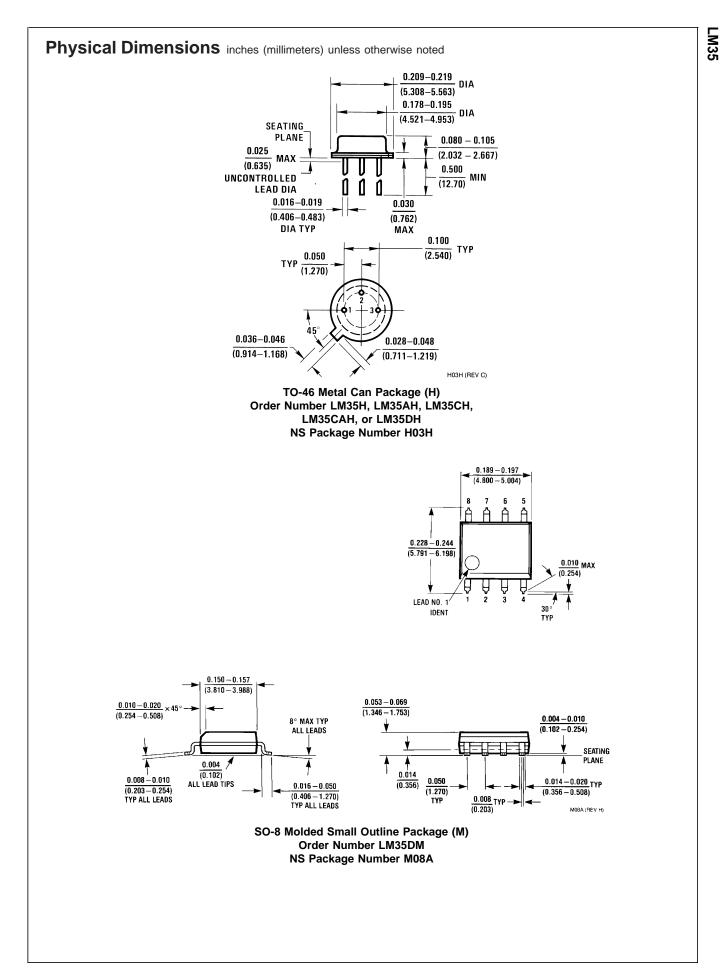


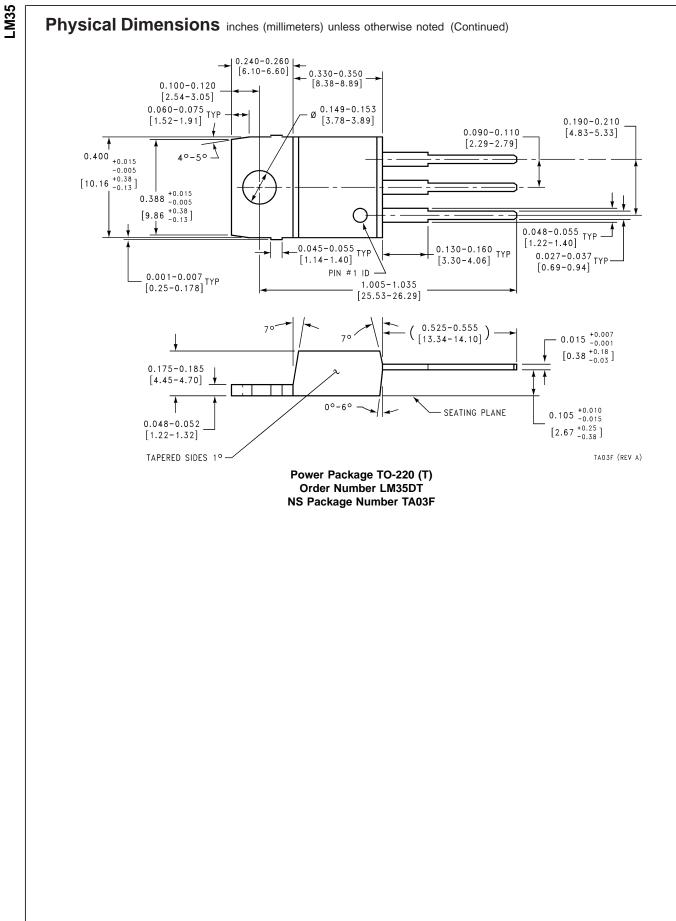


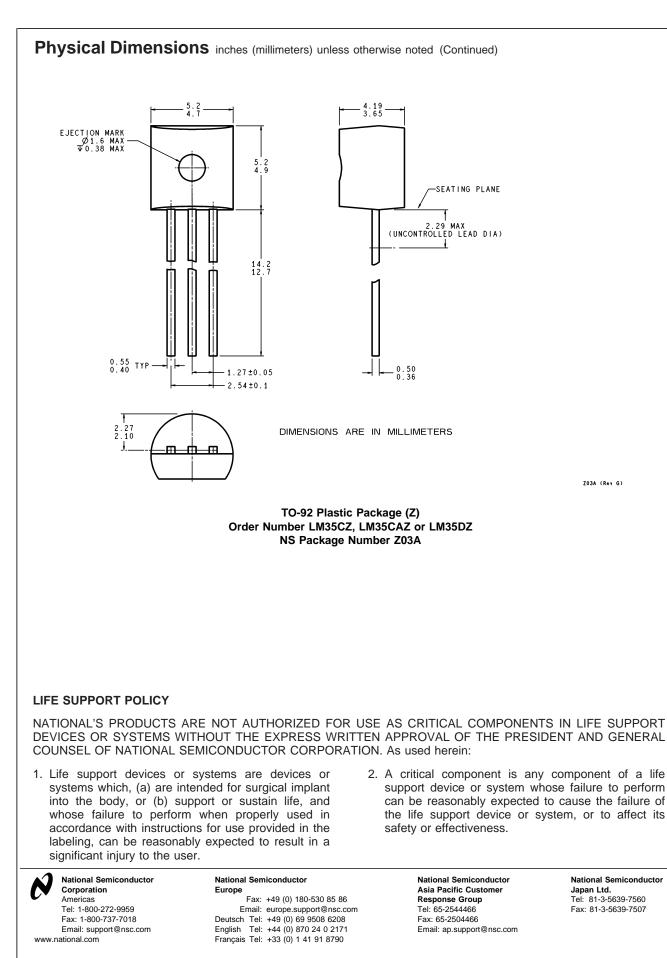


Block Diagram









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Products > Analog - Thermal Management > LM35

LM35 Product Folder

Precision Centigrade Temperature Sensor

See Also: <u>LM45</u> - lower supply voltage & smaller <u>LM50</u> - better for negative temperatures

General DescriptionFeaturesDatasheetPackage & Models	<u>Samples</u> <u>& Pricing</u>	Application Notes
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Parametric Table		Parametric Table				
Operating Temperature Range	to +100 Deg C, -40 to +110	Quiesent Current (mA)	.1410, .1160, .1330			
operating remperature mange	Deg C, -55 to +150 Deg C	Min. Accuracy	-2 Deg C, -1.5 Deg C, -1 Deg C			
Sensor Gain (Tmin to Tmax)	10 mV/Deg C	Max. Accuracy	+2 Deg C, +1.5 Deg C, +1 Deg C			
Supply Voltage Range	+4V to +30V	Temp. Resolution	Analog Output			

Datasheet

Title	Size in Kbytes	Date	View Online	Download	Receive via Email
LM35 Precision Centigrade Temperature Sensors	303 Kbytes	30- Nov- 00	<u>View Online</u>	Download	<u>Receive via</u> <u>Email</u>
LM35 Precision Centigrade Temperature Sensors (JAPANESE)	481 Kbytes		View Online	Download	Receive via

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Package Availability, Models, Samples & Pricing

Package		Status	Status Models		Samples & Electronic		0 0	Std Pack	<u>Package</u> <u>Marking</u>											
Туре	Pins	MSL		SPICE	IBIS	Orders	Qty	\$US each	Size	Marking										
SOIC_		MCI	Full			24 Hour	117	117	177.	117	1 17	4 77	1 17	117	117	117	117	60.0000	rail	[logo]¢2¢T
NARROW 8 MSL production	N/A		Buy Now	1K+	\$0.8000	of 95	LM35D M													
	Type SOIC	Type Pins SOIC 8	Type Pins MSL SOIC 8 MSI	Type Pins MSL SOIC 8 MSI	Type Pins MSL Status SOIC 8 MSI Full N/A	Type Pins MSL Status SOIC 8 MSI Full N/A	Solc MSL Full N/A N/A 24 Hour	Package Status Models Status Type Pins MSL SPICE IBIS Orders Qty SOIC 8 MSL Full N/A N/A 24 Hour 1K+	Solc 8 MSL Full N/A N/A 24 Hour 1K+ \$0.8000	Package Status Models Status Models Status Pricing Pack Type Pins MSL SPICE IBIS Orders Qty \$US each Size SOIC 8 MSL Full N/A N/A N/A IK+ \$0.8000 rail										

LM35DT	<u>TO 220</u>	3	MSL	Full production	N/A	N/A	24 Hour Buy Now	1K+	\$1.1000	rail of 45	[logo]¢U¢Z¢2¢T LM35DT
LM35DZ	<u>TO 92</u>	3	MSL	Full production	N/A	N/A	24 Hour Buy Now	1K+	\$0.7800	box of 1800	[logo]¢2¢T LM35 DZ
LM35CAZ	<u>TO 92</u>	3	MSL	Full production	N/A	N/A	Samples Buy Now	1K+	\$3.2800	box of 1800	[logo]¢2¢T LM35 CAZ
LM35CZ	<u>TO 92</u>	3	MSL	Full production	N/A	N/A	24 Hour Buy Now	1K+	\$2.8500	box of 1800	[logo]¢2¢T LM35 CZ
LM35AH	<u>TO-46</u>	3	MSL	Full production	N/A	N/A	Buy Now	50+	\$13.8000	bag of 100	[logo]¢2¢T LM35AH
LM35CAH	<u>TO-46</u>	3	<u>MSL</u>	Full production	N/A	N/A	Buy Now	50+	\$7.8300	bag of 100	[logo]¢2¢T LM35CAH
LM35CH	<u>TO-46</u>	3	<u>MSL</u>	Full production	N/A	N/A	Buy Now	1K+	\$6.0000	bag of 100	[logo]¢2¢T LM35CH
LM35DH	<u>TO-46</u>	3	MSL	Full production	N/A	N/A	Buy Now	50+	\$1.6700	bag of 100	[logo]¢2¢T LM35DH
LM35H	<u>TO-46</u>	3	MSL	Full production	N/A	N/A	Buy Now	50+	\$10.5000	bag of 100	[logo]¢2¢T LM35H
LM35 MDC	Di	<u>e</u>		Full production	N/A	N/A	Samples			tray of N/A	-
LM35 MWC	Wat	fer		Full production	N/A	N/A				wafer jar of N/A	-

General Description

The LM35 series are precision integrated-circuit temperature sensors, whose output voltage is linearly proportional to the Celsius (Centigrade) temperature. The LM35 thus has an advantage over linear temperature sensors calibrated in ° Kelvin, as the user is not required to subtract a large constant voltage from its output to obtain convenient Centigrade scaling. The LM35 does not require any external calibration or trimming to provide typical accuracies of $\pm \frac{1}{4}$ °C at room temperature and $\pm \frac{3}{4}$ °C over a full -55 to +150 °C temperature range. Low cost is assured by trimming and calibration make interfacing to readout or control circuitry especially easy. It can be used with single power supplies, or with plus and minus supplies. As it draws only 60 μ A from its supply, it has very low self-heating, less than 0.1 °C in still air. The LM35 is rated to operate over a -55° to +150°C temperature range, while the LM35C is rated for a -40° to +110°C range (-10° with improved accuracy). The LM35 series is available packaged in hermetic TO-46 transistor packages, while the LM35C, LM35CA, and LM35D are also available in the plastic TO-92 transistor package.

Features

- Calibrated directly in ° Celsius (Centigrade)
- Linear + $10.0 \text{ mV/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ scale factor
- 0.5°C accuracy guaranteeable (at +25°C)
- Rated for full -55° to +150°C range
- Suitable for remote applications
- Low cost due to wafer-level trimming
- Operates from 4 to 30 volts
- Less than 60 μ A current drain
- Low self-heating, 0.08°C in still air
- Nonlinearity only $\pm \frac{1}{4}$ °C typical
- Low impedance output, 0.1 Ohm for 1 mA load

Application Notes

Title	Size in Kbytes	llato	View Online	Download	Receive via Email
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