National Semiconductor is now part of

Texas Instruments.

Search <u>http://www.ti.com/</u> for the latest technical

information and details on our current products and services.





LP2983 Micropower 150 mA Voltage Regulator in SOT-23 Package For Output Voltages ≤ 1.2V Designed for Use with Very Low ESR Output Capacitors

General Description

The LP2983 is a 150 mA, fixed-output voltage regulator designed to provide tight voltage regulation in applications with output voltages \leq 1.2V.

Using an optimized VIP[®] (Vertically Integrated PNP) process, the LP2983 delivers unequalled performance in all critical specifications:

Ground Pin Current: Typically 825 $\mu A @ 150$ mA load, and 75 $\mu A @ 1$ mA load.

Enhanced Stability: The LP2983 is stable with output capacitor ESR down to zero, which allows the use of ceramic capacitors on the output.

Smallest Possible Size: SOT-23 package uses absolute minimum board space.

Precision Output: 1% tolerance output voltages available (A grade).

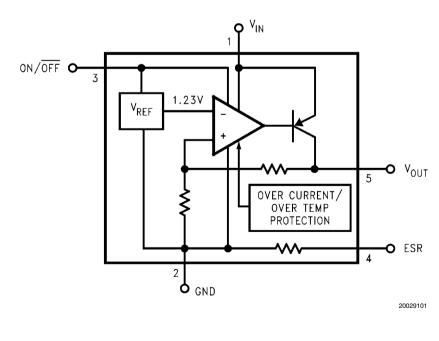
Features

- Guaranteed 150 mA output current
- Smallest possible size (SOT-23 package)
- Requires minimum external components
- Stable with low-ESR output capacitor
- Low ground pin current at all loads
- Output voltage accuracy 1% (A Grade)
- High peak current capability
- Wide supply voltage range (16V max)
- Low Z_{OUT}: 0.3Ω typical (10 Hz to 1 MHz)
- Overtemperature/overcurrent protection
- -40°C to +125°C junction temperature range

Applications

- Cellular Phone
- Palmtop/Laptop Computer
- Personal Digital Assistant (PDA)
- Camcorder, Personal Stereo, Camera

Block Diagram

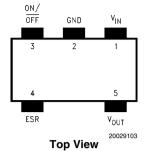


VIP® is a registered trademark of National Semiconductor Corporation

LP2983

Connection Diagram

5-Lead Small Outline Package (SOT-23)



Top View See NS Package Number MF05A

Pin Descriptions

Pin	Pin Number	Function	
V _{IN}	1	Input Voltage	
GND	2	Common Ground (device substrate)	
ON/OFF	3	Logic high enable input	
ESR	4	Low side connection for low-ESR output capacitors	
V _{OUT}	5	Regulated Output Voltage	

Ordering Information

TABLE 1. Package Marking and Ordering Information

Output Voltage (V)	Grade	Order Information	Package Marking	Supplied as:
1.0	А	LP2983AIM5X-1.0	LENA	3000 Units on Tape and Reel
		LP2983AIM5-1.0	LENA	1000 Units on Tape and Reel
	STD	LP2983IM5X-1.0	LENB	3000 Units on Tape and Reel
		LP2983IM5-1.0	LENB	1000 Units on Tape and Reel
1.2	A	LP2983AIM5X-1.2	LELA	3000 Units on Tape and Reel
		LP2983AIM5-1.2	LELA	1000 Units on Tape and Reel
	STD	LP2983IM5X-1.2	LELB	3000 Units on Tape and Reel
		LP2983IM5-1.2	LELB	1000 Units on Tape and Reel

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

Storage Temperature Range	–65°C to +150°C
Operating Junction Temperature	
Range	-40°C to +125°C
Lead Temp. (Soldering, 5 sec.)	260°C
ESD Rating (Note 2)	2 kV

Power Dissipation (Note 3)Internally LimitedInput Supply Voltage (Survival)-0.3V to +16VInput Supply Voltage (Operating)2.2V to +16VShutdown Input Voltage (Survival)-0.3V to +16VOutput Voltage Survival, (Note 4)-0.3V to +9VIOUT (Survival)Short Circuit
Protected

Input-Output Voltage Survival, (Note 5)

-0.3V to +16V

Electrical Characteristics

Limits in standard typeface are for $T_J = 25^{\circ}$ C. and limits in **boldface type** apply over the full operating temperature range. Unless otherwise specified: $V_{IN} = V_O(NOM) + 1V$, $I_L = 1$ mA, $C_{IN} = 1 \mu$ F, $C_{OUT} = 2.2 \mu$ F, $V_{ON/OFF} = 2V$.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		LP2983AI-X.X		LP2983I-X.X		Units
			Тур	(Note 6)		(Note 6)		
				Min	Max	Min	Max	
ΔV _O	Output Voltage			-1.0	1.0	-1.5	1.5	
	Tolerance	1 mA ≤ I _L ≤ 50 mA		-2.0	2.0	-2.5	2.5	
		_		-2.5	2.5	-3.5	3.5	%
		1 mA ≤ I _L ≤ 150 mA		-2.5	2.5	-3.0	3.0	
		_		-3.5	3.5	-4.0	4.0	
ΔV_0	Output Voltage	$V_{O}(NOM)+1V \le V_{IN} \le 16V$	0.01		0.016		0.016	
$\frac{0}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	Line Regulation				0.032		0.032	%/V
GND	Ground Pin Current	I _L = 0	65		95		95	
					125		125	
		I _L = 1 mA	75		110		110	
					170		170	
		I _L = 10 mA	120		220		220	
					400		400	
		I _L = 50 mA	300		500		500	μΑ
					900		900	
		I _L = 150 mA	825		1200		1500	ĺ
					2000		2000	
		V _{ON/OFF} < 0.15V	6		12		12	
		V _{ON/OFF} < 0.05V	0.2		2		2	
V _{IN} (min)	Minimum V _{IN} required to maintain Output Regulation		2.05		2.20		2.20	V
V _{ON/OFF}	ON/OFF Input Voltage (Note 7)	High = O/P ON	1.4	1.6		1.6		V
ON/OFF		Low = O/P OFF	0.1		0.05		0.05	-
I _{ON/OFF}	ON/OFF Input Current	$V_{ON/OFF} = 0$	0.01		-2		-2	- μΑ
UN/OFF		$V_{ON/OFF} = 5V$	5		15		15	
e _n	Output Noise Voltage (RMS)	BW = 10 Hz to 100 kHz,						
°n		$C_{OUT} = 10 \mu\text{F}$	60					μV
		$V_{OUT} = 1.2V$						
ΔV _{OUT}	Ripple Rejection	f = 1 kHz						
$\frac{\Delta V_{\rm IN}}{\Delta V_{\rm IN}}$		C _{OUT} = 2.2 μF	65					dB
l _o (SC)	Short Circuit Current	R _L = 0 (Steady State) (Note 8)	400					mA
I _O (PK)	Peak Output Current	V _{OUT} ≥ V _o (NOM) –5%	250				1	1

Note 1: "Absolute Maximum Ratings" indicate limits beyond which damage to the component may occur. Electrical specifications do not apply when operating the device outside of its rated operating conditions.

Note 2: The ESD rating of pin 3 is 1 kV.

Note 3: The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of the maximum junction temperature, $T_J(MAX)$, the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance, θ_{J-A} , and the ambient temperature, T_A . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated using:

$$P(MAX) = \frac{T_{J}(MAX) - T_{A}}{\theta_{J-A}}$$

Where the value of θ_{JA} for the SOT-23 package is 240°C/W in a typical PC board mounting. Exceeding the maximum allowable dissipation will cause excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown.

Note 4: If used in a dual-supply system where the regulator load is returned to a negative supply, the LP2983 output must be diode-clamped to ground.

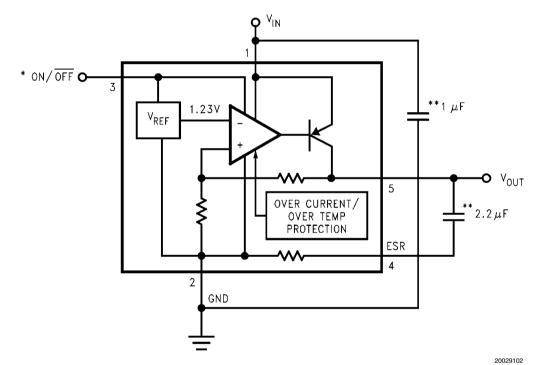
Note 5: The output PNP structure contains a diode between the V_{IN} to V_{OUT} terminals that is normally reverse-biased. Reversing the polarity from V_{IN} to V_{OUT} will turn on this diode and possibly cause a destructive latch-up condition (see Application Hints).

Note 6: Limits are 100% production tested at 25°C. Limits over the operating temperature range are guaranteed through correlation using Statistical Quality Control (SQC) methods. The limits are used to calculate National's Average Outgoing Quality Level (AOQL).

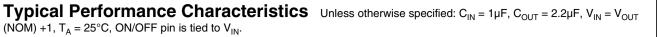
Note 7: The ON/OFF input must be properly driven to prevent possible misoperation. For details, refer to Application Hints.

Note 8: The LP2983 has foldback current limiting which allows a high peak current when V_{OUT} > 0.5V, and then reduces the maximum output current as V_{OUT} is forced down to ground (see Typical Performance Characteristics curves).

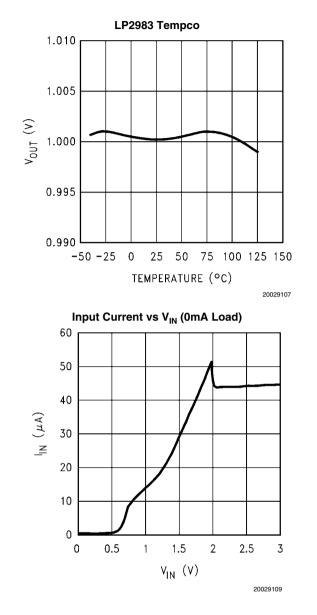
Typical Application Circuit

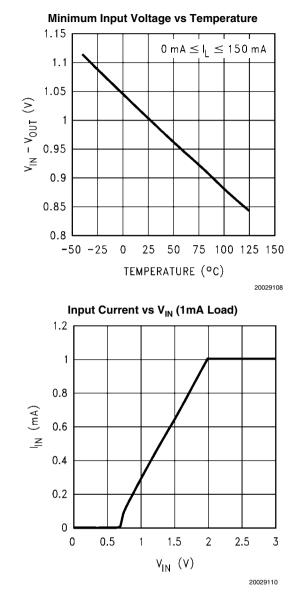


*ON/OFF input must be actively terminated. Tie to V_{IN} if this function is not to be used. **Minimum capacitance is shown to ensure stability (may be increased without limit). Ceramic capacitor required for output (see Application Hints).

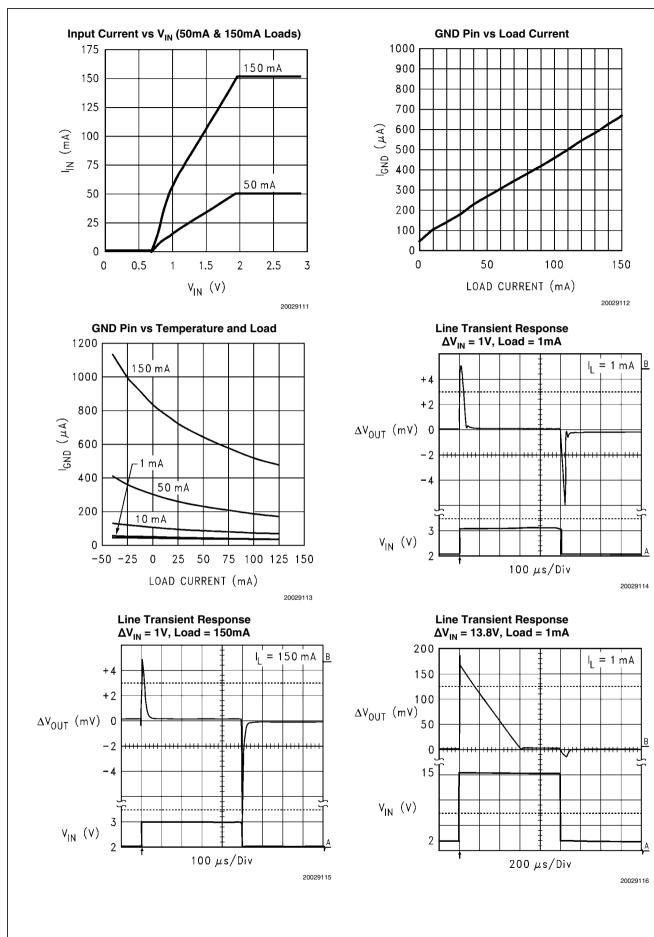


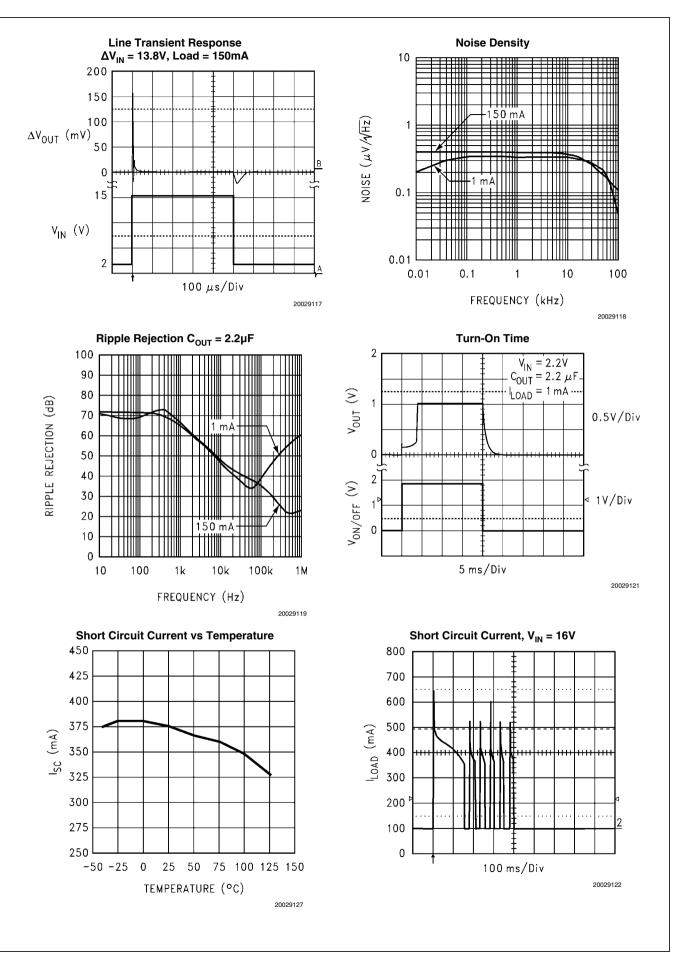
LP2983





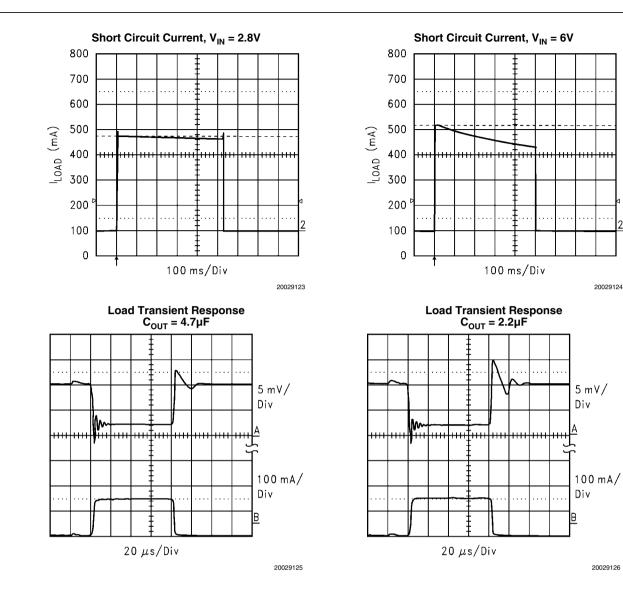






LP2983





Application Hints

EXTERNAL CAPACITORS

Like any low-dropout regulator, the LP2983 requires external capacitors for regulator stability. These capacitors must be correctly selected for good performance.

Input Capacitor

An input capacitor whose capacitance is $\geq 1 \ \mu F$ is required between the LP2983 input and ground (the amount of capacitance may be increased without limit).

This capacitor must be located a distance of not more than 1 cm from the input pin and returned to a clean analog ground. Any good quality ceramic, tantalum, or film capacitor may be used at the input.

Important: Tantalum capacitors can suffer catastrophic failure due to surge current when connected to a low-impedance source of power (like a battery or very large capacitor). If a Tantalum capacitor is used at the input, it must be guaranteed by the manufacturer to have a surge current rating sufficient for the application.

There are no requirements for ESR on the input capacitor, but tolerance and temperature coefficient must be considered when selecting the capacitor to ensure the capacitance will be $\geq 1 \ \mu$ F over the entire operating temperature range.

Output Capacitor

The LP2983 is designed specifically to work with ceramic output capacitors, utilizing circuitry which allows the regulator to be stable across the entire range of output current with an output capacitor whose ESR is as low as zero ohms.

The ceramic output capacitor must be connected between the V_{OUT} pin (device pin 5) and the ESR pin (device pin 4). See *Figure 1* below.

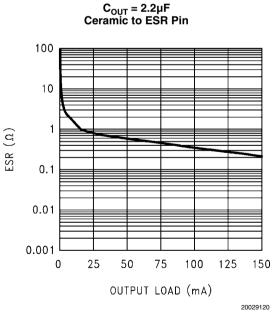


FIGURE 1.

The LP2983 requires a minimum of 2.2 μ F on the output (output capacitor size can be increased without limit).

It is important to remember that capacitor tolerance and variation with temperature must be taken into consideration when selecting an output capacitor so that the minimum required amount of output capacitance is provided over the full operating temperature range. It should be noted that ceramic capacitors can exhibit large changes in capacitance with temperature (see next section, *Capacitor Characteristics*).

The output capacitor must be located not more than 1 cm from the output pin and returned to a clean analog ground via the ESR pin.

CAPACITOR CHARACTERISTICS

The LP2983 was designed to work with ceramic capacitors on the output to take advantage of the benefits they offer: for capacitance values in the 2.2 μ F to 4.7 μ F range, ceramics are the least expensive and also have the lowest ESR values (which makes them best for eliminating high-frequency noise).

One disadvantage of ceramic capacitors is that their capacitance can vary with temperature. Most large value ceramic capacitors ($\geq 2.2 \ \mu$ F) are manufactured with the Z5U or Y5V temperature characteristic, which results in the capacitance dropping by more than 50% as the temperature goes from 25° C to 85°C.

This could cause problems if a 2.2 μF capacitor were used on the output since it will drop down to approximately 1 μF at high ambient temperatures (which could cause the LP2983 to oscillate). If Z5U or Y5V capacitors are used on the output, a minimum capacitance value of 4.7 μF must be observed.

A better choice for temperature coefficient in ceramic capacitors is X7R, which holds the capacitance within $\pm 15\%$. Unfortunately, the larger values of capacitance are not offered by all manufacturers in the X7R dielectric.

ON/OFF INPUT OPERATION

The LP2983 is shut off by driving the ON/OFF input low, and turned on by pulling it high. If this feature is not to be used, the ON/OFF input should be tied to $\rm V_{IN}$ to keep the regulator output on at all times.

To assure proper operation, the signal source used to drive the ON/OFF input must be able to swing above and below the specified turn-on/turn-off voltage thresholds listed in the Electrical Characteristics section under V_{ON/OFF}. To prevent misoperation, the turn-on (and turn-off) voltage signals applied to the ON/OFF input must have a slew rate which is \geq 40 mV/µs.

Caution: The regulator output voltage can not be guaranteed if a slow-moving AC (or DC) signal is applied that is in the range between the specified turn-on and turn-off voltages listed under the electrical specification $V_{ON/OFF}$ (see Electrical Characteristics).

REVERSE INPUT-OUTPUT VOLTAGE

The internal PNP power transistor used as the pass element in the LP2983 has an inherent diode connected between the regulator output and input. During normal operation (where the input voltage is higher than the output) this diode is reverse biased (See *Figure 2*).

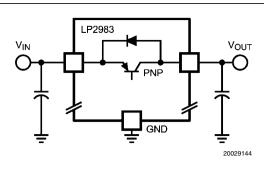


FIGURE 2. LP2983 Reverse Current Path

However, if the input voltage is more than a V_{BE} below the output voltage, this diode will turn ON and current will flow into the regulator output. In such cases, a parasitic SCR can latch which will allow a high current to flow into the V_{IN} pin and out the ground pin, which can damage the part.

The internal diode can also be turned on if the input voltage is abruptly stepped down to a voltage which is a $\rm V_{BE}$ below the output voltage.

In any application where the output voltage may be higher than the input voltage, an external Schottky diode must be connected from V_{IN} to V_{OUT} (cathode on V_{IN}, anode on V_{OUT}. See *Figure 3*), to limit the reverse voltage across the LP2982 to 0.3V (see *Absolute Maximum Ratings*).

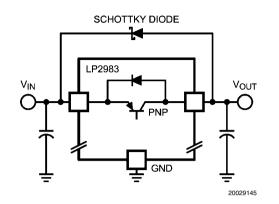
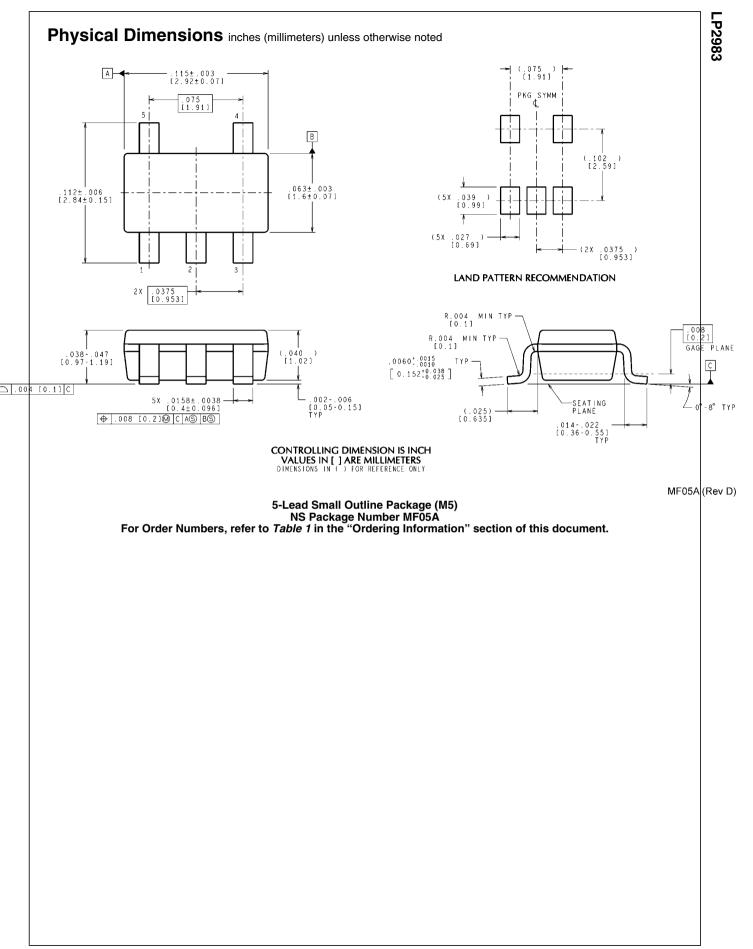


FIGURE 3. Adding External Schottky Diode Protection



Notes

For more National Semiconductor product information and proven design tools, visit the following Web sites at:

Pr	oducts	Design Support			
Amplifiers	www.national.com/amplifiers	WEBENCH® Tools	www.national.com/webench		
Audio	www.national.com/audio	App Notes	www.national.com/appnotes		
Clock and Timing	www.national.com/timing	Reference Designs	www.national.com/refdesigns		
Data Converters	www.national.com/adc	Samples	www.national.com/samples		
Interface	www.national.com/interface	Eval Boards	www.national.com/evalboards		
LVDS	www.national.com/lvds	Packaging	www.national.com/packaging		
Power Management	www.national.com/power	Green Compliance	www.national.com/quality/green		
Switching Regulators	www.national.com/switchers	Distributors	www.national.com/contacts		
LDOs	www.national.com/ldo	Quality and Reliability	www.national.com/quality		
LED Lighting	www.national.com/led	Feedback/Support	www.national.com/feedback		
Voltage Reference	www.national.com/vref	Design Made Easy	www.national.com/easy		
PowerWise® Solutions	www.national.com/powerwise	Solutions	www.national.com/solutions		
Serial Digital Interface (SDI)	www.national.com/sdi	Mil/Aero	www.national.com/milaero		
Temperature Sensors	www.national.com/tempsensors	Solar Magic®	www.national.com/solarmagic		
Wireless (PLL/VCO)	www.national.com/wireless	Analog University®	www.national.com/AU		

THE CONTENTS OF THIS DOCUMENT ARE PROVIDED IN CONNECTION WITH NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION ("NATIONAL") PRODUCTS. NATIONAL MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES WITH RESPECT TO THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE CONTENTS OF THIS PUBLICATION AND RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES TO SPECIFICATIONS AND PRODUCT DESCRIPTIONS AT ANY TIME WITHOUT NOTICE. NO LICENSE, WHETHER EXPRESS, IMPLIED, ARISING BY ESTOPPEL OR OTHERWISE, TO ANY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS IS GRANTED BY THIS DOCUMENT.

TESTING AND OTHER QUALITY CONTROLS ARE USED TO THE EXTENT NATIONAL DEEMS NECESSARY TO SUPPORT NATIONAL'S PRODUCT WARRANTY. EXCEPT WHERE MANDATED BY GOVERNMENT REQUIREMENTS, TESTING OF ALL PARAMETERS OF EACH PRODUCT IS NOT NECESSARILY PERFORMED. NATIONAL ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR APPLICATIONS ASSISTANCE OR BUYER PRODUCT DESIGN. BUYERS ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR THEIR PRODUCTS AND APPLICATIONS USING NATIONAL COMPONENTS. PRIOR TO USING OR DISTRIBUTING ANY PRODUCTS THAT INCLUDE NATIONAL COMPONENTS, BUYERS SHOULD PROVIDE ADEQUATE DESIGN, TESTING AND OPERATING SAFEGUARDS.

EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN NATIONAL'S TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE FOR SUCH PRODUCTS, NATIONAL ASSUMES NO LIABILITY WHATSOEVER, AND NATIONAL DISCLAIMS ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY RELATING TO THE SALE AND/OR USE OF NATIONAL PRODUCTS INCLUDING LIABILITY OR WARRANTIES RELATING TO FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, MERCHANTABILITY, OR INFRINGEMENT OF ANY PATENT, COPYRIGHT OR OTHER INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT.

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

NATIONAL'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND GENERAL COUNSEL OF NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION. As used herein:

Life support devices or systems are devices which (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life and whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user. A critical component is any component in a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

National Semiconductor and the National Semiconductor logo are registered trademarks of National Semiconductor Corporation. All other brand or product names may be trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective holders.

Copyright© 2009 National Semiconductor Corporation

For the most current product information visit us at www.national.com



National Semiconductor Americas Technical Support Center Email: support@nsc.com Tel: 1-800-272-9959 National Semiconductor Europe Technical Support Center Email: europe.support@nsc.com German Tel: +49 (0) 180 5010 771 English Tel: +44 (0) 870 850 4288 National Semiconductor Asia Pacific Technical Support Center Email: ap.support@nsc.com National Semiconductor Japan Technical Support Center Email: jpn.feedback@nsc.com