

To our customers,

Old Company Name in Catalogs and Other Documents

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Renesas Electronics website: <http://www.renesas.com>

April 1st, 2010
Renesas Electronics Corporation

Issued by: Renesas Electronics Corporation (<http://www.renesas.com>)

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Preliminary

Notice: This is not final specification.
Some parametric limits are subject to change.

FEATURES

- Flow-Through Read mode, Single Late Write mode
- Fast access time: 7.5 ns and 8.5 ns
- Single 3.3V -5% and +5% power supply V_{DD}
- Separate V_{DDQ} for 3.3V or 2.5V I/O
- Individual byte write (BWA# - BWD#) controls may be tied LOW
- Single Read/Write control pin (W#)
- CKE# pin to enable clock and suspend operations
- Internally self-timed, registers outputs eliminate the need to control G#
- Snooze mode (ZZ) for power down
- Three chip enables for simple depth expansion

Package

100pin TQFP

APPLICATION

High-end networking products that require high bandwidth, such as switches and routers.

FUNCTION

Synchronous circuitry allows for precise cycle control triggered by a positive edge clock transition.

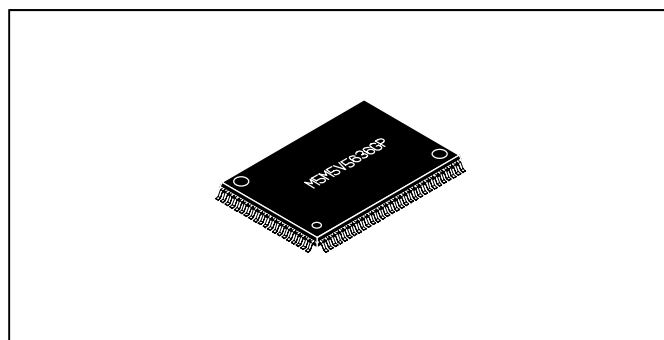
Synchronous signals include : all Addresses, all Data Inputs, all Chip Enables (E1#, E2, E3#), Address Advance/Load (ADV), Clock Enable (CKE#), Byte Write Enables (BWA#, BWB#, BWC#, BWD#) and Read/Write (W#).

Write operations are controlled by the four Byte Write Enables (BWA# - BWD#) and Read/Write(W#) inputs. All writes are conducted with on-chip synchronous self-timed write circuitry.

Asynchronous inputs include Output Enable (G#), Clock (CLK) and Snooze Enable (ZZ).

The HIGH input of ZZ pin puts the SRAM in the power-down state.

All read, write and deselect cycles are initiated by the ADV LOW input. Subsequent burst address can be internally generated as controlled by the ADV HIGH input.

**PART NAME TABLE**

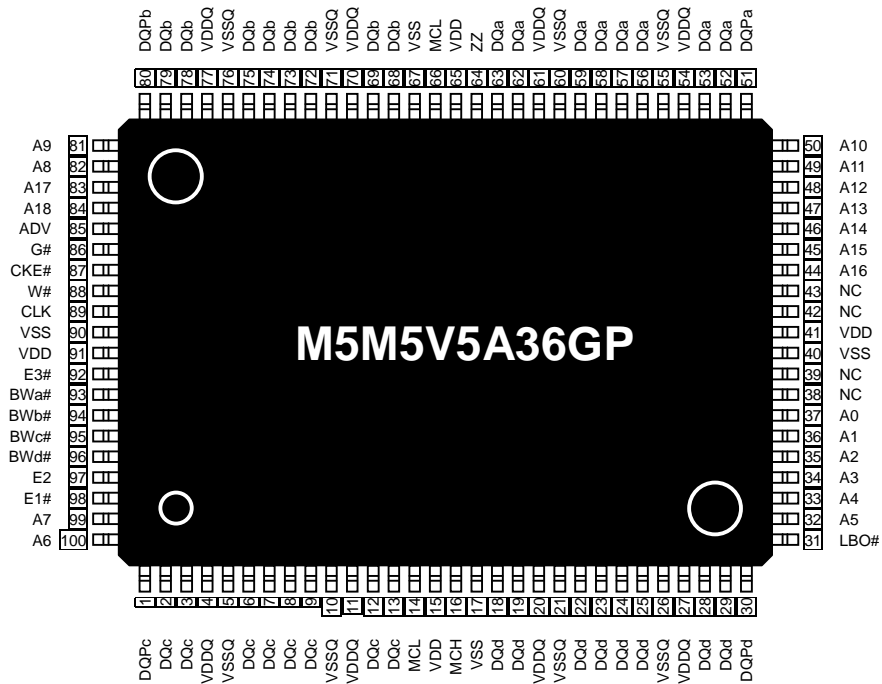
Part Name	Access	Cycle	Active Current (max.)	Standby Current (max.)
M5M5V5A36GP-75	7.5ns	8.5ns	280mA	30mA
M5M5V5A36GP-85	8.5ns	10ns	260mA	30mA

Renesas LSIs
M5M5V5A36GP-75,85

18874368-BIT(524288-WORD BY 36-BIT) Flow-Through NETWORK SRAM

PIN CONFIGURATION(TOP VIEW)

100pin TQFP

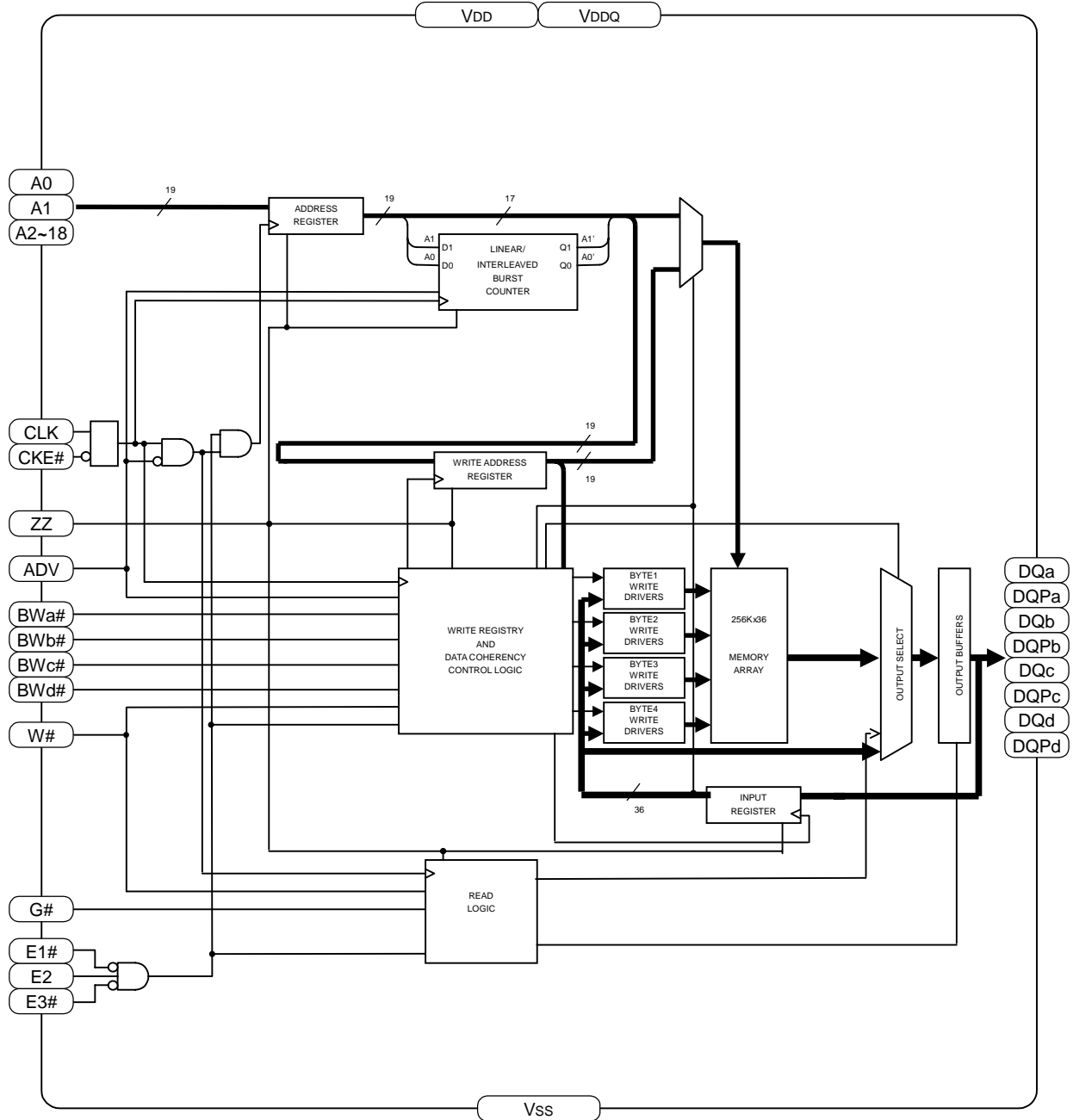


Note1. MCH means "Must Connect High". MCH should be connected to HIGH.
 Note2. MCL means "Must Connect Low". MCL should be connected to LOW.

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BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note3. The BLOCK DIAGRAM illustrates simplified device operation. See TRUTH TABLE, PIN FUNCTION and timing diagrams for detailed information.

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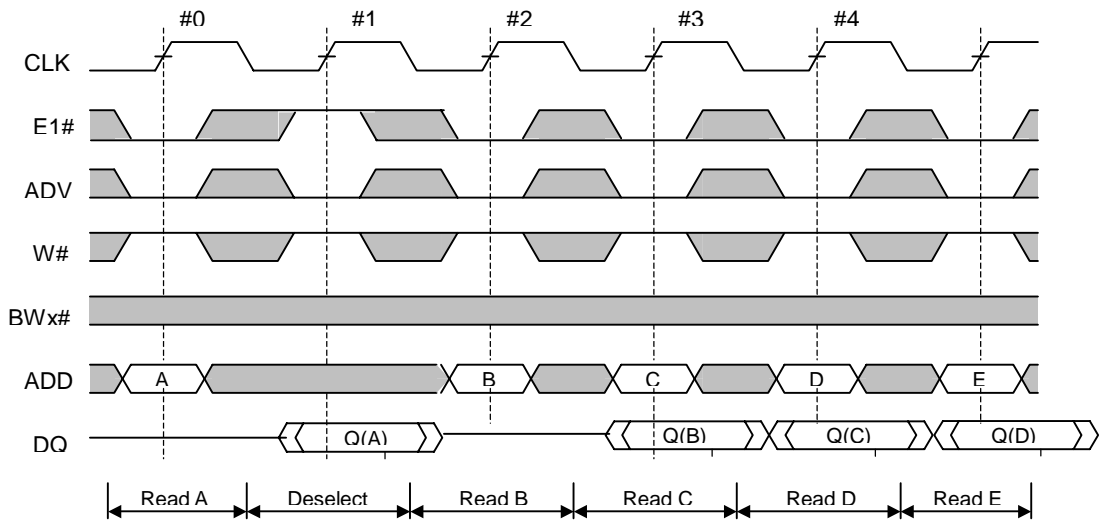
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PIN FUNCTION

Pin	Name	Function
A0~A18	Synchronous Address Inputs	These inputs are registered and must meet the setup and hold times around the rising edge of CLK. A0 and A1 are the two least significant bits (LSB) of the address field and set the internal burst counter if burst is desired.
BWa#, BWb#, BWc#, BWd#	Synchronous Byte Write Enables	These active LOW inputs allow individual bytes to be written when a WRITE cycle is active and must meet the setup and hold times around the rising edge of CLK. BYTE WRITES need to be asserted on the same cycle as the address. BWs are associated with addresses and apply to subsequent data. BWa# controls DQa, DQP a pins; BWb# controls DQb, DQP b pins; BWc# controls DQc, DQP c pins; BWd# controls DQd, DQP d pins.
CLK	Clock Input	This signal registers the address, data, chip enables, byte write enables and burst control inputs on its rising edge. All synchronous inputs must meet setup and hold times around the clock's rising edge.
E1#	Synchronous Chip Enable	This active LOW input is used to enable the device and is sampled only when a new external address is loaded (ADV is LOW).
E2	Synchronous Chip Enable	This active High input is used to enable the device and is sampled only when a new external address is loaded (ADV is LOW). This input can be used for memory depth expansion.
E3#	Synchronous Chip Enable	This active Low input is used to enable the device and is sampled only when a new external address is loaded (ADV is LOW). This input can be used for memory depth expansion.
G#	Output Enable	This active LOW asynchronous input enable the data I/O output drivers.
ADV	Synchronous Address Advance/Load	When HIGH, this input is used to advance the internal burst counter, controlling burst access after the external address is loaded. When HIGH, W# is ignored. A LOW on this pin permits a new address to be loaded at CLK rising edge.
CKE#	Synchronous Clock Enable	This active LOW input permits CLK to propagate throughout the device. When HIGH, the device ignores the CLK input and effectively internally extends the previous CLK cycle. This input must meet setup and hold times around the rising edge of CLK.
LBO#	Burst Mode Control	This DC operated pin allows the choice of either an interleaved burst or a linear burst. If this pin is HIGH or NC, an interleaved burst occurs. When this pin is LOW, a linear burst occurs, and input leak current to this pin.
ZZ	Snooze Enable	This active HIGH asynchronous input causes the device to enter a low-power standby mode in which all data in the memory array is retained. When active, all other inputs are ignored. When this pin is LOW or NC, the SRAM normally operates.
W#	Synchronous Read/Write	This active input determines the cycle type when ADV is LOW. This is the only means for determining READs and WRITEs. READ cycles may not be converted into WRITEs (and vice versa) other than by loading a new address. A LOW on the pin permits BYTE WRITE operations and must meet the setup and hold times around the rising edge of CLK. Full bus width WRITEs occur if all byte write enables are LOW.
DQa,DQP a,DQb,DQP b,DQc,DQP c,DQd,DQP d	Synchronous Data I/O	Byte "a" is DQa , DQP a pins; Byte "b" is DQb, DQP b pins; Byte "c" is DQc, DQP c pins; Byte "d" is DQd,DQP d pins. Input data must meet setup and hold times around CLK rising edge.
VDD	VDD	Core Power Supply
VSS	VSS	Core Ground
VDDQ	VDDQ	I/O buffer Power supply
VSSQ	VSSQ	I/O buffer Ground
MCH	Must Connect High	These pins should be connected to HIGH
MCL	Must Connect Low	These pins should be connected to LOW
NC	No Connect	These pins are not internally connected and may be connected to ground.

Read Operations Flow-Through Read

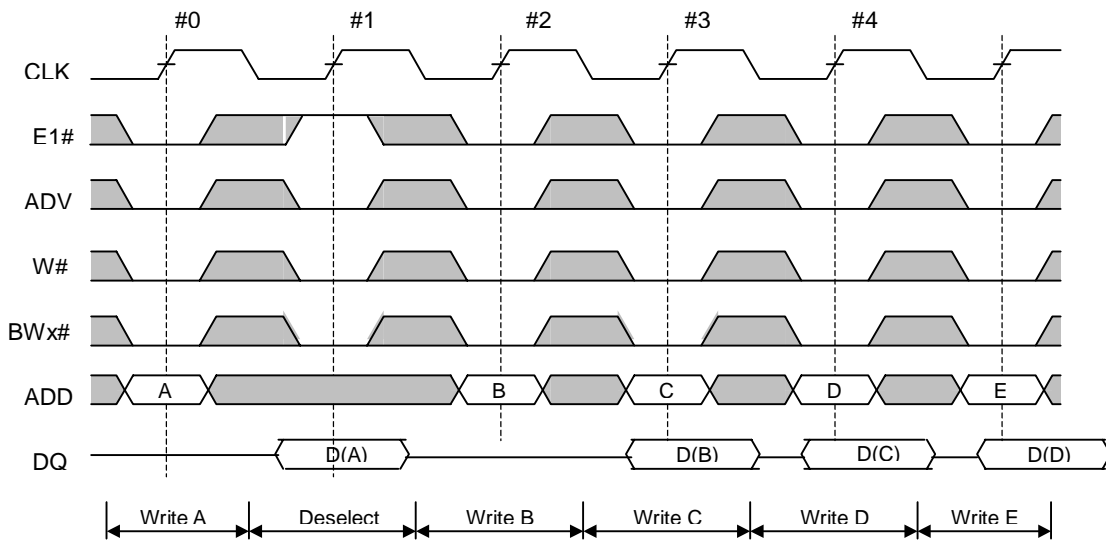
Read operation is initiated when the following conditions are satisfied at the rising edge of clock: All three chip enables (E1#, E2 and E3#) are active, the write enable input signal (W#) is deasserted high, and ADV is asserted low.



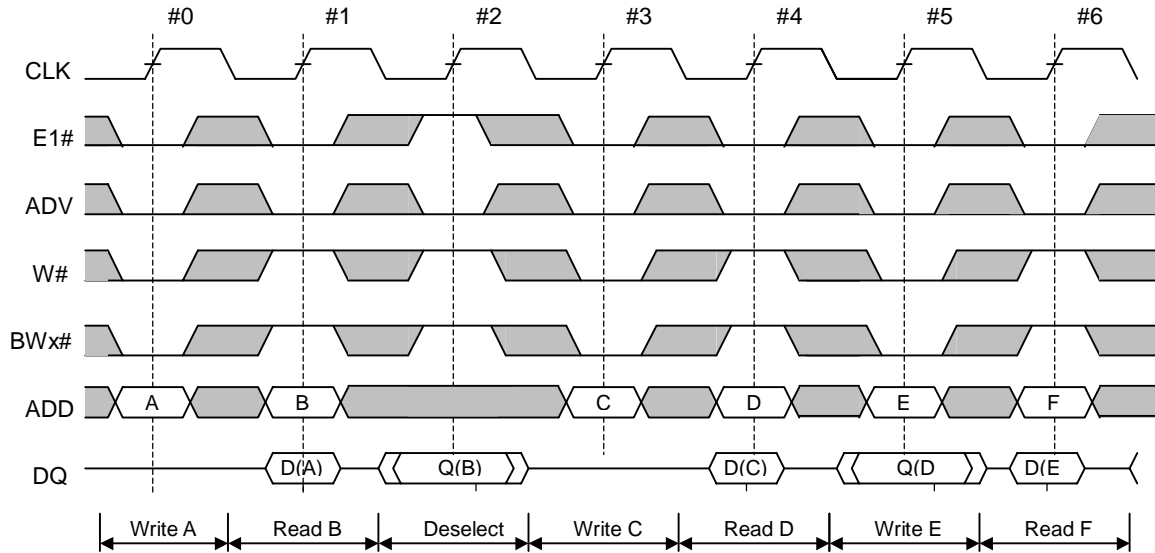
Write Operation Single Late Write

Write operation occurs when the following conditions are satisfied at the rising edge of clock: All three chip enables (E1#, E2 and E3#) are active, the write enable input signal (W#) is asserted low, and ADV is asserted low.

In Single Late Write the RAM requires Data in one rising clock edge later than the edge used to load Address and Control.



Single Late Write with Flow-Through Read



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DC OPERATED TRUTH TABLE

Name	Input Status	Operation
LBO#	HIGH or NC	Interleaved Burst Sequence
	LOW	Linear Burst Sequence

Note4. LBO# is DC operated pin.

Note5. NC means No Connection.

Note6. See BURST SEQUENCE TABLE about interleaved and Linear Burst Sequence.

BURST SEQUENCE TABLE

Interleaved Burst Sequence (when LBO# = HIGH or NC)

Operation	A18~A2	A1,A0			
First access, latch external address	A18~A2	0, 0	0, 1	1, 0	1, 1
Second access(first burst address)	latched A18~A2	0, 1	0, 0	1, 1	1, 0
Third access(second burst address)	latched A18~A2	1, 0	1, 1	0, 0	0, 1
Fourth access(third burst address)	latched A18~A2	1, 1	1, 0	0, 1	0, 0

Linear Burst Sequence

Operation	A18~A2	A1,A0			
First access, latch external address	A18~A2	0, 0	0, 1	1, 0	1, 1
Second access(first burst address)	latched A18~A2	0, 1	1, 0	1, 1	0, 0
Third access(second burst address)	latched A18~A2	1, 0	1, 1	0, 0	0, 1
Fourth access(third burst address)	latched A18~A2	1, 1	0, 0	0, 1	1, 0

Note7. The burst sequence wraps around to its initial state upon completion.

TRUTH TABLE

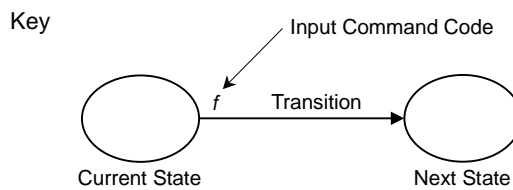
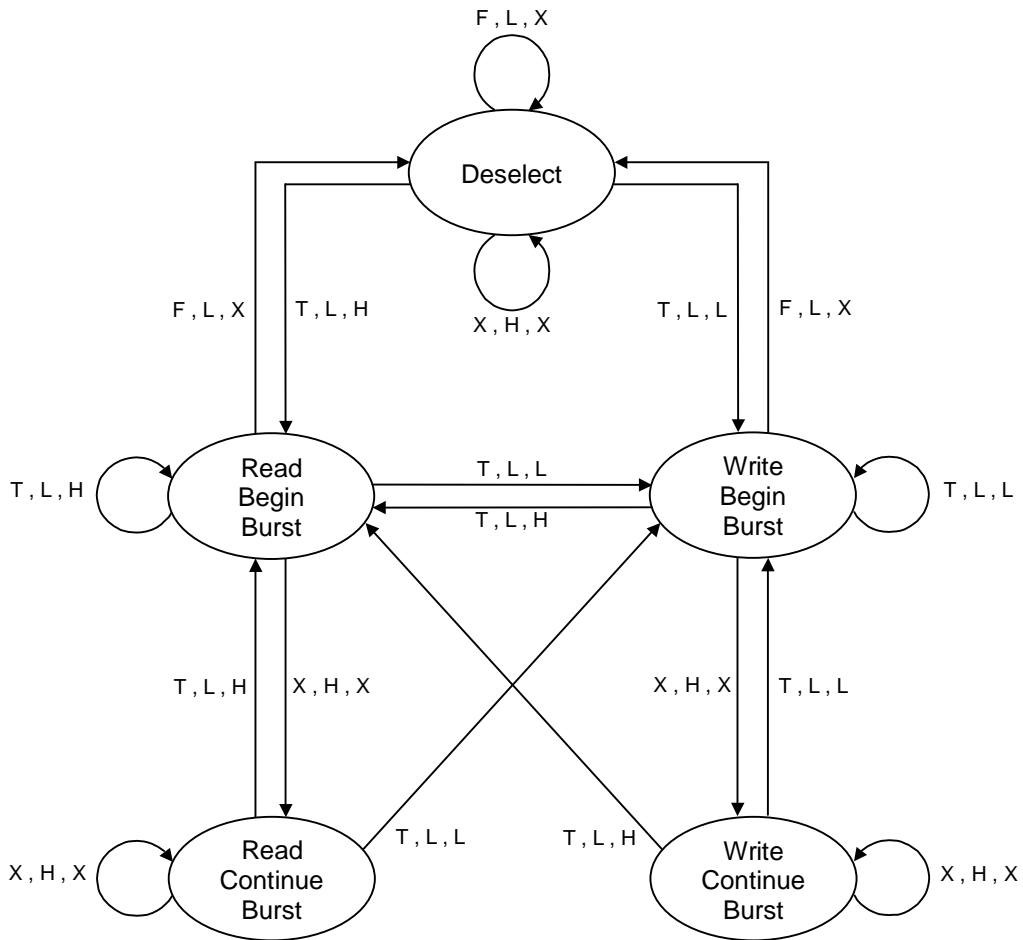
E1#	E2	E3#	ZZ	ADV	W#	BWx#	G#	CKE#	CLK	DQ	Address used	Operation
H	X	X	L	L	X	X	X	L	L->H	High-Z	None	Deselect Cycle
X	L	X	L	L	X	X	X	L	L->H	High-Z	None	Deselect Cycle
X	X	H	L	L	X	X	X	L	L->H	High-Z	None	Deselect Cycle
X	X	X	L	H	X	X	X	L	L->H	High-Z	None	Continue Deselect Cycle
L	H	L	L	L	H	X	L	L	L->H	Q	External	Read Cycle, Begin Burst
X	X	X	L	H	X	X	L	L	L->H	Q	Next	Read Cycle, Continue Burst
L	H	L	L	L	H	X	H	L	L->H	High-Z	External	NOP/Dummy Read, Begin Burst
X	X	X	L	H	X	X	H	L	L->H	High-Z	Next	Dummy Read, Continue Burst
L	H	L	L	L	L	L	X	L	L->H	D	External	Write Cycle, Begin Burst
X	X	X	L	H	X	L	X	L	L->H	D	Next	Write Cycle, Continue Burst
L	H	L	L	L	L	H	X	L	L->H	High-Z	None	NOP/Write Abort, Begin Burst
X	X	X	L	H	X	H	X	L	L->H	High-Z	Next	Write Abort, Continue Burst
X	X	X	L	X	X	X	X	H	L->H	-	Current	Ignore Clock edge, Stall
X	X	X	H	X	X	X	X	X	X	High-Z	None	Snooze Mode

Note8. "H" = input VIH; "L" = input VIL; "X" = input VIH or VIL.

Note9. BWx#=H means all Synchronous Byte Write Enables (BWa#,BWb#,BWc#,BWd#) are HIGH. BWx#=L means one or more Synchronous Byte Write Enables are LOW.

Note10. All inputs except G# and ZZ must meet setup and hold times around the rising edge (LOW to HIGH) of CLK.

STATE DIAGRAM



Note11. The notation "x , x , x" controlling the state transitions above indicate the state of inputs E, ADV and W# respectively.

Note12. If (E1# = L and E2 = H and E3# = L) then E="T" else E="F".

Note13. "H" = input VIH; "L" = input VIL; "X" = input VIH or VIL; "T" = input "true"; "F" = input "false".

WRITE TRUTH TABLE

W#	BWa#	BWb#	BWc#	BWd#	Function
H	X	X	X	X	Read
L	L	H	H	H	Write Byte a
L	H	L	H	H	Write Byte b
L	H	H	L	H	Write Byte c
L	H	H	H	L	Write Byte d
L	L	L	L	L	Write All Bytes
L	H	H	H	H	Write Abort/NOP

Note14. "H" = input VIH; "L" = input VIL; "X" = input VIH or VIL.

Note15. All inputs except G# and ZZ must meet setup and hold times around the rising edge (LOW to HIGH) of CLK.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
VDD	Power Supply Voltage	With respect to Vss	-1.0*~4.6	V
VDDQ	I/O Buffer Power Supply Voltage		-1.0*~4.6	V
VI	Input Voltage		-1.0~VDDQ+1.0**	V
VO	Output Voltage		-1.0~VDDQ+1.0**	V
PD	Maximum Power Dissipation (VDD)		1180	mW
TOPR	Operating Temperature		0~70	°C
TSTG(bias)	Storage Temperature(bias)		-10~85	°C
TSTG	Storage Temperature		-65~150	°C

Note16.* This is -1.0V when pulse width≤2ns, and -0.5V in case of DC.

** This is -1.0V~VDDQ+1.0V when pulse width≤2ns, and -0.5V~VDDQ+0.5V in case of DC.

CAPACITANCE

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Limits			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
CI	Input Capacitance	VI=GND, VI=25mVrms, f=1MHz			6	pF
CO	Input / Output(DQ) Capacitance	VO=GND, VO=25mVrms, f=1MHz			8	pF

Note19.This parameter is sampled.

THERMAL RESISTANCE

4-Layer PC board mounted (70x70x1.6mmT)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Limits			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
θJA	Thermal Resistance Junction Ambient	Air velocity=0m/sec		28		°C/W
		Air velocity=2m/sec		20		°C/W
θJC	Thermal Resistance Junction to Case			6.6		°C/W

Note20.This parameter is sampled.

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DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=0~70°C, VDD=3.135~3.465V, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Limits		Unit
			Min	Max	
VDD	Power Supply Voltage		3.135	3.465	V
VDDQ	I/O Buffer Power Supply Voltage	VDDQ = 3.3V	3.135	3.465	V
		VDDQ = 2.5V	2.375	2.625	
VIH	High-level Input Voltage	VDDQ = 3.135~3.465V	2.0	VDDQ+0.3*	V
		VDDQ = 2.375~2.625V	1.7		
VIL	Low-level Input Voltage	VDDQ = 3.135~3.465V	-0.3*	0.8	V
		VDDQ = 2.375~2.625V		0.7	
VOH	High-level Output Voltage	IOH = -2.0mA	VDDQ-0.4		V
VOL	Low-level Output Voltage	IOL = 2.0mA		0.4	V
ILI	Input Current except ZZ and LBO#	VI = 0V ~ VDDQ		10	μA
	Input Current of LBO#	VI = 0V ~ VDDQ		100	
	Input Current of ZZ	VI = 0V ~ VDDQ		100	
ILO	Off-state Output Current	VI (G#) ≥ VIH, VO = 0V ~ VDDQ		10	μA
ICC1	Power Supply Current : Operating	Device selected; Output Open VI ≤ VIL or VI ≥ VIH ZZ ≤ VIL	-75(Cycle time=8.5ns)	280	mA
			-85(Cycle time=10ns)	260	
ICC2	Power Supply Current : Deselected	Device deselected VI ≤ VIL or VI ≥ VIH ZZ ≤ VIL	-75(Cycle time=8.5ns)	90	mA
			-85(Cycle time=10ns)	80	
ICC3	CMOS Standby Current (CLK stopped standby mode)	Device deselected; Output Open VI ≤ VSS+0.2V or VI ≥ VDDQ-0.2V CLK frequency=0Hz, All inputs static		30	mA
ICC4	Snooze Mode Standby Current	Snooze mode ZZ ≥ VDDQ-0.2V		30	mA
ICC5	Stall Current	Device selected; Output Open CKE# ≥ VIH VI ≤ VSS+0.2V or VI ≥ VDDQ-0.2V	-75(Cycle time=8.5ns)	80	mA
			-85(Cycle time=10ns)	70	

Note17.*VILmin is -1.0V and VIH max is VDDQ+1.0V in case of AC(Pulse width≤2ns).

Note18."Device Deselected" means device is in power-down mode as defined in the truth table.

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=0~70°C, VDD=3.135~3.465V, unless otherwise noted)

(1) MEASUREMENT CONDITION

- Input pulse levels $V_{IH}=V_{DDQ}$, $V_{IL}=0V$
- Input rise and fall times faster than or equal to 1V/ns
- Input timing reference levels $V_{IH}=V_{IL}=0.5*V_{DDQ}$
- Output reference levels $V_{IH}=V_{IL}=0.5*V_{DDQ}$
- Output load Fig.1

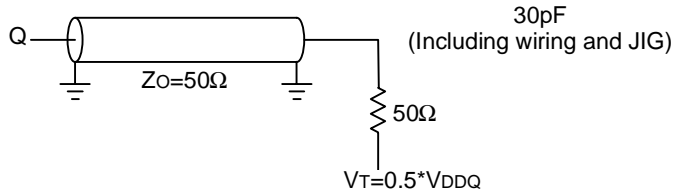


Fig.1 Output load

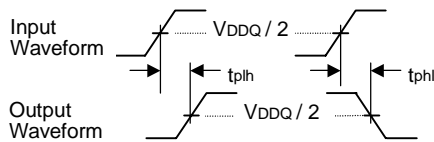


Fig.2 Tdly measurement

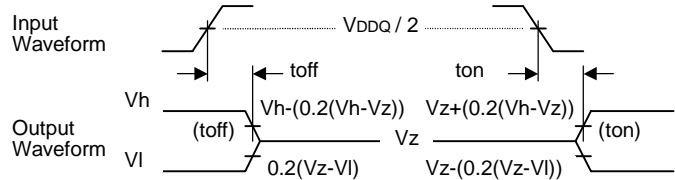


Fig.3 Tri-State measurement

Note21. Valid Delay Measurement is made from the $V_{DDQ}/2$ on the input waveform to the $V_{DDQ}/2$ on the output waveform.

Input waveform should have a slew rate of faster than or equal to 1V/ns.

Note22. Tri-state toff measurement is made from the $V_{DDQ}/2$ on the input waveform to the output waveform moving 20% from its initial to final Value $V_{DDQ}/2$.

Note: the initial value is not V_{OL} or V_{OH} as specified in DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS table.

Note23. Tri-state ton measurement is made from the $V_{DDQ}/2$ on the input waveform to the output waveform moving 20% from its initial Value $V_{DDQ}/2$ to its final Value.

Note: the final value is not V_{OL} or V_{OH} as specified in DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS table.

Note24. Clocks, Data, Address and control signals will be tested with a minimum input slew rate of faster than or equal to 1V/ns.

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(2)TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Limits				Unit
		-75		-85		
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Clock						
tKHKH	Clock Cycle time	8.5		10		ns
tKHKL	Clock HIGH time	2.8		3.0		ns
tKLKH	Clock LOW time	2.8		3.0		ns
Output times						
tKHQV	Clock HIGH to output valid		7.5		8.5	ns
tKHQX	Clock HIGH to output invalid	2.5		2.5		ns
tKHQX1	Clock HIGH to output in LOW-Z	2.5		2.5		ns
tKHQZ	Clock HIGH to output in High-Z		4.0		5.0	ns
tGLQV	G# to output valid		3.5		4.0	ns
tGLQX1	G# to output in Low-Z	0.0		0.0		ns
tGHQZ	G# to output in High-Z		3.5		4.0	ns
Setup times						
tAVKH	Address valid to clock HIGH	2.0		2.0		ns
tckeVKH	CKE# valid to clock HIGH	2.0		2.0		ns
tadvVKH	ADV valid to clock HIGH	2.0		2.0		ns
tWVKH	Write valid to clock HIGH	2.0		2.0		ns
tBVKH	Byte write valid to clock HIGH (BWA#~BWD#)	2.0		2.0		ns
tEVKH	Enable valid to clock HIGH (E1#,E2,E3#)	2.0		2.0		ns
tDVKH	Data In valid to clock HIGH	2.0		2.0		ns
Hold times						
tKHAX	Clock HIGH to Address don't care	0.5		0.5		ns
tKHckeX	Clock HIGH to CKE# don't care	0.5		0.5		ns
tKHadvX	Clock HIGH to ADV don't care	0.5		0.5		ns
tKHwX	Clock HIGH to Write don't care	0.5		0.5		ns
tKHBX	Clock HIGH to Byte Write don't care (BWA#~BWb#)	0.5		0.5		ns
tKHEx	Clock HIGH to Enable don't care (E1#,E2,E3#)	0.5		0.5		ns
tKHDX	Clock HIGH to Data In don't care	0.5		0.5		ns
ZZ						
tZZS	ZZ standby		2*tKHKH		2*tKHKH	ns
tZZREC	ZZ recovery		2*tKHKH		2*tKHKH	ns

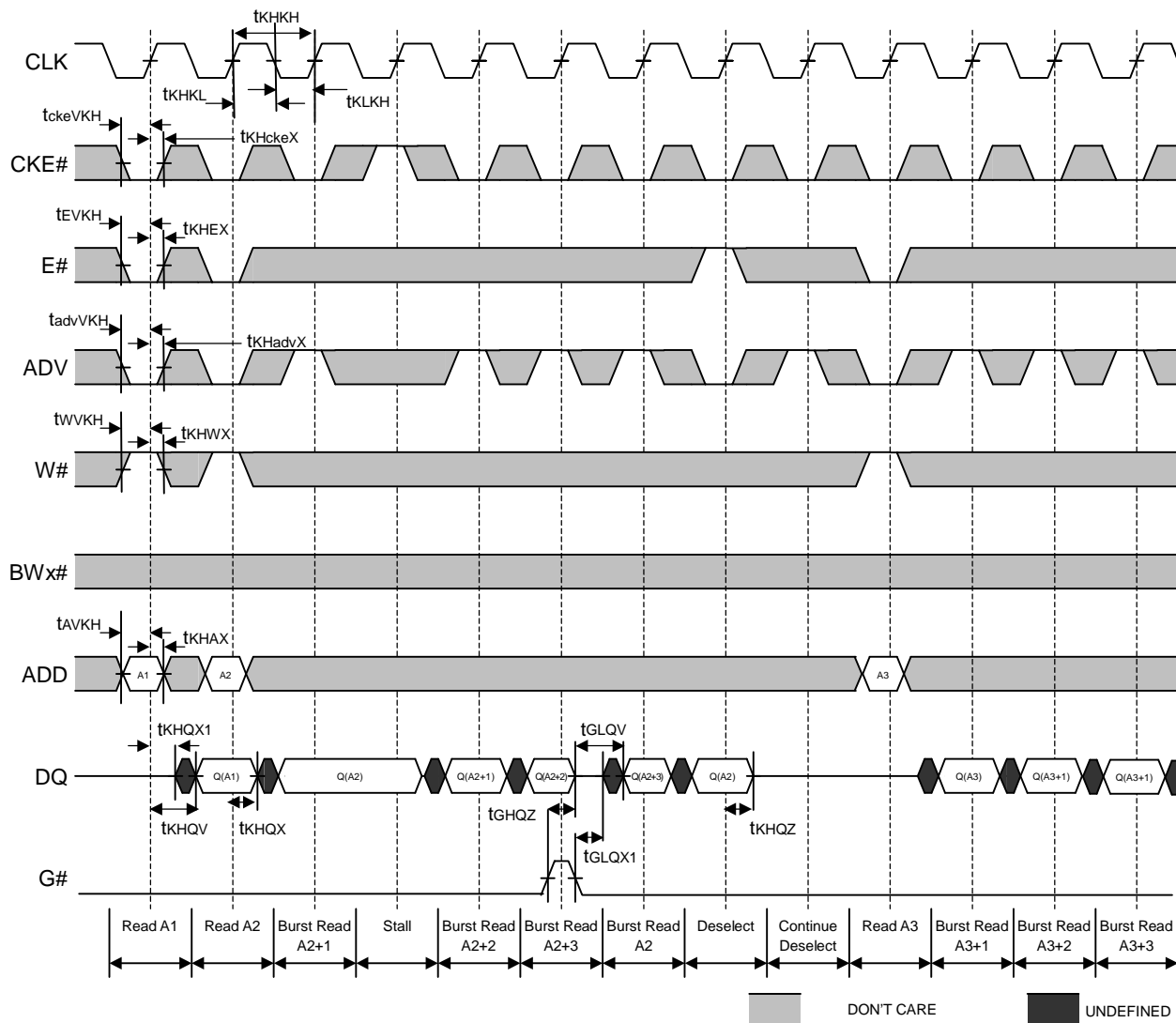
Note25.All parameter except tZZS, tZZREC in this table are measured on condition that ZZ=LOW fix.

Note26.Test conditions is specified with the output loading shown in Fig.1 unless otherwise noted.

Note27. tKHQX1, tKHQZ, tGLQX1, tGHQZ are sampled.

Note28.LBO# is static and must not change during normal operation.

(3)READ TIMING

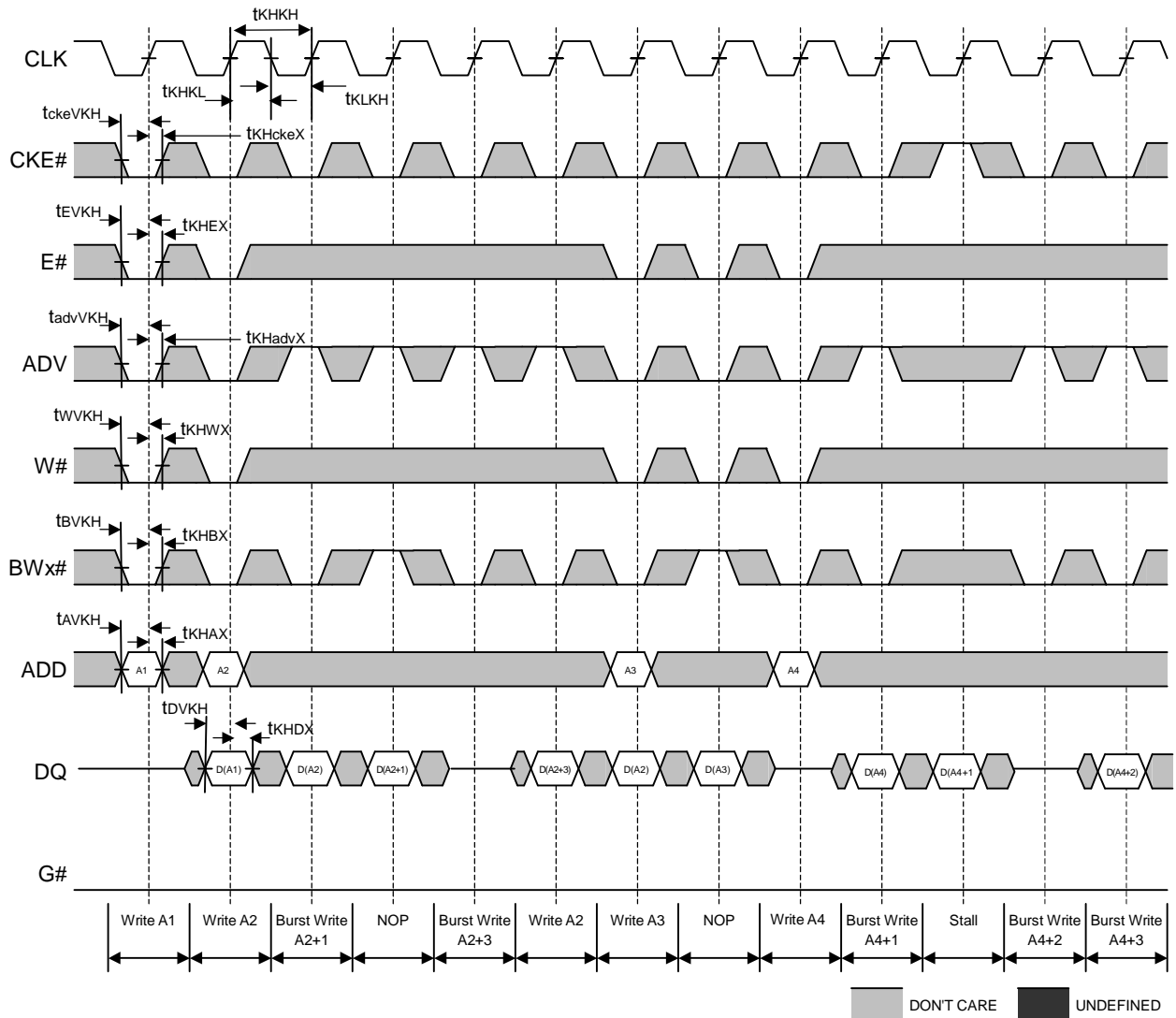


Note29.Q(An) refers to output from address An. Q(An+1) refers to output from the next internal burst address following An.

Note30. E# represents three signals. When E# is LOW, it represents E1# is LOW, E2 is HIGH and E3# is LOW.

Note31.ZZ is fixed LOW.

(4)WRITE TIMING

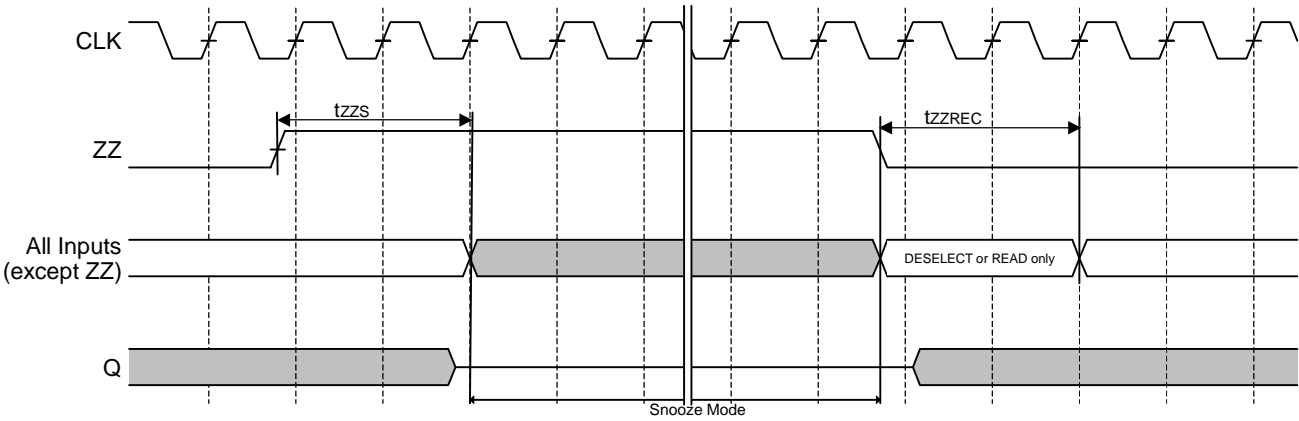


Note32. Q(An) refers to output from address An. Q(An+1) refers to output from the next internal burst address following An.

Note33. E# represents three signals. When E# is LOW, it represents E1# is LOW, E2 is HIGH and E3# is LOW.

Note34. ZZ is fixed LOW.

(6)SNOOZE MODE TIMING

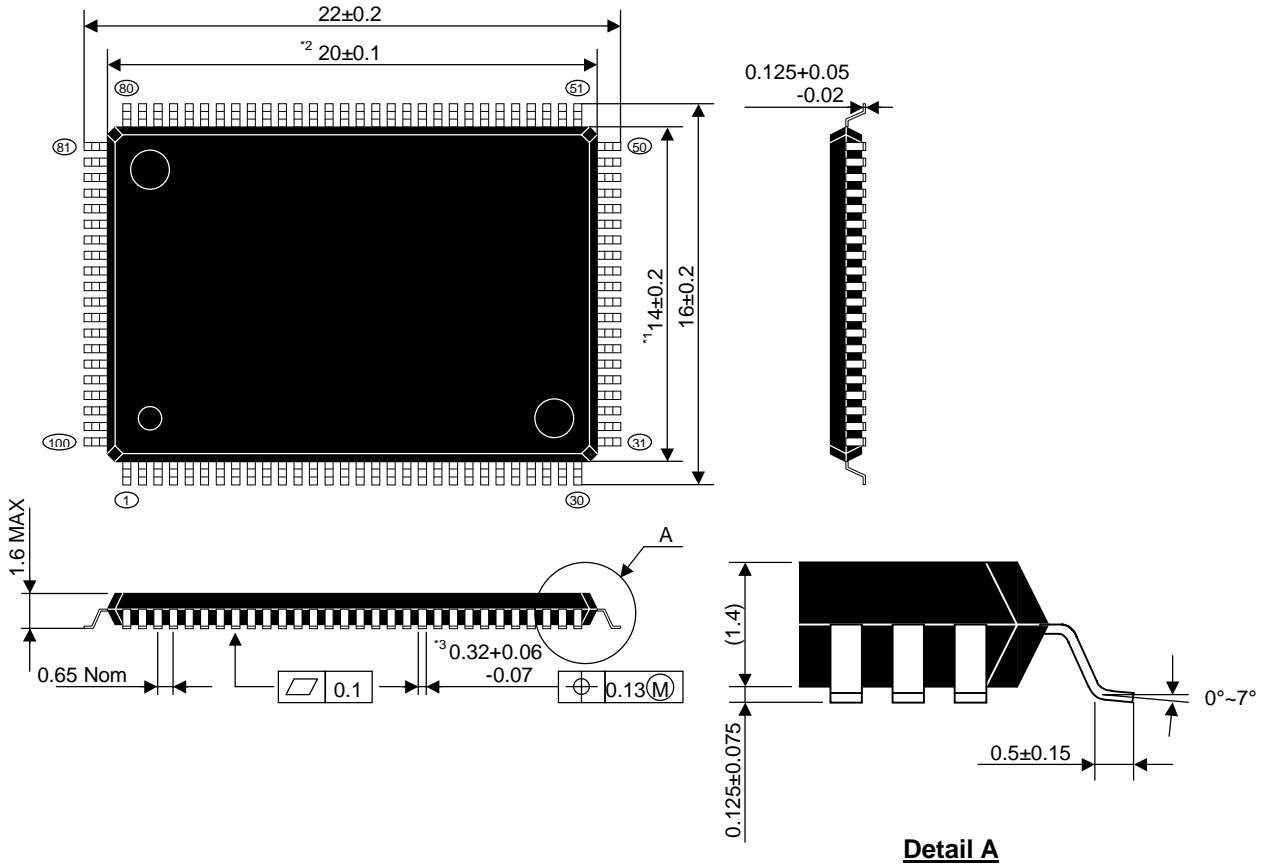


Renesas LSIs
M5M5V5A36GP-75,85

18874368-BIT(524288-WORD BY 36-BIT) Flow-Through NETWORK SRAM

PACKAGE OUTLINE

Plastic 100pin 14x20 mm body



Note38. Dimensions *1 and *2 don't include mold flash.
 Note39 Dimension *3 doesn't include trim off set.
 Note40. All dimensions in millimeters.

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REVISION HISTORY

Rev. No.	History	Date	
0.0	First revision	November 20, 2002	Preliminary
0.1	DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS Changed ILI limit from 10uA to 100uA (Input Leakage Current of ZZ and LBO#) Changed Icc3 and Icc4 limit from 20mA to 30mA (Standby Current)	January 31, 2003	Preliminary
1.0	The semiconductor operations of HITACHI and MITSUBISHI Electric were transferred to RENESAS Technology Corporation on April 1st 2003.	August 1, 2003	Preliminary

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