

General Description

The MAX395 8-channel, serially controlled, single-pole/single-throw (SPST) analog switch offers eight separately controlled switches. The switches conduct equally well in either direction. On-resistance (100 Ω max) is matched between switches to 5Ω max and is flat (10Ω max) over the specified signal range.

These CMOS devices can operate continuously with dual power supplies ranging from ±2.7V to ±8V or a single supply between +2.7V and +16V. Each switch can handle rail-to-rail analog signals. The off leakage current is only 0.1nA at +25°C or 5nA at +85°C

Upon power-up, all switches are off, and the internal shift registers are reset to zero. The MAX395 is electrically equivalent to two MAX391 quad switches controlled by a serial interface, and is pin compatible with the MAX335.

The serial interface is compatible with SPI™/QSPI™ and Microwire[™]. Functioning as a shift register, it allows data (at DIN) to be clocked in synchronously with the rising edge of clock (SCLK). The shift register's output (DOUT) enables several MAX395s to be daisy chained.

All digital inputs have 0.8V to 2.4V logic thresholds, ensuring both TTL- and CMOS-logic compatibility when using ±5V supplies or a single +5V supply.

Applications

Serial Data-Acquisition Industrial and Process-Systems Control Systems **Avionics** ATE Equipment Audio Signal Routing Networking

Features

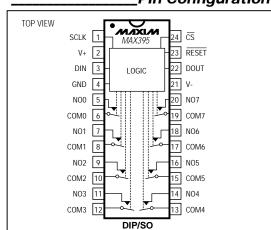
- ♦ SPI™/QSPI™, Microwire™-Compatible Serial Interface
- ♦ 8 Separately Controlled SPST Switches
- ♦ 100Ω Signal Paths with ±5V Supplies
- ♦ Rail-to-Rail Signal Handling
- **♦** Asynchronous RESET Input
- ♦ Pin Compatible with Industry-Standard MAX335
- ♦ ±2.7V to ±8V Dual Supplies
 - +2.7V to +16V Single Supply
- → >2kV ESD Protection per Method 3015.7
- **♦ TTL/CMOS-Compatible Inputs (with +5V or** ±5V Supplies)

Ordering Information

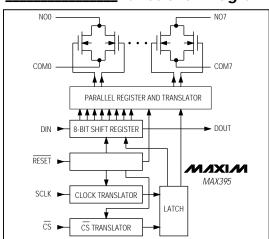
PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX395CNG	0°C to +70°C	24 Narrow Plastic DIP
MAX395CWG	0°C to +70°C	24 Wide SO
MAX395C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX395ENG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Narrow Plastic DIP
MAX395EWG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Wide SO
MAX395MRG	-55°C to +125°C	24 Narrow CERDIP**

- * Contact factory for dice specifications.
- ** Contact factory for availability

Pin Configuration



Functional Diagram



SPI and QSPI are trademarks of Motorola, Inc. Microwire is a trademark of National Semiconductor Corp.

MIXIM

Maxim Integrated Products 1

Call toll free 1-800-998-8800 for free samples or literature.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Voltages Referenced to GND	Cor
V+0.3V, +17V	N
V17V, +0.3V	W
V+ to V0.3V, +17V	N
SCLK, CS, DIN, DOUT, RESET0.3V to (V+ + 0.3V)	Ope
NO, COM(V 2V) to (V+ + 2V)	M
Continuous Current into Any Terminal±30mA	N
Peak Current, NO_ or COM_	N
(pulsed at 1ms,10% duty cycle)±100mA	Sto

Continuous Power Dissipation ($I_A = +70^{\circ}$	C)
Narrow Plastic DIP (derate 13.33mW/°C a	bove +70°C)1067mW
Wide SO (derate 11.76mW/°C above +7	70°C)941mW
Narrow CERDIP (derate 12.50mW/°C abo	ove +70°C)1000mW
Operating Temperature Ranges	
MAX395C_ G	0°C to +70°C
MAX395E_ G	40°C to +85°C
MAX395MRG	55°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)	

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Dual Supplies

 $(V+=+4.5V\ to\ +5.5V,\ V-=-4.5V\ to\ -5.5V,\ T_A=T_{MIN}\ to\ T_{MAX},\ unless\ otherwise\ noted.\ Typical\ values\ are\ at\ T_A=+25^{\circ}C.)$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP (Note 1)	MAX	UNITS				
ANALOG SWITCH											
Analog Signal Range	VCOM, VNO		C, E, M	V-		V+	V				
COM, NO On-Resistance	Ron	V+ = 5V, V- = -5V,	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		60	100	Ω				
COM, NO OH-RESISTANCE	KON	$V_{COM} = \pm 3V$, $I_{NO} = 1mA$	C, E, M			125] 52				
COM, NO On-Resistance Match	ΔRon	V+ = 5V, V- = -5V,	T _A = +25°C			5	Ω				
Between Channels (Note 2)	ARON	$V_{COM} = \pm 3V$, $I_{NO} = 1mA$	C, E, M			10	1 32				
COM, NO On-Resistance	DEL ATIONS	V+ = 5V, V- = -5V, I _{NO} = 1mA,	T _A = +25°C			10	Ω				
Flatness (Note 2)	R _{FLAT} (ON)	V _{COM} = -3V, 0V, 3V	C, E, M			15	1 22				
		V+ = 5.5V, V- = -5.5V,	T _A = +25°C	-0.1	0.002	0.1					
NO Off Leakage Current	INO(OFF)	V _{COM} = -4.5V, V _{NO} = 4.5V	C, E, M	-10		10] _n				
(Note 3)		V+ = 5.5V, V- = -5.5V,	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	-0.1	0.002	0.1	nA				
		V _{COM} = 4.5V, V _{NO} = -4.5V	C, E, M	-10		10	1				
	ICOM(OFF)	V+ = 5.5V, V- = -5.5V,	T _A = +25°C	-0.1	0.002	0.1					
COM Off Leakage Current		V _{COM} = -4.5V, V _{NO} = 4.5V	C, E, M	-10		10	nA				
(Note 3)		V+ = 5.5V, V- = -5.5V,	T _A = +25°C	0.1	0.002	0.1	1 IIA				
		$V_{COM} = 4.5V, V_{NO} = -4.5V$	C, E, M	-10		10	1				
COM On Leakage Current	laarvara	V+ = 5.5V, V- = -5.5V,	T _A = +25°C	-0.2	0.01	0.2	nΛ				
(Note 3)	ICOM(ON)	$V_{COM} = V_{NO} = \pm 4.5V$	C, E, M	-20		20	nA				
DIGITAL I/O											
DIN, SCLK, CS, RESET Input Voltage Logic Threshold High	VIH		C, E, M	2.4			V				
DIN, SCLK, CS, RESET Input Voltage Logic Threshold Low	V _{IL}		C, E, M			0.8	V				
DIN, SCLK, CS, RESET Input Current Logic High or Low	liH, liL	V _{DIN} , V _{SCLK} , V _{CS} = 0.8V or 2.4V	C, E, M	-1	0.03	1	μΑ				
DOUT Output Voltage Logic High	VDOUT	IDOUT = 0.8mA	C, E, M	2.8		V+	V				
DOUT Output Voltage Logic Low	VDOUT	IDOUT = -1.6mA	C, E, M	0		0.4	V				
SCLK Input Hysteresis	SCLKHYST		C, E, M		100		mV				

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Dual Supplies (continued)

 $(V + = +4.5V \text{ to } +5.5V, V - = -4.5V \text{ to } -5.5V, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at } T_A = +25^{\circ}C.)$

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS			TYP (Note 1)	MAX	UNITS	
RISTICS							
ton	From rising odgo of CS	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		200	400	ns	
TON	Trommising eage of C3	C, E, M			500	113	
torr	From rising edge of CS	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		90	400	ns	
IOFF	Trom rising eage of C3	C, E, M			500	113	
tBBM	From rising edge of CS	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	5	15		ns	
VCTE	$C_L = 1nF$, $V_{NO} = 0V$, $R_S = 0\Omega$	T _A = +25°C		2	10	рС	
C _{NO(OFF)}	V _{NO} = GND, f = 1MHz	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		2		pF	
CCOM(OFF)	V _{COM} = GND, f = 1MHz	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		2		pF	
C _(ON)	V _{COM} = V _{NO} = GND, f = 1MHz	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		8		pF	
Viso	$R_L = 50\Omega$, $C_L = 15pF$, $V_{NO} = 1V_{RMS}$, $f = 100kHz$	T _A = +25°C		-90		dB	
Vст	$R_L = 50\Omega$, $C_L = 15pF$, $V_{NO} = 1V_{RMS}$, $f = 100kHz$	T _A = +25°C		<-90		dB	
V+, V-		C, E, M	±3		±8	V	
1.	$DIN = \overline{CS} = SCLK = 0V \text{ or } V+$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		7	20		
1+	$\overline{RESET} = OV \ or \ V +$	C, E, M			30	μΑ	
	$DIN = \overline{CS} = SCLK = 0V \text{ or } V+$	T _A = +25°C	-1	0.1	1		
1-	$\overline{RESET} = OV \ or \ V +$	C, E, M	-2		2	— μA	
	ton toff tbbm Vcte Cno(off) Ccom(off) Viso Vct	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c } \hline \textbf{RSTICS} & & & & & & & & & & \\ \hline \textbf{ton} & & & & & & & & & & \\ \hline \textbf{torf} & & & & & & & & & & \\ \hline \textbf{torf} & & & & & & & & & \\ \hline \textbf{From rising edge of } \overline{\textbf{CS}} & & & & & & & \\ \hline \textbf{T}_A = +25^{\circ} \textbf{C} & & & & & & \\ \hline \textbf{C}_C, E, M & & & & & & \\ \hline \textbf{T}_A = +25^{\circ} \textbf{C} & & & & & \\ \hline \textbf{C}_C, E, M & & & & & \\ \hline \textbf{T}_A = +25^{\circ} \textbf{C} & & & & \\ \hline \textbf{C}_C, E, M & & & & & \\ \hline \textbf{T}_A = +25^{\circ} \textbf{C} & & & & \\ \hline \textbf{C}_C, E, M & & & & \\ \hline \textbf{SMM} & & & & & & \\ \hline \textbf{From rising edge of } \overline{\textbf{CS}} & & & & & \\ \hline \textbf{T}_A = +25^{\circ} \textbf{C} & & & & \\ \hline \textbf{C}_C, E, M & & & & \\ \hline \textbf{VCTE} & & & & & & \\ \hline \textbf{C}_C = 1nF, V_{NO} = 0V, R_S = 0\Omega & & & \\ \hline \textbf{T}_A = +25^{\circ} \textbf{C} & & & & \\ \hline \textbf{C}_{NO}(\text{OFF}) & & & & & \\ \hline \textbf{VNO} = \text{GND}, f = 1MHz & & & \\ \hline \textbf{T}_A = +25^{\circ} \textbf{C} & & & & \\ \hline \textbf{C}_{COM}(\text{OFF}) & & & & & \\ \hline \textbf{VCOM} = \text{GND}, f = 1MHz & & & \\ \hline \textbf{T}_A = +25^{\circ} \textbf{C} & & & & \\ \hline \textbf{VCOM} & & & & & \\ \hline \textbf{VCOM} = \text{VNO} = \text{GND}, & & & \\ \hline \textbf{T}_A = +25^{\circ} \textbf{C} & & & & \\ \hline \textbf{S}_A = +25^{\circ} \textbf{C} & & & & \\ \hline \textbf{S}_A = +25^{\circ} \textbf{C} & & & \\ \hline \textbf{S}_A =$	TA = +25°C 200 400 2	

TIMING CHARACTERISTICS—Dual Supplies (Figure 1)

 $(V+=+4.5V \text{ to } +5.5V, V-=-4.5V \text{ to } -5.5V, T_A=T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$ Typical values are at $T_A=+25^{\circ}\text{C.})$

		*****	51		, .	,	
PARAMETER	SYMBOL CONDITIONS				TYP (Note 1)	MAX	UNITS
SERIAL DIGITAL INTERFACE	•						
SCLK Frequency	fsclk		C, E, M	0		2.1	MHz
Cycle Time	t _{CH} + t _{CL}		C, E, M	480			ns
CS Lead Time	tcss		C, E, M	240			ns
CS Lag Time	t _{CSH2}		C, E, M	240			ns
SCLK High Time	tсн		C, E, M	190			ns
SCLK Low Time	tcL		C, E, M	190			ns
Data Setup Time	tDS		C, E, M	200	17		ns
Data Hold Time	tDH		C, E, M	0	-17		ns
DIN Data Valid after Falling SCLK	tpo	50% of SCLK to 10% of DOUT,	T _A = +25°C		85		ns
(Note 4)	100	$C_L = 10pF$	C, E, M			400	113
Rise Time of DOUT (Note 4)	t _{DR}	20% of V+ to 70% of V+, C _L = 10pF	C, E, M			100	ns
Allowable Rise Time at DIN, SCLK (Note 4)	tscr	20% of V+ to 70% of V+, C _L = 10pF	C, E, M			2	μs
Fall Time of DOUT (Note 4)	t _{DF}	20% of V+ to 70% of V+, C _L = 10pF	C, E, M			100	ns
Allowable Fall Time at DIN, SCLK (Note 4)	tscf	20% of V+ to 70% of V+, C _L = 10pF	C, E, M			2	μs
RESET Minimum Pulse Width	t _{RW}		T _A = +25°C		70		ns

- Note 1: The algebraic convention is used in this data sheet; the most negative value is shown in the minimum column.
- Note 2: $\Delta R_{ON} = R_{ON(max)} R_{ON(min)}$. On-resistance match between channels and on-resistance flatness are guaranteed only with specified voltages. Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum value of on-resistance as measured over the specified analog signal range.
- **Note 3:** Leakage parameters are 100% tested at maximum rated hot temperature and guaranteed by correlation at room temp.
- Note 4: Guaranteed by design.
- **Note 5:** Leakage testing at single supply is guaranteed by testing with dual supplies. **Note 6:** See Figure 6. Off isolation = 20log₁₀ V_{COM}/V_{NO}, V_{COM} = output. NO = input to off switch.
- Note 7: Between any two switches. See Figure 3.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Single +5V Supply $(V+=+4.5V \text{ to } +5.5V, V-=0V, T_A=T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at } T_A=+25^{\circ}\text{C.})$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS			TYP (Note 2)	MAX	UNITS
ANALOG SWITCH							
Analog Signal Range	V _{COM} , V _{NO}		C, E, M	V-		V+	V
COM NO On Posistanas	Davi	V+ = 5V, V _{COM} = 3.5V,	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		125	175	
COM, NO On-Resistance	Ron	I _{NO} = 1mA	C, E, M			225	Ω
		$V + = 5.5V, V_{COM} = 4.5V,$	T _A = +25°C	-0.1	0.002	0.1	
NO Off Leakage Current	lug(off)	V _{NO} = 0V	C, E, M	-10		10	1
(Notes 4, 5)	INO(OFF)	V+ = 5.5V, VCOM = 0V,	T _A = +25°C	-0.1	0.002	0.1	nA
		$V_{NO} = 4.5V$	C, E, M	-10		10	
		$V + = 5.5V, V_{COM} = 4.5V,$	T _A = +25°C	-0.1	0.002	0.1	
COM Off Leakage Current	loov (OFF)	V _{NO} = 0V	C, E, M	-10		10	n _A
(Notes 4, 5)	ICOM(OFF)	V+ = 5.5V, V _{COM} = 0V,	$T_A = +25$ °C	-0.1	0.002	0.1	IIIA
		V _{NO} = 4.5V	C, E, M	-10		10	
COM On Leakage Current	Lagres	V+ = 5.5V,	T _A = +25°C	-0.2	0.002	0.2	
(Notes 4, 5)	ICOM(ON)	$V_{COM} = V_{NO} = 4.5V$	C, E, M	-20		20	nA
DIGITAL I/O	•						•
DIN, SCLK, CS, RESET Input Voltage Logic Threshold High	VIH		C, E, M	2.4			V
DIN, SCLK, CS, RESET Input Voltage Logic Threshold Low	VIL		C, E, M			0.8	V
DIN, SCLK, CS, RESET Input Current Logic High or Low	I _{IH} , I _{IL}	V_{DIN} , V_{SCLK} , $V_{\overline{CS}} = 0.8V$ or 2.4V	C, E, M	-1	0.03	1	μΑ
DOUT Output Voltage Logic High	VDOUT	IDOUT = -0.8mA	C, E, M	2.8		V+	V
DOUT Output Voltage Logic Low	VDOUT	IDOUT = 1.6mA	C, E, M	0		0.4	V
SCLK Input Hysteresis	SCLK _{HYST}		C, E, M		100		mV
SWITCH DYNAMIC CHARACTER	ISTICS	1	'				
Turn On Time	+	From rising edge of $\overline{\text{CS}}$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		200	400	200
Turn-On Time	ton	From fishing eage of CS	C, E, M			500	ns
Turn Off Time	1	F	T _A = +25°C		90	400	
Turn-Off Time	toff	From rising edge of CS	C, E, M			500	ns
Break-Before-Make Delay	tBBM	From rising edge of CS	T _A = +25°C		15		ns
Charge Injection (Note 4)	V _{CTE}	$C_L = 1nF$, $V_{NO} = 0V$, $R_S = 0\Omega$	T _A = +25°C		2	10	рС
Off Isolation (Note 6)	V _{ISO}	$R_L = 50\Omega$, $C_L = 15pF$, $V_{NO} = 1V_{RMS}$, $f = 100kHz$	T _A = +25°C		-90		dB
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk (Note 7)	V _{CT}	$R_L = 50\Omega$, $C_L = 15pF$, $V_{NO} = 1V_{RMS}$, $f = 100kHz$	T _A = +25°C		<-90		dB
POWER SUPPLY		1					
V V C		$DIN = \overline{CS} = SCLK = 0V \text{ or}$	T _A = +25°C		7	20	
V+, V- Supply Current	I+	$V+$, $\overline{RESET} = 0V \text{ or } V+$	C, E, M			30	μA

TIMING CHARACTERISTICS—Single +5V Supply (Figure 1)

 $(V + = +4.5V \text{ to } +5.5V, V - = 0V, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$ Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C.}$)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS			TYP (Note 2)	MAX	UNITS				
SERIAL DIGITAL INTERFACE											
SCLK Frequency	fsclk		C, E, M	0		2.1	MHz				
Cycle Time (Note 4)	t _{CH} + t _{CL}		C, E, M	480			ns				
CS Lead Time (Note 4)	tcss		C, E, M	240			ns				
CS Lag Time (Note 4)	t _{CSH2}		C, E, M	240			ns				
SCLK High Time (Note 4)	tсн		C, E, M	190			ns				
SCLK Low Time (Note 4)	t _{CL}		C, E, M	190			ns				
Data Setup Time (Note 4)	t _{DS}		C, E, M	200	17		ns				
Data Hold Time (Note 4)	tDH		C, E, M	0	-17		ns				
DIN Data Valid after Falling SCLK	tpo	50% of SCLK to 10% of	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		85	400	ns				
(Note 4)		DOUT, C _L = 10pF	C, E, M			400					
Rise Time of DOUT (Note 4)	t_{DR}	20% of V+ to 70% of V+, C _L = 10pF	C, E, M			100	ns				
Allowable Rise Time at DIN, SCLK (Note 4)	t _{SCR}	20% of V+ to 70% of V+, C _L = 10pF	C, E, M			2	μs				
Fall Time of DOUT (Note 4)	tDF	20% of V+ to 70% of V+, C _L = 10pF	C, E, M			100	ns				
Allowable Fall Time at DIN, SCLK (Note 4)	tscf	20% of V+ to 70% of V+, C _L = 10pF	C, E, M			2	μs				
RESET Minimum Pulse Width	t _{RW}		T _A = +25°C		70		ns				

- Note 1: The algebraic convention is used in this data sheet; the most negative value is shown in the minimum column.
- Note 2: $\Delta R_{ON} = R_{ON(max)} R_{ON(min)}$. On-resistance match between channels and on-resistance flatness are guaranteed only with specified voltages. Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum value of on-resistance as measured over the specified analog signal range.
- Note 3: Leakage parameters are 100% tested at maximum rated hot temperature and guaranteed by correlation at room temp.
- Note 4: Guaranteed by design.
- Note 5: Leakage testing at single supply is guaranteed by testing with dual supplies.
- Note 6: See Figure 6. Off isolation = 20log₁₀ V_{COM}/V_{NO}, V_{COM} = output. NO = input to off switch. Note 7: Between any two switches. See Figure 3.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Single +3V Supply $(V+=+3.0V \text{ to } +3.6V, V-=0V, T_A=T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at } T_A=+25^{\circ}C.)$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS			TYP (Note 2)	MAX	UNITS	
ANALOG SWITCH			-					
Analog Signal Range	VCOM, VNO		C, E, M	V-		V+	V	
COM, NO On-Resistance	Ron	V+ = 3.0V, VCOM = 1.5V,	T _A = +25°C		270	500	Ω	
COIVI, NO OTI-RESISTANCE	KON	I _{NO} = 1mA	C, E, M			600	52	
		$V + = 3.0V, V_{COM} = 3V,$	T _A = +25°C	-0.1	0.002	0.1		
NO Off Leakage Current	Ino(off)	V _{NO} = 0V	C, E, M	-5		5	nA	
(Notes 4, 5)	INO(OFF)	$V+ = 3.6V, V_{COM} = 0V,$	$T_A = +25$ °C	-0.1	0.002	0.1		
		V _{NO} = 3V	C, E, M	-5		5		
		$V+ = 3.6V, V_{COM} = 3V,$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	-0.1	0.002	0.1		
COM Off Leakage Current	ICOM(OFF)	V _{NO} = 0V	C, E, M	-5		5	nA	
(Notes 4, 5)	(COM(OFF)	$V+ = 3.6V, V_{COM} = 0V,$	T _A = +25°C	0.1	0.002	0.1		
		$V_{NO} = 3V$	C, E, M	-5		5		
		$V+ = 3.6V, V_{COM} = 3V,$	T _A = +25°C	-0.1	0.002	0.1		
COM On Leakage Current	ICOM(ON)	V _{NO} = 0V	C, E, M	-10		10	nA	
(Notes 4, 5)	ICOM(ON)	$V+ = 3.6V, V_{COM} = 0V,$	T _A = +25°C	-0.1	0.002	0.1		
		V _{NO} = 3V	C, E, M	-10		10		
DIGITAL I/O								
DIN, SCLK, CS, RESET Input Voltage Logic Threshold High	V _{IH}		C, E	2.4			V	
DIN, SCLK, CS, RESET Input Voltage Logic Threshold Low	VIL		C, E			0.8	V	
DIN, SCLK, CS, Input Current Logic High or Low	liH, liL	V _{DIN} , V _{SCLK} , V _{CS} = 0.8V or 2.4V	C, E	-1	0.03	1	μΑ	
DOUT Output Voltage Logic High	VDOUT	IDOUT = 0.1mA	C, E, M	2.8		V+	V	
DOUT Output Voltage Logic Low	V _{DOUT}	I _{DOUT} = -1.6mA	C, E, M	0		0.4	V	
SCLK Input Hysteresis	SCLKHYST		C, E, M		100		mV	
SWITCH DYNAMIC CHARACTER	ISTICS	1	'					
Turne On Time		F	T _A = +25°C		260	600		
Turn-On Time	ton	From rising edge of CS	C, E, M			800	ns	
Turn Off Time	4	F	T _A = +25°C		90	300		
Turn-Off Time	toff	From rising edge of CS	C, E, M			400	- ns	
Break-Before-Make Delay	t _{BBM}	From rising edge of CS	T _A = +25°C		15		ns	
Charge Injection (Note 4)	V _{CTE}	$C_L = 1nF$, $V_{NO} = 0V$, $R_S = 0\Omega$	T _A = +25°C		2	10	рС	
Off Isolation (Note 6)	Viso	$R_L = 50\Omega$, $C_L = 15pF$, $V_{NO} = 1V_{RMS}$, $f = 100kHz$	T _A = +25°C		-90		dB	
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk (Note 7)	V _{CT}	$R_L = 50\Omega$, $C_L = 15pF$, $V_{NO} = 1V_{RMS}$, $f = 100kHz$	T _A = +25°C		<-90		dB	
POWER SUPPLY	<u> </u>	1					1	
		$DIN = \overline{CS} = SCLK = 0V \text{ or } V_{+}$	T _A = +25°C		6	20		
V+ Supply Current		$\overline{RESET} = OV \text{ or } 5V$	C, E, M			30	μA	
							1	

TIMING CHARACTERISTICS—Single +3V Supply (Figure 1)

 $(V + = +3.0V \text{ to } +3.6V, V - = 0V, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$ Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C.}$)

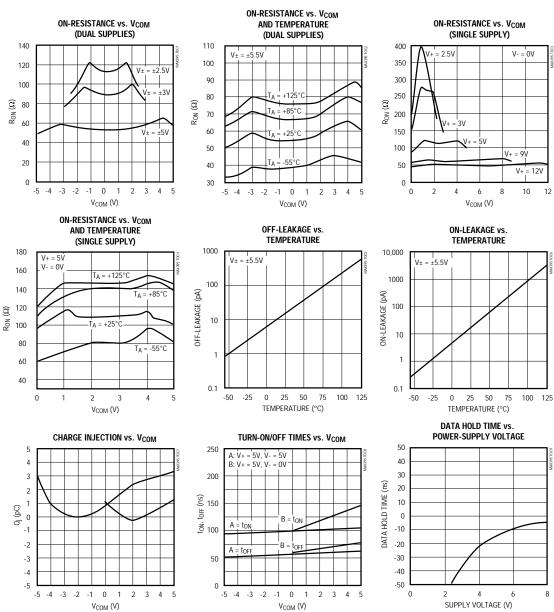
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS			TYP (Note 2)	MAX	UNITS				
SERIAL DIGITAL INTERFACE											
SCLK Frequency	f _{SCLK}		C, E, M	0		2.1	MHz				
Cycle Time (Note 4)	tcH + tcL		C, E, M	480			ns				
CS Lead Time (Note 4)	tcss		C, E, M	240			ns				
CS Lag Time (Note 4)	tCSH2		C, E, M	240			ns				
SCLK High Time (Note 4)	tсн		C, E, M	190			ns				
SCLK Low Time (Note 4)	tCL		C, E, M	190			ns				
Data Setup Time (Note 4)	tDS		C, E, M	200	38		ns				
Data Hold Time (Note 4)	tDH		C, E, M	0	-38		ns				
DIN Data Valid after Falling SCLK	tpo	50% of SCLK to 10% of	T _A = +25°C		150		ns				
(Note 4)	ibo	DOUT, $C_L = 10pF$	C, E, M			400	1115				
Rise Time of DOUT (Note 4)	tDR	20% of V+ to 70% of V+, C _L = 10pF	C, E, M			300	ns				
Allowable Rise Time at DIN, SCLK (Note 4)	tscr	20% of V+ to 70% of V+, C _L = 10pF	C, E, M			2	μs				
Fall Time of DOUT (Note 4)	t _{DF}	20% of V+ to 70% of V+, C _L = 10pF	C, E, M			300	ns				
Allowable Fall Time at DIN, SCLK (Note 4)	tscf	20% of V+ to 70% of V+, C _L = 10pF	C, E, M			2	μs				
RESET Minimum Pulse Width	t _{RW}		T _A = +25°C		105		ns				

- Note 1: The algebraic convention is used in this data sheet; the most negative value is shown in the minimum column.
- Note 2: ΔR_{ON} = R_{ON(max)} R_{ON(min)}. On-resistance match between channels and on-resistance flatness are guaranteed only with specified voltages. Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum value of on-resistance as measured over the specified analog signal range.
- Note 3: Leakage parameters are 100% tested at maximum rated hot temperature and guaranteed by correlation at room temp.
- Note 4: Guaranteed by design.
- Note 5: Leakage testing at single supply is guaranteed by testing with dual supplies.

 Note 6: See Figure 6. Off isolation = 20log₁₀ V_{COM}/V_{NO}, V_{COM} = output. NO = input to off switch.
- Note 7: Between any two switches. See Figure 3.

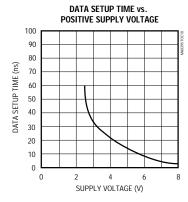
Typical Operating Characteristics

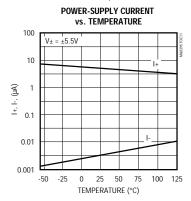
(V+ = +5V, V- = -5V, GND = 0V, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

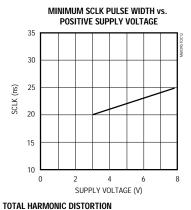


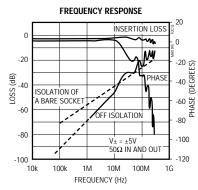
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

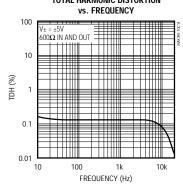
 $(V+=+5V, V-=-5V, GND=0V, T_A=+25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$











_Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	SCLK	Serial Clock Digital Input
2	V+	Positive Analog Supply Voltage Input
3	DIN	Serial Data Digital Input
4	GND	Ground. Connect to digital ground. (Analog signals have no ground reference; they are limited to V+ and V)
5, 7, 9, 11, 14, 16, 18, 20	NO0-NO7	Normally Open Analog Switches 0–7
6, 8, 10, 12, 13, 15, 17, 19	COM0-COM7	Common Analog Switches 0–7
21	V-	Negative Analog Supply Voltage Input. Connect to GND for single-supply operation
22	DOUT	Serial Data Digital Output. (High is sourced from V+.)
23	RESET	Reset Input. Connect to digital (logic) supply (or V+). Drive low to set all switches off and set internal shift registers to 0.
24	CS	Chip-Select Digital Input (Figure 1)

Note: NO_ and COM_ pins are identical and interchangeable. Either may be considered as an input or an output; signals pass equally well in either direction.

_Detailed Description

Basic Operation

The MAX395's interface can be thought of as an 8-bit shift register controlled by \overline{CS} (Figure 2). While \overline{CS} is low, input data appearing at DIN is clocked into the shift register synchronously with SCLK's rising edge. The data is an 8-bit word, each bit controlling one of eight switches in the MAX395 (Table 1). DOUT is the shift register's output, with data appearing synchronously with SCLK's falling edge. Data at DOUT is simply the input data delayed by eight clock cycles.

When shifting the input data, D7 is the first bit in and out of the shift register. While shifting data, the switches remain in their previous configuration. When the eight bits of data have been shifted in, $\overline{\text{CS}}$ is driven high. This updates the new switch configuration and inhibits further data from entering the shift register. Transitions at DIN and SCLK have no effect when $\overline{\text{CS}}$ is high, and DOUT holds the first input bit (D7) at its output.

More or less than eight clock cycles can be entered during the $\overline{\text{CS}}$ low period. When this happens, the shift

register will contain only the last eight serial data bits, regardless of when they were entered. On the rising edge of $\overline{\text{CS}}$, all the switches will be set to the corresponding states.

The MAX395's three-wire serial interface is compatible with SPI™, QSPI™, and Microwire™ standards. If interfacing with a Motorola processor serial interface, set CPOL = 0. The MAX395 is considered a slave device (Figures 2 and 3). Upon power-up, the shift register contains all zeros, and all switches are off.

The latch that drives the analog switch is updated on the rising edge of $\overline{\text{CS}}$, regardless of SCLK's state. This meets all the SPI and QSPI requirements.

Daisy Chaining

For a simple interface using several MAX395s, "daisy chain" the shift registers as shown in Figure 5. The $\overline{\text{CS}}$ pins of all devices are connected together, and a stream of data is shifted through the MAX395s in series. When $\overline{\text{CS}}$ is brought high, all switches are updated simultaneously. Additional shift registers may be included anywhere in series with the MAX395 data chain.

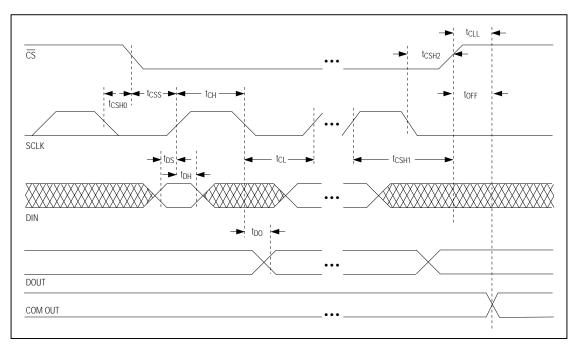


Figure 1. Timing Diagram

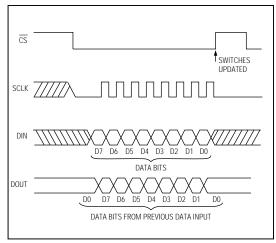


Figure 2. Three-Wire Interface Timing

Addressable Serial Interface

When several serial devices are configured as slaves, addressable by the processor, DIN pins of each decode logic individually control \overline{CS} of each slave device. When a slave is selected, its \overline{CS} pin is driven low, data is shifted in, and \overline{CS} is driven high to latch the data. Typically, only one slave is addressed at a time. DOUT is not used.

_Applications Information

Multiplexers

The MAX395 can be used as a multiplexer, but to obtain the same electrical performance with slightly improved programming speed, use the MAX349 8-channel mux or the MAX350 dual 4-channel mux, both in 18-pin packages.

Table 1. Serial-Interface Switch Programming

RESET			FUNCTION						
KESEI	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	FUNCTION
0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	All switches open, D7-D0 = 0
1	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Switch 7 open (off)
1	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Switch 7 closed (on)
1	Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Switch 6 open (off)
1	Х	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Switch 6 closed (on)
1	Х	Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Switch 5 open (off)
1	Х	Х	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Switch 5 closed (on)
1	Х	Х	Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Switch 4 open (off)
1	Х	Х	Х	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Switch 4 closed (on)
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Switch 3 open (off)
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	Х	Х	Х	Switch 3 closed (on)
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	Х	Х	Switch 2 open (off)
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	Х	Х	Switch 2 closed (on)
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	Х	Switch 1 open (off)
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	Х	Switch 1 closed (on)
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	Switch 0 open (off)
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	Switch 0 closed (on)

8x1 Multiplexer

To use the MAX395 as an 8x1 multiplexer, connect all common pins together (COM0–COM7) to form the mux output; the mux inputs are NO0–NO7.

The mux can be programmed normally, with only one channel selected for every eight clock pulses, or it can be programmed in a fast mode, where channel changing occurs on each clock pulse. In this mode, the channels are selected by sending a single high pulse (corresponding to the selected channel) at DIN, and a corresponding $\overline{\text{CS}}$ low pulse for every eight clock pulses. As this is clocked through the register by SCLK, each switch sequences one channel at a time, starting with Channel 7.

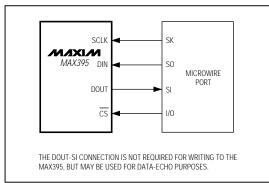


Figure 3. Connections for Microwire

Dual, Differential 4-Channel Multiplexer

To use the MAX395 as a dual (4x2) mux, connect COM0–COM3 together and connect COM4–COM7 together, forming the two outputs. The mux input pairs become NO0/NO4, NO1/NO5, NO2/NO6, and NO3/NO7.

The mux can be programmed normally, with only one differential channel selected for every eight clock pulses, or it can be programmed in a fast mode, where channel changing occurs on each clock pulse.

In fast mode, the channels are selected by sending two high pulses spaced four clock pulses apart (corresponding to the two selected channels) at DIN, and a corresponding \overline{CS} low pulse for each of the first eight clock pulses. As this is clocked through the register by

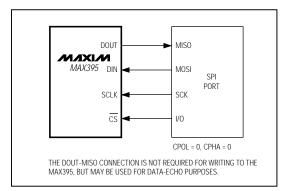


Figure 4. Connections for SPI and QSPI

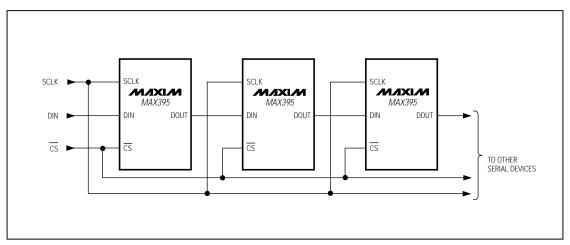


Figure 5. Daisy-Chained Connection

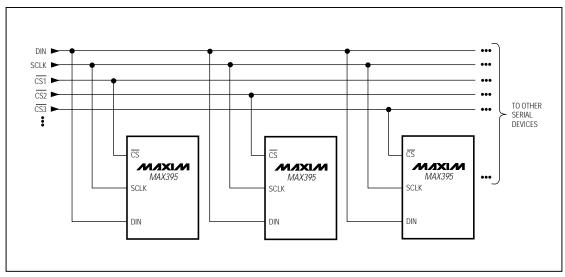


Figure 6. Addressable Serial Interface

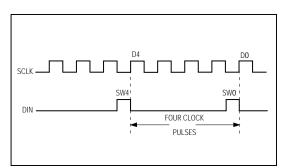


Figure 7. Differential Multiplexer Input Control

SCLK, each switch sequences one differential channel at a time, starting with channel 7/0. After the first eight bits have been sent, subsequent channel sequencing can occur by repeating this sequence or, even faster, by sending only one DIN high pulse and one $\overline{\text{CS}}$ low pulse for each four clock pulses.

SPDT Switches

To use the MAX395 as a quad, single-pole/double-throw (SPDT) switch, connect COM0 to NO1, COM2 to NO3, COM4 to NO5, and COM6 to NO7, forming the four "common" pins. Program these four switches with pairs of instructions, as shown in Table 2.

Reset Function

 $\overline{RESET} \ \, \text{is the internal reset pin.} \ \, \underline{It \, is \, usually \, connected} \, \, \text{to a logic signal or V+.} \, \, \text{Drive } \, \overline{RESET} \, \, \text{low to open all switches and set the contents of the internal shift register to zero simultaneously.} \, \, \text{When } \, \overline{RESET} \, \, \text{is high, the part functions normally and DOUT is sourced from V+.} \, \, \overline{RESET} \, \, \text{must not be driven beyond V+ or GND.}$

Power-Supply Considerations

Overview

The MAX395 construction is typical of most CMOS analog switches. It has three supply pins: V+, V-, and GND. V+ and V- are used to drive the internal CMOS switches and to set the limits of the analog voltage on any switch. Reverse ESD-protection diodes are internally connected between each analog signal pin and both V+ and V-. If any analog signal exceeds V+ or V-, one of these diodes will conduct. During normal operation, these (and other) reverse-biased ESD diodes leak, forming the only current drawn from V+ or V-.

Virtually all the analog leakage current is through the ESD diodes. Although the ESD diodes on a given signal pin are identical, and therefore fairly well balanced, they are reverse biased differently. Each is biased by either V+ or V- and the analog signal. This means their leakages vary as the signal varies. The difference in the two diode leakages to the V+ and V- pins constitutes the analog signal-path leakage current. All analog leak-

Table 2. SPDT Switch Programming

RESET			FUNCTION								
	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	FUNCTION		
0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	All switches open, D7-D0 = 0		
1	0	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Switch 7 off and 6 on		
1	1	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Switch 6 off and 7 on		
1	Х	Х	0	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Switch 5 off and 4 on		
1	Х	Х	1	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Switch 4 off and 5 on		
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	1	Х	Х	Switch 3 off and 2 on		
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	0	Х	Х	Switch 2 off and 3 on		
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	1	Switch 1 off and 0 on		
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	0	Switch 0 off and 1 on		

age current flows to the supply terminals, not to the other switch terminal. This is why both sides of a given switch can show leakage currents of either the same or opposite polarity.

There is no connection between the analog signal paths and GND.

V+ and GND power the internal logic and logic-level translators, and set both the input and output logic limits. The logic-level translators convert the logic levels to switched V+ and V- signals to drive the analog signal gates. This drive signal is the only connection between the logic supplies (and signals) and the analog supplies. V+, and V- have ESD-protection diodes to GND. The logic-level inputs and output have ESD protection to V+ and to GND.

The logic-level thresholds are CMOS and TTL compatible when V+ is +5V. As V+ is raised, the threshold increases slightly. So when V+ reaches +12V, the threshold is about 3.1V; slightly above the TTL guaranteed high-level minimum of 2.8V, but still compatible with CMOS outputs.

Bipolar Supplies

The MAX395 operates with bipolar supplies between ±3.0V and ±8V. The V+ and V- supplies need not be symmetrical, but their sum cannot exceed the absolute maximum rating of 17V. Do not connect the MAX395 V+ to +3V and connect the logic-level pins to TTL logic-level signals. This exceeds the absolute maximum ratings and can damage the part and/or external circuits.

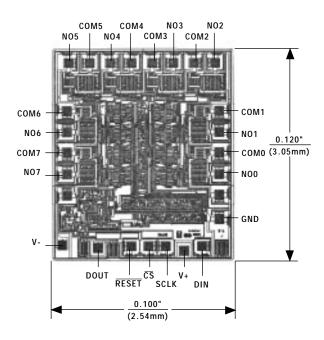
Single Supply

The MAX395 operates from a single supply between +3V and +16V when V- is connected to GND. All of the bipolar precautions must be observed.

High-Frequency Performance

In 50Ω systems, signal response is reasonably flat up to 50MHz (see *Typical Operating Characteristics*). Above 20MHz, the on-response has several minor peaks that are highly layout dependent. The problem is not turning the switch on, but turning it off. The off-state switch acts like a capacitor and passes higher frequencies with less attenuation. At 10MHz, off isolation is about -45dB in 50Ω systems, becoming worse (approximately 20dB per decade) as frequency increases. Higher circuit impedances also make off isolation worse. Adjacent channel attenuation is about 3dB above that of a bare IC socket, and is due entirely to capacitive coupling.

_____Chip Topography



TRANSISTOR COUNT: 500 SUBSTRATE CONNECTED TO V+.

Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.







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Three-Letter Suffixes

Example: MAX358CPD

C = Operating Temperature Range

P = Package Type D = Number of Pins

Four-Letter Suffixes

When a part has a four-letter suffix, the first letter of the suffix denotes product grade. For example, the first "A" in MAX631ACPA indicates 5% output accuracy; the remaining three letters denote temperature range, package type, and number of pins. Therefore, the MAX631ACPA has 5% accuracy, operates over the 0°C to 70°C range, comes in a plastic DIP package, and has eight pins.

Additional Suffix Characters

- -T Part number is furnished on tape-and-reel
- + Indicates a lead-free (RoHS) qualified version. See our <u>lead-free</u> information page.

Ask the QA

Engineer

ALSO SEE: Environmental Management and Materials Information (EMMI)

Lookup Lead-Free Products and Content Data +T Indicates a lead-free (RoHS) part on tape and reel.
Indicates that the device has a Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL)

- -D or -TD of >1 and will therefore be drypacked before shipment. See our Moisture Sensitivity Levels page.
 - # Indicates an RoHS-compliant part which has an exemption for lead.

Temperature Ranges

C 0° C to $+70^{\circ}$ C

I -20° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C

E -40° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C

A -40° C to $+125^{\circ}$ C

M -55° C to $+125^{\circ}$ C

Package Type

- A SSOP (Shrink Small-Outline Package)
- B UCSP (Chip Scale Package), CERQUAD
- C TO-220, TQFP (Thin Quad Flat Pack)
- D Ceramic Sidebraze
- E QSOP (Quarter Small-Outline Package)
- F Ceramic Flat Pack
- H Module, SBGA (Super Ball Grid Array, 5x5 TQFP)
- J CERDIP Dual-In-Line
- K SOT (8 Leads)
- L LCC (Leadless Ceramic Chip Carrier)
- M MQFP (Metric Quad Flat Pack)
- N Narrow Plastic Dual-In-Line
- P Plastic Dual-In-Line
- Q PLCC (Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier)

- R Narrow CERDIP (300 mil)
- S Small Outline (150 mil), TO-52 (2 or 3 leads)
- T TO-5 Type (also TO-99, TO-100, Thin QFN)
- U TSSOP, μMAX, SOT
- V TO-39
- W Wide SOIC (300 mil)
- X SC-70 (3, 5, 6 leads)
- Y Narrow Sidebraze (300 mil)
- Z TO-92, MQUAD, Thin SOT
- /D Dice
- /PR Rugged Plastic
- /W Wafer

Number of Pins

- A 8
- B 10, 64
- C 12, 192
- D 14
- E 16
- F 22, 256
- G 24
- H 44
- I 28
- J 32
- K 5, 68
- L 40
- M 7, 48
- N 18
- O 42

- P 20
- Q 2, 100
- R 3, 84
- S 4, 80
- T 6, 160
- U 60
- V 8 (0.200" pin circle, isolated case)
- W 10 (0.230" pin circle, isolated case)
- X 36
- Y 8 (0.200" pin circle, case to pin 4)
- Z 10 (0.230" pin circle, case to pin 5)

Second-Source Numbering System

In most cases, Maxim's part number for a second-source productfollows the industry's most widely accepted numbering systemfor that particular part, rather than our own convention. This includes the original designators for product grade, temperature range, package type, and number of pins.

Maxim frequently supplies second-sourceproducts in packages or temperature ranges that are not supplied by other manufacturers. Whenever possible, these devices are givenpart numbers that follow the original numbering convention.

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Status	MAASSSTEOR-D QI	+85 deg C)	TTHEC	Submit Quote
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<u> 10515tiution</u>		Extended (-		

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	MAX3953EVKIT		Not Applicable			Buy Now				
	MAX3953UGK-D	QFN	(0 deg C to +85 deg C)	Leadtime 1 Price	\$ 80.73	\$ 80.73			_	Buy Now
	MAX3953UGK-TD		(0 deg C to +85 deg C) 25	Leadtime 500 Price Leadtime		In Stock	TBD**	8 WKS	8 WKS \$ 75.97	Buy Now
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	MAX395CAG	SSOP	Commercial (0 deg C to +70 deg C)	1 Price	\$ 5.35	\$ 4.26	\$ 3.64	\$ 3.04	\$ 2.44	Buy Now
	MAX395CAG+	SSOP	Commercial (0 deg C to	Leadtime 1 Price	9 WKS \$ 5.35	9 WKS \$ 4.26	9 WKS \$ 3.64	9 WKS \$ 3.04	9 WKS \$ 2.44	Buy Now
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	MAX395CAG-T	SSOP	Commercial 20 (0 deg C to	000 Price					\$ 2.51	Buy Now

		+70 deg C)								
		Ci-1		Leadtime					9 WKS	
MAX395CNG	PDIP	Commercial (0 deg C to +70 deg C)	1	Price	\$ 4.87	\$ 3.87	\$ 3.31	\$ 2.77	\$ 2.22	Buy Now
		ro deg e)		Leadtime	In Stock					
MAX395CWG	W.SO	Commercial (0 deg C to +70 deg C)	1	Price	\$ 5.35	\$ 4.26	\$ 3.64	\$ 3.04	\$ 2.44	Buy Now
				Leadtime	In Stock	In Stock	In Stock	9 WKS	9 WKS	
MAX395CWG-T	W.SO	Commercial (0 deg C to 1 +70 deg C)	000	Price					\$ 2.51	Buy Now
		,		Leadtime					9 WKS	
MAX395EAG	SSOP	Extended (-40 deg C to +85 deg C)	1	Price	\$ 5.90	\$ 4.69	\$ 4.01	\$ 3.35	\$ 2.68	Buy Now
		C ,		Leadtime	In Stock	In Stock	9 WKS	9 WKS	9 WKS	
MAX395EAG+	SSOP	Extended (-40 deg C to +85 deg C)	1	Price	\$ 5.90	\$ 4.69	\$ 4.01	\$ 3.35	\$ 2.68	Buy Now
		oe g o)		Leadtime	9 WKS					
MAX395EAG+T	SSOP	Extended (-40 deg C to 2+85 deg C)	2000	Price					\$ 2.75	Buy Now
		D / 1.1/		Leadtime					9 WKS	
MAX395EAG-T	SSOP	Extended (-40 deg C to 2+85 deg C)	2000	Price					\$ 2.75	Buy Now
		C ,		Leadtime					9 WKS	
MAX395ENG	PDIP	Extended (-40 deg C to +85 deg C)	1	Price	\$ 5.35	\$ 4.26	\$ 3.64	\$ 3.04	\$ 2.44	Buy Now
		55 405 5)		Leadtime	In Stock	In Stock	9 WKS	9 WKS	9 WKS	
MAX395EWG	W.SO	Extended (-40 deg C to	1	Price	\$ 5.89	\$ 4.69	\$ 4.01	\$ 3.35	\$ 2.68	Buy Now

+85 deg C) Leadtime 9 WKS 9 WKS 9 WKS 9 WKS 9 WKS Extended (-W.SO 40 deg C to 1000 Price MAX395EWG-T \$ 2.75 **Buy Now** +85 deg C) Leadtime 9 WKS Military (-55 deg C to **CDIP** 1 Price MAX395MRG Submit Quote **Buy Now** +125 deg C) Leadtime TBD** First | Previous | 1-27 of 27 | Next | Last Rows per t

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^{***} Please be advised that the majority of our inventory is located in the Philippines. Transit time through US customs approximately three business days, at which time the products will ship via your requested method. For example, DHI approximately four total business days.