

# High-Performance Programmable Oscillators

### **Features**

- Low-noise PLL for integrated crystal applications
- Differential Clock Output: re-configurable through I<sup>2</sup>C
- Output frequency support from 15 MHz to 2.1 GHz
- Fractional N PLL with fully integrated VCO
- Works on an integrated fixed frequency crystal
- LVPECL, LVDS, HCSL, and CML output standards available
- Compatible with 3.3 V, 2.5 V, and 1.8 V supply
- 150 fs typical integrated jitter performance (12 kHz to 20 MHz frequency offsets) for outputs greater than 150 MHz
- VCXO functionality provided with tunable Total Pull Range (TPR) from ±50 ppm to ±275 ppm
- 8-pin LCC package 7.0 × 5.0 (CY2941x) or 5.0 × 3.2 (CY2942x) mm

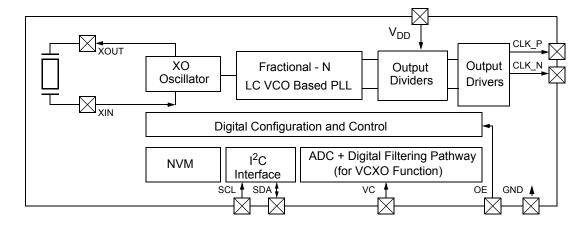
### **Functional Description**

The CY2941x/CY2942x is a programmable PLL-based crystal oscillator solution with flexible output frequency options. It is field or factory-programmable for any output frequency between 15 MHz and 2.1 GHz. Other frequency options can be configured with the I<sup>2</sup>C interface. Using advanced design technology, it provides excellent jitter performance across the entire output frequency range, working reliably at supply voltages from 1.8 V to 3.3 V for ambient temperatures from –40 °C to +105 °C. This makes it ideally suited for communications applications (for example, OTN, SONET/SDH, xDSL, GbE, networking, wireless infrastructure), test and instrumentation applications, and high-speed data converters. Additionally, the VCXO function enables use of the CY2941x/CY2942x series in applications requiring a clock source with voltage control, and in discrete clocking solutions for synchronous timing applications.

The CY2941x/CY2942x device configuration can be created using ClockWizard 2.1. For programming support, contact Cypress technical support or send an email to clocks@cypress.com.

For a complete list of related documentation, click here.

## **Logic Block Diagram**





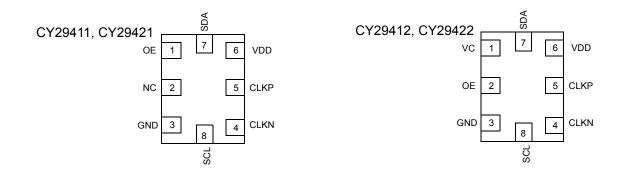
## **Contents**

Pin Diagrams	3
Pin Description	3
Functional Overview	
Programmable Features	4
Architecture Overview	4
Internal State Diagram	4
Small/Large Change	5
Programming Support	5
Programmable OE Polarity	
Programmable VCXO	5
Power Supply Sequencing	5
I2C Interface	5
Memory Map	
Absolute Maximum Ratings	
Recommended Operating Conditions	6
DC Electrical Specifications	6
DC Specifications for LVDS Output	
DC Specifications for LVPECL Output	
DC Specifications for CML Output	
DC Specifications for HCSL Output	7
VCXO Specific Parameters	

AC Electrical Specifications	
for LVPECL, LVDS, CML Outputs	9
AC Electrical Specifications for HCSL Output	10
Timing Parameters	10
Phase Jitter Characteristics	
I2C Bus Timing Specifications	
Frequency Stability	
Voltage and Timing Definitions	13
Phase Noise Plots	
Ordering Information	18
Ordering Code Definitions	18
Package Diagrams	
Acronyms	
Document Conventions	21
Units of Measure	21
Document History Page	22
Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information	
Worldwide Sales and Design Support	
Products	
PSoC® Solutions	23
Cypress Developer Community	
Technical Support	



## **Pin Diagrams**



## **Pin Description**

Name	Pin Number	Description
CY29411/CY29421 (8-pin LCC)		
OE	1	Output Enable input
NC	2	Not connected
GND	3	Supply ground
CLKN	4	Complement clock output
CLKP	5	True clock output
$V_{DD}$	6	Power supply
SDA	7	Serial data input/output
SCL	8	Serial clock input for I <sup>2</sup> C
CY29412/CY29422 (8-pin LCC)		
VC <sup>[1]</sup>	1	Input voltage for VCXO
OE	2	Output enable input
GND	3	Supply ground
CLKN	4	Complement clock output
CLKP	5	True clock output
$V_{DD}$	6	Power supply
SDA	7	Serial data input/output
SCL	8	Serial clock input for I <sup>2</sup> C

Note
1. If VC is unused, do not leave it floating; connect it to VDD or GND.



### **Functional Overview**

### **Programmable Features**

**Table 1. Programmable Features** 

Feature	Details
Frequency	Frequency for the PLL
Tuning	Oscillator tuning (load capacitance values)
Function	OE Polarity, I <sup>2</sup> C Address
Power Supply	V <sub>DD</sub> (1.8, 2.5, or 3.3 V)
	Enable/Disable VCXO
VCXO	Kv Polarity
VOXO	TPR
	Modulation Bandwidth
Output Standard	LVPECL, LVDS, HCSL, CML

### **Architecture Overview**

The CY2941x/CY2942x devices are high-performance programmable PLL crystal oscillators supporting multiple functions and multiple output standards. The device has internal one-time programmable (OTP) nonvolatile memory (NVM) that can be partitioned into Common Device Configurations and Output frequency-related information (see Figure 2). The Common Device Configurations do not change with output frequency and consist of chip power supply, OE polarity, 12C device address, input reference, output standard, and VCXO. The CY2941x/CY2942x devices also contain volatile memory (shown as "NVMCopy" in Figure 1) that stores an exact copy of the NVM at the release of reset on Power ON. The Chip settings depend on the contents of the volatile memory and the output frequency depends on the configurations stored in it, as explained in Figure 1. The volatile memory can be accessed through the I<sup>2</sup>C bus and modified.

Figure 1. NVM and Volatile Memory Structure

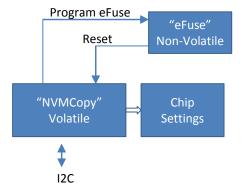
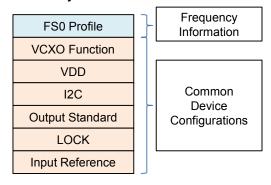


Figure 2 shows the conceptual internal memory structure that consists of Frequency Profile and Common Device Configuration settings.

Figure 2. Memory Structure



Description of Settings for the Memory Structure

- FS0: Contains frequency information
- VCXO Function: Contains parameters related to VCXO functionality, enable/disable, TPR, modulation bandwidth and Kv (Slope for VC vs. Frequency) information
- V<sub>DD</sub>: 1.8-/2.5-/3.3-V range information
- I<sup>2</sup>C address: I<sup>2</sup>C address (programmable) information
- Output Standard: LVPECL, LVDS, HCSL or CML
- LOCK: 2-bit pattern to indicate NVM lock
- Input Reference: Information is Fixed, cannot be modified by the user

## Internal State Diagram

The CY2941x/CY2942x contains a state machine which controls the device behavior. The state machine loads the "eFuse" contents to "NVMCopy" after reset as indicated in the Figure 3 on page 5. The state machine enters one of the following states: "Command Wait state" or "Active state" according to the value of LOCK. In the "Command Wait state" state, user may access all the registers and read/write the "NVMCopy" contents. The following commands can be used in the "Command Wait state":

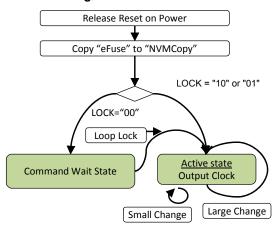
The LOCK state is determined by a 2-bit pattern: 00, 01, 10, or 11. When the Power rail reaches a value within the specified range, the device comes out of the Reset state.

The blank device has LOCK="00" (NVM not locked) in Figure 3 on page 5 so that it goes to the "Command Wait state" after coming out of Reset. The State machine will wait for the following commands:

- Write to volatile memory
- Program Non-Volatile memory (NVM)
- Loop Lock



Figure 3. State Diagram



When the LOCK is programmed to "10" or "01", the device will go to the "Active state" and the device will perform at the programmed frequency.

In the "Command Wait state", you can configure the device with or without writing to the NVM. The use case scenarios are as follows:

- Test output frequency
  - □ Write to volatile memory and selectively write to NVM if needed
  - □ Proceed to Loop Lock can optionally be done for testing purpose

In the NVM locked state, the NVM cannot be reprogrammed. If needed, the output frequency may be changed using Large or Small change commands.

### Small/Large Change

Small Change indicates that the frequency is changing within  $\pm 500$  ppm. The frequency information will be loaded through I<sup>2</sup>C and the output frequency will change without any glitch from its original frequency to the new frequency. For more information, see AC Electrical Specifications for LVPECL, LVDS, CML Outputs.

Large Change indicates that the frequency is changing more than ±500 ppm and is done through the I<sup>2</sup>C interface. The device will recalibrate and reconfigure the PLL. The output will be differential Low synchronously after completion of this process.

### **Programming Support**

The CY2941x/CY2942x is a software-configurable solution, in which Cypress provides programming software to users to configure the programmable features of the device based on their requirements.

### **Programmable OE Polarity**

The CY2941x/CY2942x contains a bit for OE polarity setting (default is active low). You can choose active-high or active-low polarity for the OE function. The output will be differential Low synchronously when OE is deasserted.

### **Programmable VCXO**

The device incorporates a proprietary technique for modulating frequency by modifying the VCO frequency based on the VC control voltage. The pull profile is linear and accurate compared to pulling the crystal reference. Also, the VCXO characteristics are very stable and do not vary over temperature, supply voltage, or process variations.

Kv (Slope for frequency vs. VC), TPR VC bandwidth, and VCXO on/off are programmable.

### **Power Supply Sequencing**

The CY2941x/CY2942x does not require any specific sequencing for startup. Startup requires a monotonic  $V_{DD}$  ramp specified in the datasheet. After the ramp up,  $V_{DD}$  has to be maintained within the limits specified for it in the Recommended Operating Conditions. Brownout detection and protection has to be implemented elsewhere in the system.

Other input signals can power up earlier or later than  $V_{DD}$ , there is no timing requirement for the input signals with reference to  $V_{DD}$ . The device will operate normally when all the input signals are settled to the configured state.

### I<sup>2</sup>C Interface

The CY2941x/CY2942x supports two-wire serial interface (I<sup>2</sup>C) in Fast Mode (400 kbps) and 7-bit addressing. The device address is programmable and is 55h by default. It supports single-byte access only. The first I<sup>2</sup>C access to the device will be available at 5 ms (minimum) after VDD reaches its minimum specified voltage.

### **Memory Map**

**Table 2. Common Configurations** 

Memory Address	Descriptions
50h-57h	Device configurations

Table 3. FS0: Frequency Configurations

Memory Address	Descriptions
10h	DIVO
11h	DIVO, DIVN_INT
12h	ICP,DIVN_INT, PLL_MODE
13h	DIVN_FRAC_L
14h	DIVN_FRAC_M
15h	DIVN_FRAC_H

Table 4. Misc information

Memory Address	Description
00h (Read only)	Device ID (= 51h)
D4h–D6h	User configurable information

The user must write all the contents created by the Configuration tool. Partial updates to the device is not allowed. Access to locations other than those described here may cause fatal error in device operation.



## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Exceeding maximum ratings<sup>[2]</sup> may shorten the useful life of the device. User guidelines are not tested. Supply voltage to ground potential .....-0.5 V to + 3.8 V

Input voltage ......-0.5 V to + 3.8 V Storage temperature (non-condensing) ... -55 °C to +150 °C Junction temperature ...... -40 °C to +125 °C Programming temperature ...... 0 °C to +125 °C

Programming voltage	2.5V ±0.1 V
Supply Current for eFuse Programming	50 mA
Data retention at T <sub>J</sub> = 100 °C	> 10 years
Maximum programming cycles	1
ESD HBM (JEDEC JS-001-2012)	2000 V
ESD MM (JEDEC JESD22-A115B)	200 V
ESD CDM (JEDEC JESD22-C101E)	400 V
Latch-up current	±140 mA

## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Description		Max	Unit
	Core supply voltage, 1.8-V operating range, 1.8 V ± 5%	1.71	1.89	
$V_{DD}$	Core supply voltage, 2.5-V operating range, 2.5 V ± 10%	2.25	2.75	V
	Core supply voltage, 3.3-V operating range, 3.3 V ± 10%	2.97	3.63	
T <sub>A</sub>	Ambient temperature	-40	+105	°C
UL-94	Flammability rating. V-0 at 1/8 in.	-	10	ppm
f <sub>RES</sub>	Frequency resolution	-	2	ppb
T <sub>PLLHOLD</sub>	PLL Hold Temperature Range	-	125	°C

## **DC Electrical Specifications**

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Supply current, LVPECL	$V_{DD}$ = 3.3 V/2.5 V, 50 Ω to $V_{TT}$ ( $V_{DD}$ – 2.0 V), with common mode current	_	93	106	
	Supply current, LVPECL	$V_{DD}$ = 3.3 V/2.5 V, 50 Ω to $V_{TT}$ ( $V_{DD}$ – 2.0 V), without common mode current <sup>[3]</sup>	_	81	94	
I <sub>DD</sub>	Supply current, LVDS	$V_{DD}$ = 3.3 V/2.5 V/1.8 V, 100 $\Omega$ between CLKP and CLKN	_	69	81	mA
	Supply current, HCSL	$V_{DD}$ = 3.3 V/2.5 V/1.8 V, 33 Ω and 49.9 Ω to GND	_	80	93	
	Supply current, CML	$V_{DD}$ = 3.3 V/2.5 V/1.8 V, 50 $\Omega$ to $V_{DD}$	_	73	86	
	Supply current, PLL only	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V/2.5 V/1.8 V	-	59	70	
I <sub>IH</sub>	Input high current	Logic input, Input = V <sub>DD</sub>	_	30	50	μА
I <sub>IL</sub>	Input low current	Logic input, Input = GND	-	30	50	μΑ
V <sub>IH</sub> <sup>[4]</sup>	Input high voltage	OE, SCL, SDA logic level = 1	0.7 × V <sub>DD</sub>	_	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub> <sup>[4]</sup>	Input low voltage	OE, SCL, SDA logic level = 0	-	_	0.3 × V <sub>DD</sub>	V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input voltage level	All input, relative to GND	-0.5	_	3.8	V
R <sub>P</sub>	Internal pull-up resistance	OE, configured active High	_	200	-	kΩ
$R_D$	Internal pull-down resistance	OE, configured active Low	_	200	-	kΩ

### Notes

Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or at any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to Absolute-Maximum-Rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability or cause permanent device damage.
 In ClockWizard 2.1, setting the output standard to LVPECL2 configures the output to "LVPECL without common mode current". Refer to AN210253 for LVPECL terminations for different use case configurations.

<sup>4.</sup>  $I^2C$  operation applicable for  $V_{DD}$  of 1.8 V and 2.5 V only.



## **DC Specifications for LVDS Output**

 $(V_{DD} = 1.8-V, 2.5-V, or 3.3-V range)$ 

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V <sub>OCM</sub> <sup>[5]</sup>	Output common-mode voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.5-V or 3.3-V range	1.125	1.200	1.375	V
	Change in V <sub>OCM</sub> between complementary output states	_	-	-	50	mV
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output leakage current	Output off, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.75 V to 1.75 V	-20	_	20	μΑ

## **DC Specifications for LVPECL Output**

(V<sub>DD</sub> = 2.5-V or 3.3-V range, with common mode current)

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output high voltage	R-term = 50 $\Omega$ to V <sub>TT</sub> (V <sub>DD</sub> – 2.0 V)	V <sub>DD</sub> – 1.165	_	V <sub>DD</sub> – 0.800	V
$V_{OL}$	Output low voltage	R-term = 50 $\Omega$ to V <sub>TT</sub> (V <sub>DD</sub> – 2.0 V)	V <sub>DD</sub> – 2.0	_	V <sub>DD</sub> – 1.55	V

## **DC Specifications for CML Output**

 $(V_{DD} = 1.8-V, 2.5-V \text{ or } 3.3-V \text{ range})$ 

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output high voltage	R-term = 50 $\Omega$ to $V_{DD}$	V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.085	V <sub>DD</sub> – 0.01	$V_{DD}$	V
$V_{OL}$	Output low voltage	R-term = 50 $\Omega$ to $V_{DD}$	$V_{DD} - 0.6$	$V_{DD} - 0.4$	$V_{DD} - 0.32$	V

## **DC Specifications for HCSL Output**

 $(V_{DD} = 1.8-V, 2.5-V, or 3.3-V range)$ 

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V <sub>MAX</sub> <sup>[6]</sup>	Max output high voltage	Measurement taken from single-ended waveform	_	_	1150	mV
V <sub>MIN</sub> <sup>[6]</sup>	Min output low voltage	Measurement taken from single-ended waveform	-300	_	_	mV
V <sub>OHDIFF</sub>	Differential output high voltage	Measurement taken from differential waveform	150	_	_	mV
V <sub>OLDIFF</sub>	Differential output low voltage Measurement taken from differential output low voltage		_	_	-150	mV
V <sub>CROSS</sub> <sup>[6]</sup>	Absolute crossing point voltage	Measurement taken from single-ended waveform	250	_	600	mV
V <sub>CROSSDELTA</sub> <sup>[6]</sup>	Variation of V <sub>CROSS</sub> over all rising clock edges	Measurement taken from single-ended waveform	-	1	140	mV

- Requires external AC coupling for V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.8-V range, as indicated in Figure 9.
   Parameters are guaranteed by design and characterization. Not 100% tested in production.



## $V_{\text{CXO}}$ Specific Parameters

Parameter [7]	Description	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
TPR	Total Pull Range	VC range 0.1 × $V_{DD}$ to 0.9 × $V_{DD}$	±50	-	±275	ppm
K <sub>BSL</sub>	Best-fit Straight Line (BSL) linearity	Deviation from BSL line	<b>-</b> 5	_	5	%
K <sub>INC</sub>	Incremental linearity	Kv slope deviation	-10	_	10	%
K <sub>BW</sub>	Bandwidth of Kv modulation	Programmable	5	10	20	kHz
K <sub>RANGE</sub>	Voltage range	Permissible voltage range	0	_	$V_{DD}$	V
		V <sub>DD</sub> configuration = 1.8 V	_	0.9	-	V
$V_{CTYP}$	Nominal center VC control voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> configuration = 2.5 V	_	1.25	-	V
		V <sub>DD</sub> configuration = 3.3 V	_	1.65	-	V
R <sub>VCIN</sub> <sup>[8]</sup>	Input resistance for VC	_	5	_	-	МΩ
V <sub>RANGE</sub>	Input voltage range	Linearity guaranteed range	0.1 × V <sub>DD</sub>	_	0.9 × V <sub>DD</sub>	V

Notes7. Parameters are guaranteed by design and characterization. Not 100% tested in production.8. RVCIN is 100% tested.



## AC Electrical Specifications for LVPECL, LVDS, CML Outputs

 $(V_{DD}$  = 3.3 V and 2.5 V for LVPECL, with common mode current, and  $V_{DD}$  = 3.3 V, 2.5 V, and 1.8 V for LVDS and CML outputs)

Description	Details/Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	
1	LVPECL, CML, LVDS output		- 7 [-		Unit
Clock Output Frequency	standards	15	-	2100	MHz
LVPECL Output Rise/Fall Time	20% to 80% of AC levels. Measured at 156.25 MHz for PECL outputs.	-	_	350	ps
CML Output Rise/Fall Time	20% to 80% of AC levels. Measured at 156.25 MHz for CML outputs.	-	_	350	ps
LVDS Output Rise/Fall Time	20% to 80% of AC levels. Measured at 156.25 MHz for LVDS outputs.	_	_	350	ps
Output Duty Cycle	Measured at differential 50% level, 156.25 MHz.	45	50	55	%
LVDS output differential peak	15 MHz to 700 MHz	247	_	454	mV
LVDS output differential peak	700 MHz to 2100 MHz	150	_	454	mV
Change in VP between complementary output states	-	-	_	50	mV
	f <sub>OUT</sub> = 15 MHz to 325 MHz	450	-	_	mV
LVPECL output differential peak	f <sub>OUT</sub> = 325 MHz to 700 MHz	350	_	_	mV
	f <sub>OUT</sub> = 700 MHz to 2100 MHz	250	-	-	mv
CML output differential peak	f <sub>OUT</sub> = 15 MHz to 700 MHz	<b>25</b> 0	_	600	mV
CML output differential peak	f <sub>OUT</sub> = 700 MHz to 2100 MHz	200	-	600	mV
Cycle to Cycle Jitter	pk, measured at differential signal, 156.25 MHz, over 10k cycles, 100 MHz–130 MHz crystal	_	_	50	ps
Period Jitter	pk-pk, measured at differential signal, 156.25 MHz, over 10k cycles, 100 MHz–130 MHz crystal	_	_	50	ps
RMS Phase Jitter	f <sub>OUT</sub> = 156.25 MHz, 12 kHz–20 MHz offset, non-VCXO mode	_	150	250	fs
de					
Phase Noise, 1 kHz Offset	100-130 MHz crystal reference, f <sub>OUT</sub> = 156.25 MHz	-	_	-113	dBc/Hz
Phase Noise, 10 kHz Offset	100-130 MHz crystal reference, f <sub>OUT</sub> = 156.25 MHz	-	_	-127	dBc/Hz
Phase Noise, 100 kHz Offset	100-130 MHz crystal reference, f <sub>OUT</sub> = 156.25 MHz	_	_	-135	dBc/Hz
Phase Noise, 1MHz Offset	100-130 MHz crystal reference, f <sub>OUT</sub> = 156.25 MHz	_	_	-144	dBc/Hz
Phase Noise, 10 MHz Offset	100-130 MHz crystal reference, f <sub>OUT</sub> = 156.25 MHz	_	-	-152	dBc/Hz
Spur	At frequency offsets equal to and greater than the update rate of the PLL	_	_	<del>-</del> 65	dBc/Hz
	LVPECL Output Rise/Fall Time  CML Output Rise/Fall Time  LVDS Output Rise/Fall Time  Output Duty Cycle  LVDS output differential peak  LVDS output differential peak  Change in VP between complementary output states  LVPECL output differential peak  CML output differential peak  CML output differential peak  CML output differential peak  Cycle to Cycle Jitter  Period Jitter  RMS Phase Jitter  de  Phase Noise, 1 kHz Offset  Phase Noise, 10 kHz Offset  Phase Noise, 100 kHz Offset  Phase Noise, 1MHz Offset  Phase Noise, 1 MHz Offset	LVPECL Output Rise/Fall Time  LVPECL Output Rise/Fall Time  CML Output Rise/Fall Time  CML Output Rise/Fall Time  CML Output Rise/Fall Time  LVDS Output Rise/Fall Time  Cutput Duty Cycle  CML Output Duty Cycle  CVDS output differential peak  LVDS output differential peak  LVDS output differential peak  Change in VP between complementary output states  CML output differential peak  fout = 15 MHz to 700 MHz  Toon MHz  Toon MHz crystal reference, fout = 156.25 MHz  DN-130 MHz crystal reference, fout = 156.25 MHz  Thase Noise, 10 MHz Offset  TOO-130 MHz crystal reference, fout = 156.25 MHz  At frequency offsets equal to and greater than the update rate of the	20% to 80% of AC levels.   20% to 80% of AC levels.   Measured at 156.25 MHz for PECL outputs.   20% to 80% of AC levels.   Measured at 156.25 MHz for CML outputs.   20% to 80% of AC levels.   Measured at 156.25 MHz for CML outputs.   20% to 80% of AC levels.   Measured at 156.25 MHz for LVDS output Rise/Fall Time   20% to 80% of AC levels.   Measured at 156.25 MHz for LVDS output Duty Cycle   Measured at 156.25 MHz for LVDS output differential peak   15 MHz to 700 MHz   247	LVPECL Output Rise/Fall Time	LVPECL Output Rise/Fall Time

Note
9. Parameters are guaranteed by design and characterization. Not 100% tested in production.



## **AC Electrical Specifications for HCSL Output**

Parameter [10]	Description	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
f <sub>OUT</sub>	Output frequency	HCSL	15	_	700	MHz
E <sub>R</sub>	Rising edge rate	Measured taken from differential waveform, –150 mV to +150 mV	0.6	_	5.7 <sup>[11]</sup>	V/ns
E <sub>F</sub>	Falling edge rate	Measured taken from differential waveform, –150 mV to +150 mV	0.6	-	5.7 <sup>[11]</sup>	V/ns
t <sub>STABLE</sub>	Time before voltage ring back (VRB) is allowed	Measured taken from differential waveform, –150 mV to +150 mV	500	-	-	ps
R-F_MATCHING	Rise-Fall matching	Measured taken from single-ended waveform, rising edge rate to falling edge rate matching, 100 MHz	-100	_	100	ps
t <sub>DC</sub>	Output duty cycle	Measured taken from differential waveform, f <sub>OUT</sub> = 100 MHz	45	-	55	%
t <sub>CCJ</sub>	Cycle to Cycle Jitter	Measured taken from differential waveform, 100 MHz	_	-	50	ps
J <sub>RMSPCIE</sub>	Random jitter, PCIE Specification 3.0	100 MHz-130 MHz crystal	-	-	1	ps (RMS)

## **Timing Parameters**

Parameter [10]	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t <sub>PU</sub>	Supply ramp time (0.5 V to V <sub>DD(min)</sub> ). Power ramp must be monotonic.	0.01	3000	ms
twakeup	Time from minimum specified power supply to < ±0.1 ppm accurate output frequency clock	_	10	ms
t <sub>OEEN</sub>	Time from OE edge to output enable	_	2.5	ms
t <sub>OEDIS</sub>	Time for OE edge to output disable	_	10	μS
t <sub>FSMALL</sub>	Frequency change time for small trigger (≤ ±500 ppm) with ±1% target frequency	-	20	μS
t <sub>FLARGE</sub>	Frequency change time for large trigger (> ±500 ppm)	-	2.5	ms

<sup>10.</sup> Parameters are guaranteed by design and characterization. Not 100% tested in production.11. Edge rates are higher than 4 V/ns due to jitter performance requirements.



## **Phase Jitter Characteristics**

12 kHz to 20 MHz Integration Bandwidth

Parameter <sup>[12]</sup>	Description	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units		
Non VCXO functionality								
$J_{RMS}$	RMS jitter	F <sub>OUT</sub> = 644.53 MHz	_	110	-	fs		
$J_{RMS}$	RMS jitter	F <sub>OUT</sub> = 622.08 MHz	_	120	-	fs		
$J_{RMS}$	RMS jitter	F <sub>OUT</sub> = 156.25 MHz	_	145	_	fs		
J <sub>RMS</sub>	RMS jitter	F <sub>OUT</sub> = 2.105 GHz	_	145	-	fs		
Modulation bandw	Modulation bandwidth = 10 kHz, V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V, F <sub>OUT</sub> = 622.08 MHz							
J <sub>RMS</sub>	RMS jitter	TPR = 50 ppm, Kv = 37.9 ppm/V	_	151	-	fs		
J <sub>RMS</sub>	RMS jitter	TPR = 155 ppm, Kv = 117.4 ppm/V	_	158	-	fs		
J <sub>RMS</sub>	RMS jitter	TPR = 275 ppm, Kv = 208.3 ppm/V	_	170	_	fs		
Modulation bandw	width = 10 kHz, $V_{DD}$ = 2.5 V, $F_{O}$	<sub>UT</sub> = 622.08 MHz						
$J_{RMS}$	RMS jitter	TPR = 50 ppm, Kv = 50 ppm/V	_	152	-	fs		
J <sub>RMS</sub>	RMS jitter	TPR = 155 ppm, Kv = 155 ppm/V	_	160	-	fs		
J <sub>RMS</sub>	RMS jitter	TPR = 275 ppm, Kv = 275 ppm/V	_	175	-	fs		
Modulation bandw	width = 10 kHz, $V_{DD}$ = 1.8 V, $F_{O}$	<sub>UT</sub> = 622.08 MHz						
J <sub>RMS</sub>	RMS jitter	TPR = 50 ppm, Kv = 69.4 ppm/V	_	153	_	fs		
J <sub>RMS</sub>	RMS jitter	TPR = 155 ppm, Kv = 215.3 ppm/V	_	166	_	fs		
J <sub>RMS</sub>	RMS jitter	TPR = 275 ppm, Kv = 381.9 ppm/V	-	190	-	fs		

## I<sup>2</sup>C Bus Timing Specifications

Parameter [12, 13]	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units
f <sub>SCL</sub>	SCL clock frequency	-	-	400	kHz
t <sub>HD:STA</sub>	Hold time START condition	0.6	-	-	μS
t <sub>LOW</sub>	Low period of SCL	1.3	_	-	μS
t <sub>HIGH</sub>	High period of SCL	0.6	_	-	μS
t <sub>SU:STA</sub>	Setup time for a repeated START condition	0.6	_	-	μS
t <sub>HD:DAT</sub>	Data hold time	0	_	-	μS
t <sub>SU:DAT</sub>	Data setup time	100	_	-	ns
t <sub>R</sub>	Rise time	_	_	300	ns
t <sub>F</sub>	Fall time	_	_	300	ns
t <sub>su:sto</sub>	Setup time for STOP condition	0.6	-	-	μS
t <sub>BUF</sub>	Bus-free time between STOP and START conditions	1.3	_	_	μS

<sup>12.</sup> Parameters are guaranteed by design and characterization. Not 100% tested in production. 13.  $I^2C$  operation applicable for  $V_{DD}$  of 1.8 V and 2.5 V only.



## **Frequency Stability**

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
f <sub>TOLERANCE</sub>	Frequency Tolerance	$V_{DD}$ = min to max, $T_A$ = +25 °C	-20	_	+20	ppm
f <sub>TC</sub>	Temperature Characteristics	$V_{DD}$ = min to max, $T_A$ = -40 °C to +85 °C	-20	_	+20	ppm
f <sub>TC</sub>	Temperature Characteristics	$V_{DD}$ = min to max, $T_A$ = -40 °C to +105 °C	-30	_	+30	ppm
f <sub>AGE</sub>	Frequency Aging		<b>-</b> 5	_	+5	ppm/year



## **Voltage and Timing Definitions**

### Figure 4. Differential Output Definitions

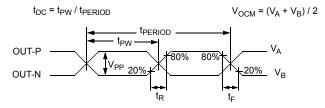


Figure 5. Output Enable/Disable Timing

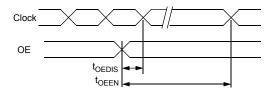


Figure 6. Power Ramp and PLL Lock Time

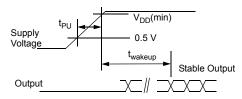


Figure 7. Output Termination Circuit

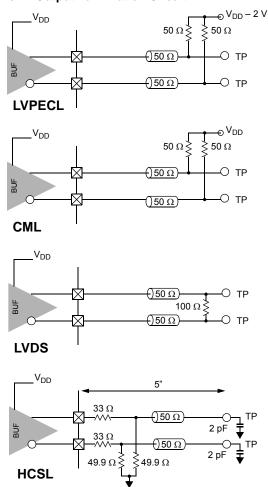
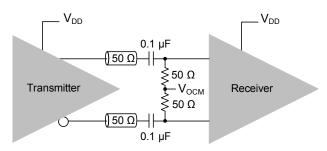


Figure 8. LVDS Termination for 1.8 V<sup>[14]</sup>



### Note

 <sup>14.</sup> The termination circuit shown in this figure is specific to the LVDS output standard for V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.8-V operation. This needs AC coupling (100-nF series capacitor). The 50-ohm termination resistors along with the bias voltage (V<sub>OCM</sub>) is required to be set at the destination circuit as shown in the figure.



Figure 9. HCSL: Single-ended Measurement Points for Absolute Crossing Point

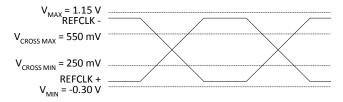


Figure 10. HCSL: Single-ended Measurement Points for Delta Crossing Point

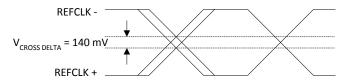


Figure 11. HCSL: Differential Measurement Points for Rise and Fall Time

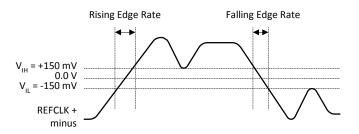


Figure 12. HCSL: Differential Measurement Points for Ringback

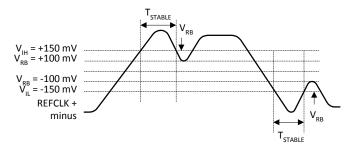
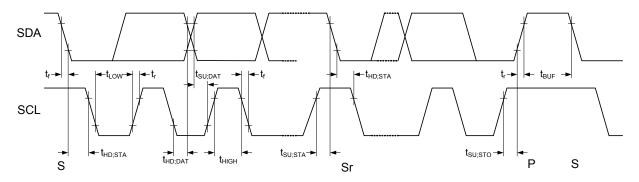


Figure 13. I<sup>2</sup>C Bus Timing Specifications





## **Phase Noise Plots**

| Phase Note | 10.00ds / Ref | 20.00ds / Ref | 20.00ds |

Freq Band [99M-1.5GHz]

LO Opt [<150kHz]

Stop 20 MHz 10/10

Figure 14. Typical Phase Noise at 156.25 MHz (12 kHz-20 MHz)

Phase Noise Start 100 Hz



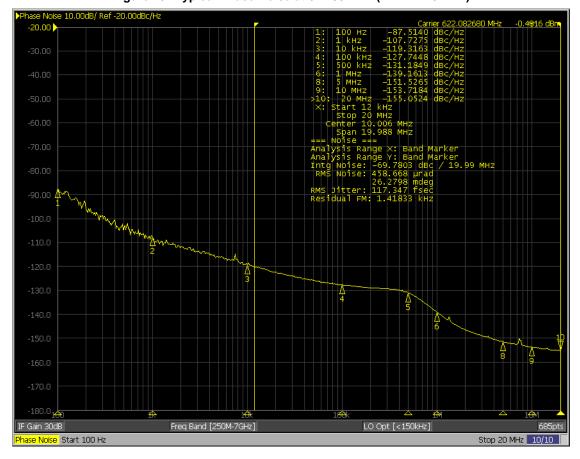


Figure 15. Typical Phase Noise at 622.08 MHz (12 kHz-20 MHz)

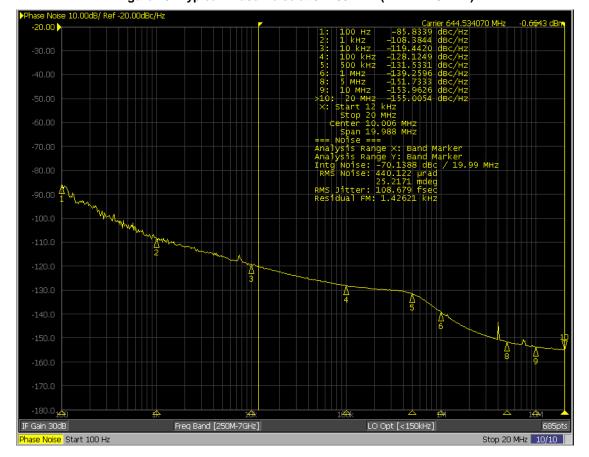


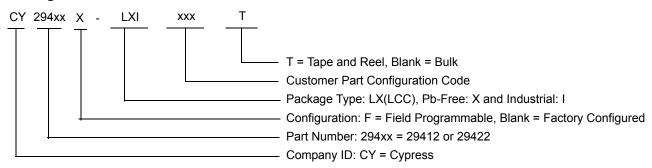
Figure 16. Typical Phase Noise at 644.53 MHz (12 kHz-20 MHz)



## **Ordering Information**

Ordering Code	Configuration	Package Description	Product Flow
CY29411FLXIT	Field-programmable	8-pin LCC 7.0 × 5.0 mm – Tape and Reel	Industrial, –40 °C to +105 °C
CY29411LXIxxxT	Factory-configured <sup>[15]</sup>	8-pin LCC 7.0 × 5.0 mm – Tape and Reel	Industrial, –40 °C to +105 °C
CY29412FLXIT	Field-programmable	8-pin LCC 7.0 × 5.0 mm – Tape and Reel	Industrial, –40 °C to +105 °C
CY29412LXIxxxT	Factory-configured <sup>[15]</sup>	8-pin LCC 7.0 × 5.0 mm – Tape and Reel	Industrial, –40 °C to +105 °C
CY29421FLXIT	Field-programmable	8-pin LCC 5.0 × 3.2 mm – Tape and Reel	Industrial, –40 °C to +105 °C
CY29421LXIxxxT	Factory-configured <sup>[15]</sup>	8-pin LCC 5.0 × 3.2 mm – Tape and Reel	Industrial, -40 °C to +105 °C
CY29422FLXIT	Field-programmable	8-pin LCC 5.0 × 3.2 mm – Tape and Reel	Industrial, –40 °C to +105 °C
CY29422LXIxxxT	Factory-configured <sup>[15]</sup>	8-pin LCC 5.0 × 3.2 mm – Tape and Reel	Industrial, -40 °C to +105 °C

## **Ordering Code Definitions**

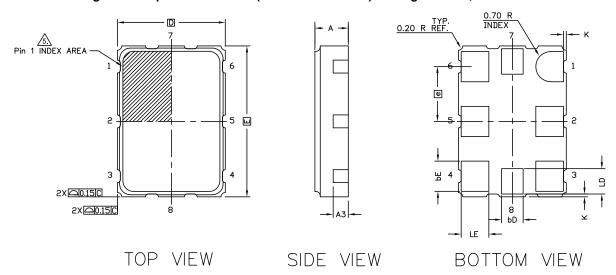


<sup>15.</sup> These are factory-programmed customer-specific part numbers. Contact your local Cypress FAE or sales representative for more information.



## **Package Diagrams**

Figure 17. 8-pin Ceramic LCC ( $5.0 \times 7.0 \times 1.75$  mm) Package Outline, 002-10174



0) (140.0)	I	DIMENSIONS		
SYMBOL	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	
А	1.65	-	1.75	
A3		0.70 REF		
D		5.00 BSC		
E	7.00 BSC			
bD	1.00			
bE	1.40			
LD		1.18		
LE		1.28		
K		0.13		
е		2.54 BSC		
N	8			
ND	1			
NE		3		

## NOTES:

- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- 2. N IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF TERMINALS.
- 3. ND IS THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS ON "D" DIMENSION.
- 4. NE IS THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS ON "E" DIMENSION.

PIN #1 ID ON TOP WILL BE LOCATED WITHIN THE INDICATED ZONE.

002-10174 \*A



Figure 18. 8-pin Ceramic LCC (3.2  $\times$  5.0  $\times$  1.45 mm) Package Outline, 002-10273

0)44501	ı	DIMENSIONS	;		
SYMBOL	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.		
Α	1.35	-	1.45		
A3		0.60 REF			
D		3.20 BSC			
E		5.00 BSC			
bD	0.64				
bE	0.64				
LD		0.70			
LE		0.90			
К		0.10			
е		1.27 BSC			
N	8				
ND	1				
NE	3				

### NOTES:

- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- 2. N IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF TERMINALS.
- 3. ND IS THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS ON "D" DIMENSION.
- 4. NE IS THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS ON "E" DIMENSION.

5. PIN #1 ID ON TOP WILL BE LOCATED WITHIN THE INDICATED ZONE.

002-10273 \*A



## **Acronyms**

Table 5. Acronyms Used in this Document

Acronym	Description		
AC	alternating current		
ADC	analog-to-digital converter		
BCL	best-fit straight line		
CML	current mode logic		
DC	direct current		
ESD	electrostatic discharge		
FS	frequency select		
HCSL	high-speed current steering logic		
I <sup>2</sup> C	inter-integrated circuit		
JEDEC	Joint Electron Device Engineering Council		
LDO	low dropout (regulator)		
LVCMOS	low voltage complementary metal oxide semiconductor		
LVDS	low-voltage differential signals		
LVPECL	low-voltage positive emitter-coupled logic		
NVM	non-volatile memory		
OE	output enable		
PLL	phase-locked loop		
POR	power-on reset		
PSoC <sup>®</sup>	Programmable System-on-Chip		
QFN	quad flat no-lead		
RMS	root mean square		
SCL	serial I <sup>2</sup> C clock		
SDA	serial I <sup>2</sup> C data		
VCXO	voltage controlled crystal oscillator		
VRB	voltage ring back		
XTAL	crystal		
OTP	one time programmable		

## **Document Conventions**

## **Units of Measure**

Table 6. Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure			
°C	Degrees Celsius			
fs	femtoseconds			
GHz	gigahertz			
kΩ	kilohms			
kHz	kilohertz			
MHz	megahertz			
ΜΩ	megaohms			
μA	microamperes			
μm	micrometer			
μs	microseconds			
μW	microwatts			
mA	milliamperes			
mm	millimeter			
mΩ	milliohms			
ms	milliseconds			
mV	millivolts			
nH	nanohenry			
ns	nanoseconds			
Ω	ohms			
%	percent			
pF	picofarads			
ps	picoseconds			
ppm	parts per million			
ppb	parts per billion			
V	volts			



## **Document History Page**

	Document Title: CY2941x/CY2942x, High-Performance Programmable Oscillators Document Number: 001-97768						
Rev.	ECN No.	Submission Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change			
*C	5320399	07/18/2016	MGPL	Changed status from Preliminary to Final.			
*D	5429121	09/07/2016	MGPL	Updated Absolute Maximum Ratings: Added "Supply Current for eFuse Programming". Replaced "≥ 2000 V" with "2000 V" in value corresponding to "ESD HBM". Replaced "> 200 V" with "200 V" in value corresponding to "ESD MM". Replaced ">500V" with "400 V" in value corresponding to "ESD CDM". Updated to new template.			
*E	5518357	11/15/2016	MGPL/ PSR	Added Figure 8.			
*F	5613574	02/03/2017	PSR	Added links to ClockWizard 2.1 and technical support, and added reference to related documentation in Functional Description.  Updated LVPECL specs in DC Electrical Specifications.  Added note clarifying voltage range in AC Electrical Specifications for LVPECL, LVDS, CML Outputs.  Updated Ordering Information.			
*G	5682054	04/03/2017	PSR	Updated the template. Deleted VDDO references. Added Clock Tree Services to Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information.			
*H	5757596	05/31/2017	PSR	Updated Cypress logo and Sales information. Updated VCXO Specific Parameters.			
*	6178001	05/31/2018	XHT	Updated Figure 5. Updated Small/Large Change and I2C Interface.			



## Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information

### Worldwide Sales and Design Support

Cypress maintains a worldwide network of offices, solution centers, manufacturer's representatives, and distributors. To find the office closest to you, visit us at Cypress Locations.

cypress.com/touch

cypress.com/wireless

cypress.com/usb

### **Products**

Touch Sensing

**USB Controllers** 

Wireless Connectivity

Arm® Cortex® Microcontrollers cypress.com/arm Automotive cypress.com/automotive Clocks & Buffers cypress.com/clocks Interface cypress.com/interface Internet of Things cypress.com/iot Memory cypress.com/memory Microcontrollers cypress.com/mcu **PSoC** cypress.com/psoc Power Management ICs cypress.com/pmic

## PSoC® Solutions

PSoC 1 | PSoC 3 | PSoC 4 | PSoC 5LP | PSoC 6 MCU

### **Cypress Developer Community**

Community | Projects | Video | Blogs | Training | Components

## **Technical Support**

cypress.com/support

© Cypress Semiconductor Corporation, 2015-2018. This document is the property of Cypress Semiconductor Corporation and its subsidiaries, including Spansion LLC ("Cypress"). This document, including any software or firmware included or referenced in this document ("Software"), is owned by Cypress under the intellectual property laws and treaties and treaties and other countries worldwide. Cypress reserves all rights under such laws and treaties and does not, except as specifically stated in this paragraph, grant any license under its patents, copyrights, trademarks, or other intellectual property rights. If the Software is not accompanied by a license agreement and you do not otherwise have a written agreement with Cypress governing the use of the Software, then Cypress hereby grants you a personal, non-exclusive, nontransferable license (without the right to sublicense) (1) under its copyright rights in the Software (a) for Software provided in source code form, to modify and reproduce the Software solely for use with Cypress hardware products, only internally within your organization, and (b) to distribute the Software in binary code form externally to end users (either directly or indirectly through resellers and distributors), solely for use on Cypress hardware product units, and (2) under those claims of Cypress's patents that are infringed by the Software (as provided by Cypress, unmodified) to make, use, distribute, and import the Software solely for use with Cypress hardware products. Any other use, reproduction, modification, translation, or compilation of the Software is probibited.

TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, CYPRESS MAKES NO WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH REGARD TO THIS DOCUMENT OR ANY SOFTWARE OR ACCOMPANYING HARDWARE, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. No computing device can be absolutely secure. Therefore, despite security measures implemented in Cypress hardware or software products, Cypress does not assume any liability arising out of any security breach, such as unauthorized access to or use of a Cypress product. In addition, the products described in these materials may contain design defects or errors known as errata which may cause the product to deviate from published specifications. To the extent permitted by applicable law, Cypress reserves the right to make changes to this document without further notice. Cypress does not assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit described in this document. Any information provided in this document, including any sample design information or programming code, is provided only for reference purposes. It is the responsibility of the user of this document to properly design, program, and test the functionality and safety of any application made of this information and any resulting product. Cypress products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as critical components in systems designed or intended for the operation of weapons, weapons systems, nuclear installations, life-support devices or systems (including resuscitation equipment and surgical implants), pollution control or hazardous substances management, or other uses where the failure of the device or system could cause personal injury, death, or property damage ("Unintended Uses"). A critical component is any component of a device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness. Cypress is not liable, in whole or in part, and yo

Cypress, the Cypress logo, Spansion, the Spansion logo, and combinations thereof, WICED, PSoC, CapSense, EZ-USB, F-RAM, and Traveo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Cypress in the United States and other countries. For a more complete list of Cypress trademarks, visit cypress.com. Other names and brands may be claimed as property of their respective owners.

Document Number: 001-97768 Rev. \*I Revised May 31, 2018 Page 23 of 23