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LM9076Q

150mA Ultra-Low Quiescent Current LDO Regulator with Delayed Reset Output

General Description

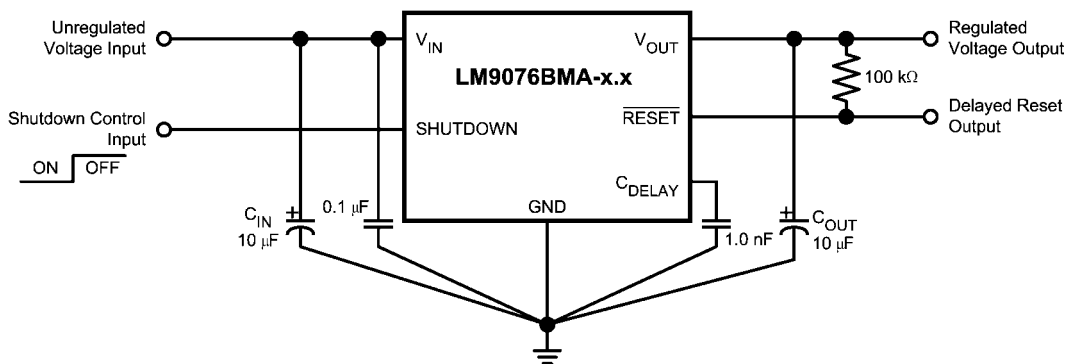
The LM9076Q is a $\pm 3\%$, 150 mA logic controlled voltage regulator. The regulator features an active low delayed reset output flag which can be used to reset a microprocessor system at turn-ON and in the event that the regulator output voltage falls below a minimum value. An external capacitor programs a delay time interval before the reset output pin can return high.

Designed for automotive and industrial applications, the LM9076Q contains a variety of protection features such as thermal shutdown, input transient protection and a wide operating temperature range. The LM9076Q uses an PNP pass transistor which allows low drop-out voltage operation.

Features

- AEC-Q100 Grade1 qualified (-40°C to +125°C)
- Available with 5.0V or 3.3V output voltage
- Ultra Low Ground Pin Current, 25 μ A typical for 100 μ A load
- V_{OUT} initial accuracy of $\pm 1.5\%$
- V_{OUT} accurate to $\pm 3\%$ over Load and Temperature Conditions
- Low Dropout Voltage, 200 mV typical with 150 mA load
- Low Off State Ground Pin current for LM9076QBMA
- Delayed \overline{RESET} output pin for low V_{OUT} detection
- +70V/-50V Voltage Transients
- Operational V_{IN} up to +40V

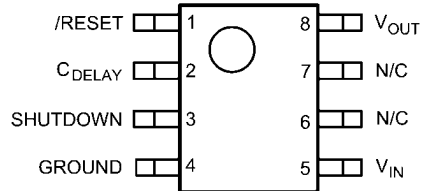
Typical Applications



LM9076QBMA-x.x in 8 lead SO package

30154330

Connection Diagram



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Top View
Part Numbers LM9076QBMA-3.3 and LM9076QBMA-5.0
See NS SOIC Package Number M08A

Ordering Information

Output Voltage	Package Type	Order Number	Package Marking	Shipped As	Feature
3.3	SO-8	LM9076QBMA-3.3	9076BQMA3.3	Rail of 95	AEC-Q100 Grade 1 qualified. Automotive Grade Production Flow. *
		LM9076QBMAX-3.3	9076BQMA3.3	Tape and Reel of 2500	
5.0	SO-8	LM9076QBMA-5.0	9076BQMA5.0	Rail of 95	
		LM9076QBMAX-5.0	9076BQMA5.0	Tape and Reel of 2500	

Note: * Automotive grade (Q) product incorporates enhanced manufacturing and support processes for the automotive market, including defect detection methodologies. Reliability qualification is compliant with the requirements and temperature grades defined in the AEC-Q100 standard. Automotive grade products are identified with the letter Q. For more information go to <http://www.national.com/automotive>.

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

$V_{IN(DC)}$	-15V to +55V
$V_{IN(+Transient)}$ $t < 10ms$, Duty Cycle $< 1\%$	+70V
$V_{IN(-Transient)}$ $t < 1ms$, Duty Cycle $< 1\%$	-50V
SHUTDOWN Pin	-15V to +52V
RESET Pin	-0.3V to 20V
C_{DELAY} Pin	-0.3V to $V_{OUT} + 0.3V$
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Junction Temperature (T_J)	+175°C
ESD, HBM, per AEC - Q100 - 002	+/-2 kV
ESD, MM, per AEC - Q100 - 003	+/-250V

Operating Ratings (Note 1)

V_{IN} Pin	5.35V to 40V
$V_{SHUTDOWN}$ Pin	0V to 40V
Junction Temperature	-40°C $< T_J < +125^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal Resistance TS5B (Note 6)	
θ_{ja}	75°C/W
θ_{jc}	2.9°C/W
Thermal Resistance M08A (Note 6)	
θ_{ja}	156°C/W
θ_{jc}	59°C/W

Electrical Characteristics for LM9076Q–3.3

The following specifications apply for $V_{IN} = 14V$; $I_{LOAD} = 10\text{ mA}$; $T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$; $C_{OUT} = 10\ \mu\text{F}$, $0.5\ \Omega < \text{ESR} < 4.0\ \Omega$; unless otherwise specified. **Bold values indicate $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_J \leq +125^\circ\text{C}$.** (Note 5, Note 4) Minimum and Maximum limits are guaranteed through test, design or statistical correlation.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
LM9076Q–3.3 REGULATOR CHARACTERISTICS						
V_{OUT}	Output Voltage		3.251	3.30	3.349	V
		$-20^\circ\text{C} \leq T_J \leq 85^\circ\text{C}$	3.234	3.30	3.366	V
		$1\text{ mA} \leq I_{LOAD} \leq 150\text{ mA}$	3.201	3.30	3.399	V
		$V_{IN} = 60V$, $R_{LOAD} = 1\text{ k}\Omega$, $t \leq 40\text{ms}$	2.970	3.30	3.630	V
	Output Voltage Off LM9076Q BMA only	$V_{SHUTDOWN} \geq 2V$, $R_{LOAD} = 1\text{ k}\Omega$	–	0	250	mV
Reverse Battery	$V_{IN} = -15V$, $R_{LOAD} = 1\text{ k}\Omega$	-300	0	–	mV	
ΔV_{OUT}	Line Regulation	$9.0V \leq V_{IN} \leq 16V$, $I_{LOAD} = 10\text{ mA}$	–	4	25	mV
		$16V \leq V_{IN} \leq 40V$, $I_{LOAD} = 10\text{ mA}$	–	17	35	mV
	Load Regulation	$1\text{ mA} \leq I_{LOAD} \leq 150\text{ mA}$	–	42	60	mV
V_{DO}	Dropout Voltage	$I_{LOAD} = 10\text{ mA}$	–	30	50	mV
		$I_{LOAD} = 50\text{ mA}$	–	80	–	mV
		$I_{LOAD} = 150\text{ mA}$	–	150	250	mV
I_{GND}	Ground Pin Current	$9V \leq V_{IN} \leq 16V$, $I_{LOAD} = 100\ \mu\text{A}$	–	25	45	μA
		$9V \leq V_{IN} \leq 40V$, $I_{LOAD} = 10\text{ mA}$	–	125	160	μA
		$9V \leq V_{IN} \leq 40V$, $I_{LOAD} = 50\text{ mA}$	–	0.6	–	mA
		$9V \leq V_{IN} \leq 16V$, $I_{LOAD} = 150\text{ mA}$	–	3.6	4.5	mA
I_{SC}	V_{OUT} Short Circuit Current	$V_{IN} = 14V$, $R_{LOAD} = 1\ \Omega$	200	400	750	mA

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
PSRR	Ripple Rejection	$V_{IN} = (14V_{DC}) + (1V_{RMS})$ @ 120Hz $I_{LOAD} = 50 \text{ mA}$	50	60	-	dB
RESET PIN CHARACTERISTICS						
V_{OR}	Minimum V_{IN} for valid RESET Status	(Note 3)	-	1.3	2.0	V
V_{THR}	V_{OUT} Threshold for RESET Low	(Note 3)	0.83	0.89	0.94	X V_{OUT} (Nom)
V_{OH}	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin high voltage	External pull-up resistor to $V_{OUT} = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$	$V_{OUT} \times 0.90$	$V_{OUT} \times 0.99$	V_{OUT}	V
V_{OL}	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin low voltage	$C_{DELAY} < 4.0V$, $I_{SINK} = 250 \mu A$	-	0.2	0.3	V
C_{DELAY} PIN CHARACTERISTICS						
I_{DELAY}	C_{DELAY} Charging Current	$V_{IN} = 14V$, $V_{DELAY} = 0V$	-0.70	-0.42	-0.25	μA
V_{OL}	C_{DELAY} pin low voltage	$V_{OUT} < 4.0V$, $I_{SINK} = I_{DELAY}$	-	0.100	-	V
t_{DELAY}	Reset Delay Time	$V_{IN} = 14V$, $C_{DELAY} = 0.001 \mu F$ V_{OUT} rising from 0V, Δt from $V_{OUT} > V_{OR}$ to $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin HIGH	4.7	7.8	13.2	ms

Electrical Characteristics for LM9076Q–5.0

The following specifications apply for $V_{IN} = 14V$; $V_{SHUTDOWN} = \text{Open}$; $I_{LOAD} = 10 \text{ mA}$; $T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$; $C_{OUT} = 10 \mu\text{F}$, $0.5\Omega < \text{ESR} < 4.0\Omega$; unless otherwise specified. **Bold Values indicate $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_J \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$.** (Note 4), (Note 5) Minimum and Maximum limits are guaranteed through test, design, or statistical correlation.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
LM9076Q–5.0 REGULATOR CHARACTERISTICS						
V_{OUT}	Output Voltage		4.925	5.00	5.075	V
		$-20^\circ\text{C} \leq T_J \leq 85^\circ\text{C}$ $1 \text{ mA} \leq I_{LOAD} \leq 150 \text{ mA}$	4.900	5.00	5.100	V
		$1 \text{ mA} \leq I_{LOAD} \leq 150 \text{ mA}$	4.850	5.00	5.150	V
		$V_{IN} = 60V$, $R_{LOAD} = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$, $t \leq 40\text{ms}$	4.500	5.00	5.500	V
	Output Voltage Off LM9076Q BMA only	$V_{SHUTDOWN} \geq 2V$, $R_{LOAD} = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$	–	0	250	mV
Reverse Battery	$V_{IN} = -15V$, $R_{LOAD} = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$	–300	0	–	mV	
ΔV_{OUT}	Line Regulation	$9.0V \leq V_{IN} \leq 16V$, $I_{LOAD} = 10 \text{ mA}$	–	4	25	mV
		$16V \leq V_{IN} \leq 40V$, $I_{LOAD} = 10 \text{ mA}$	–	17	35	mV
	Load Regulation	$1 \text{ mA} \leq I_{LOAD} \leq 150 \text{ mA}$	–	42	60	mV
V_{DO}	Dropout Voltage	$I_{LOAD} = 10 \text{ mA}$	–	30	50	mV
		$I_{LOAD} = 50 \text{ mA}$	–	80	–	mV
		$I_{LOAD} = 150 \text{ mA}$	–	150	250	mV
I_{GND}	Ground Pin Current	$9V \leq V_{IN} \leq 16V$, $I_{LOAD} = 100 \mu\text{A}$	–	25	45	μA
		$9V \leq V_{IN} \leq 40V$, $I_{LOAD} = 10 \text{ mA}$	–	125	160	μA
		$9V \leq V_{IN} \leq 40V$, $I_{LOAD} = 50 \text{ mA}$	–	0.6	–	mA
		$9V \leq V_{IN} \leq 16V$, $I_{LOAD} = 150 \text{ mA}$	–	3.6	4.5	mA
	Ground Pin Current in Shutdown Mode	$9V \leq V_{IN} \leq 40V$, $V_{SHUTDOWN} = 2V$	–	15	25	μA
I_{SC}	V_{OUT} Short Circuit Current	$V_{IN} = 14V$, $R_{LOAD} = 1\Omega$	200	400	750	mA
PSRR	Ripple Rejection	$V_{IN} = (14V_{DC}) + (1V_{RMS} @ 120\text{Hz})$ $I_{LOAD} = 50 \text{ mA}$	50	60	–	dB
RESET PIN CHARACTERISTICS						
V_{OR}	Minimum V_{IN} for valid RESET Status	(Note 3)	–	1.3	2.0	V
V_{THR}	V_{OUT} Threshold for RESET Low	(Note 3)	0.83	0.89	0.94	$X V_{OUT}$ (Nom)
V_{OH}	RESET pin high voltage	External pull-up resistor to $V_{OUT} = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$	$V_{OUT} \times 0.90$	$V_{OUT} \times 0.99$	V_{OUT}	V
V_{OL}	RESET pin low voltage	$C_{DELAY} < 4.0V$, $I_{SINK} = 250 \mu\text{A}$	–	0.2	0.3	V

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
C_{DELAY} PIN CHARACTERISTICS						
I_{DELAY}	C _{DELAY} Charging Current	$V_{IN} = 14V$, $V_{DELAY} = 0V$	-0.70	-0.42	-0.25	uA
V_{OL}	C _{DELAY} pin low voltage	$V_{OUT} < 4.0V$, $I_{SINK} = I_{DELAY}$	-	0.100	-	V
t_{DELAY}	Reset Delay Time	$V_{IN} = 14V$, C _{DELAY} = 0.001 uF V_{OUT} rising from 0V, Δt from $V_{OUT} > V_{OR}$ to RESET pin HIGH	7.1	11.9	20.0	ms
SHUTDOWN CONTROL LOGIC — LM9076QBMA-5.0 Only						
$V_{IL(SD)}$	SHUTDOWN Pin Low Threshold Voltage	$V_{SHUTDOWN}$ pin falling from 5.0V until V_{OUT} >4.5V ($V_{OUT} = On$)	1	1.5	-	V
$V_{IH(SD)}$	SHUTDOWN Pin High Threshold Voltage	$V_{SHUTDOWN}$ pin rising from 0V until $V_{OUT} < 0.5V$ ($V_{OUT} = Off$)	-	1.5	2	V
$I_{IH(SD)}$	SHUTDOWN Pin High Bias Current	$V_{SHUTDOWN} = 40V$	-	35	-	μA
		$V_{SHUTDOWN} = 5V$	-	15	35	μA
		$V_{SHUTDOWN} = 2V$	-	6	10	μA
$I_{IL(SD)}$	SHUTDOWN Pin Low Bias Current	$V_{SHUTDOWN} = 0V$	-	0	-	μA

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate the limits beyond which the device may cease to function, and/or damage to the device may occur.

Note 2: Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is intended to be functional, but does not guarantee specific performance limits. For guaranteed specifications and conditions refer to the Electrical Characteristics

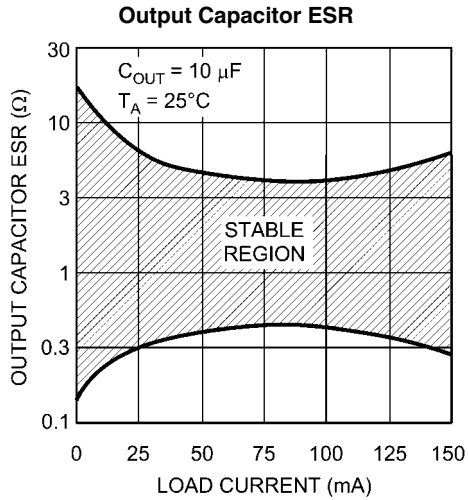
Note 3: Not Production tested, Guaranteed by Design. Minimum, Typical, and/or Maximum values are provided for informational purposes only.

Note 4: Pulse testing used maintain constant junction temperature (T_J).

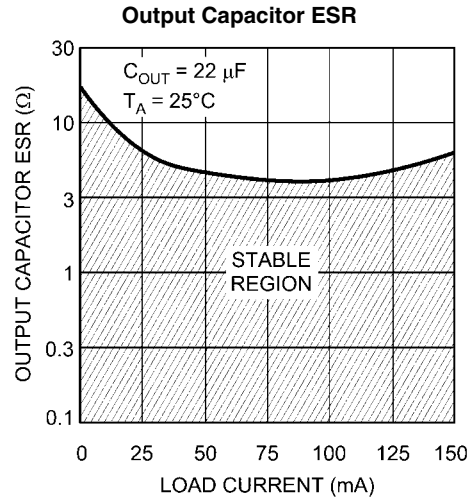
Note 5: The regulated output voltage specification is not guaranteed for the entire range of V_{IN} and output loads. Device operational range is limited by the maximum junction temperature (T_J). The junction temperature is influenced by the ambient temperature (T_A), package selection, input voltage (V_{IN}), and the output load current. When operating with maximum load currents the input voltage and/or ambient temperature will be limited. When operating with maximum input voltage the load current and/or the ambient temperature will be limited.

Note 6: Worst case (FREE AIR) per EIA/JESD51-3.

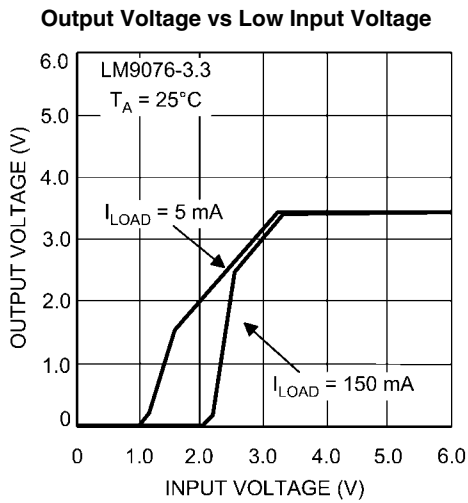
Typical Performance Characteristics



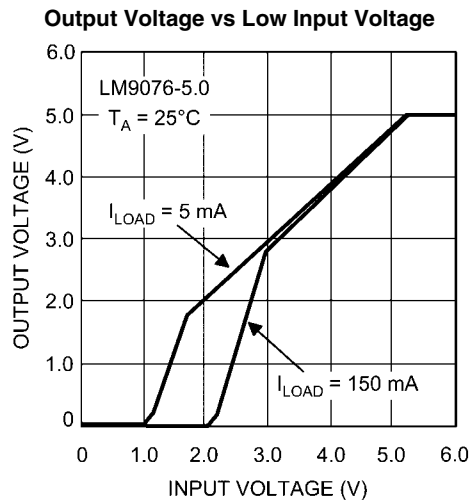
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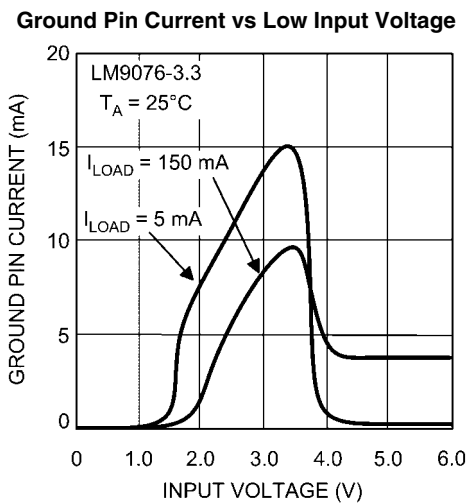
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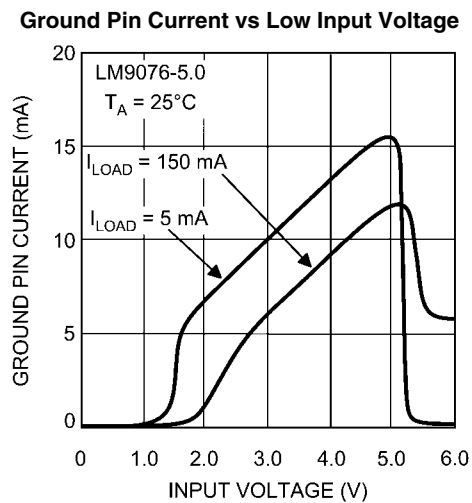
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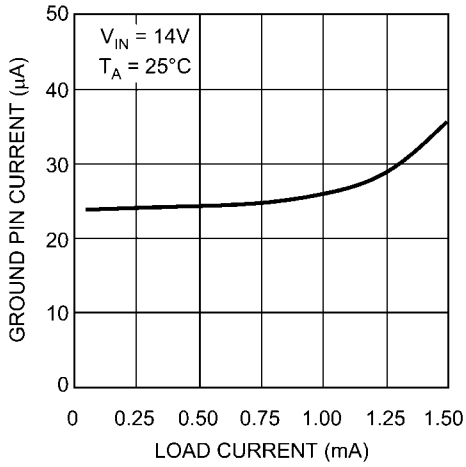


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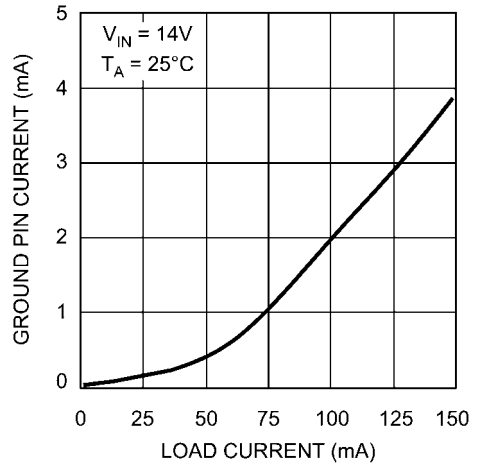
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Ground Pin Current vs Load Current



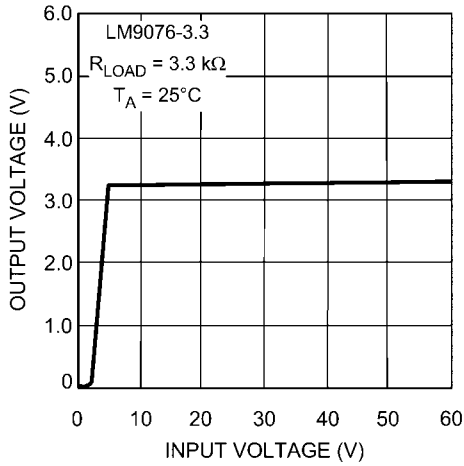
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Ground Pin Current vs Load Current



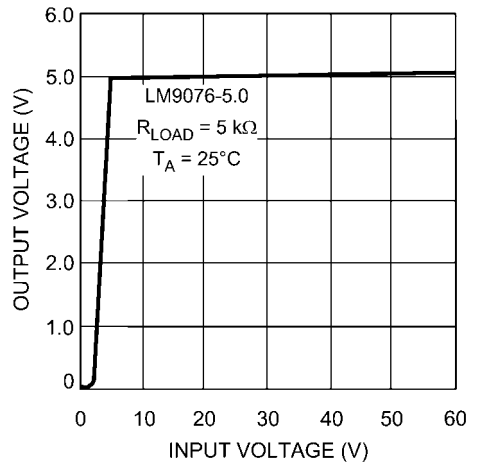
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Output Voltage vs Input Voltage



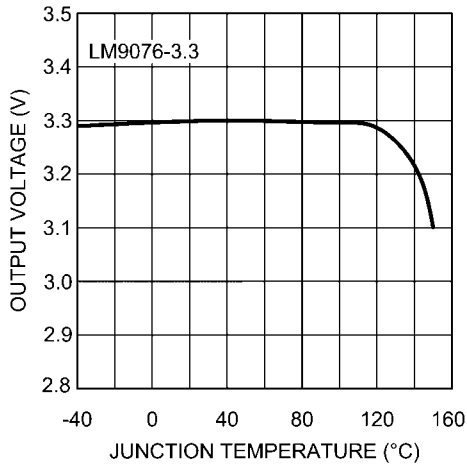
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Output Voltage vs Input Voltage



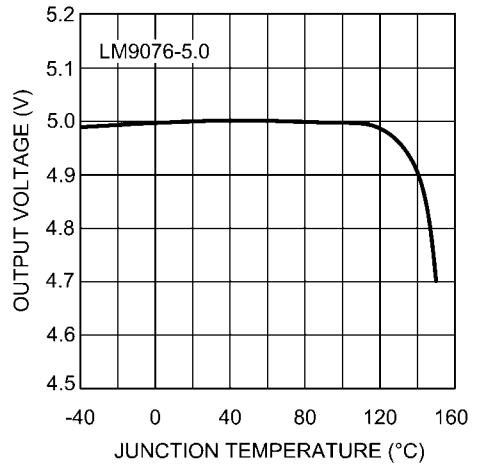
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Output Voltage vs Junction Temperature

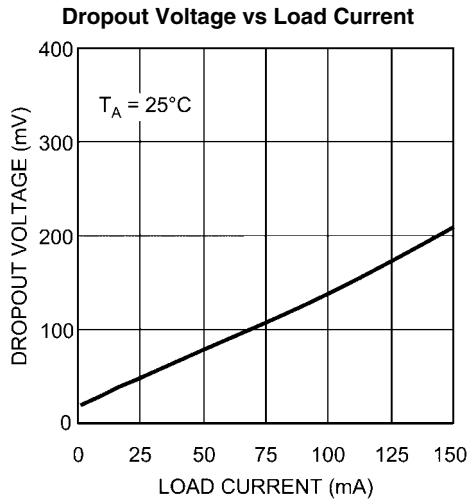


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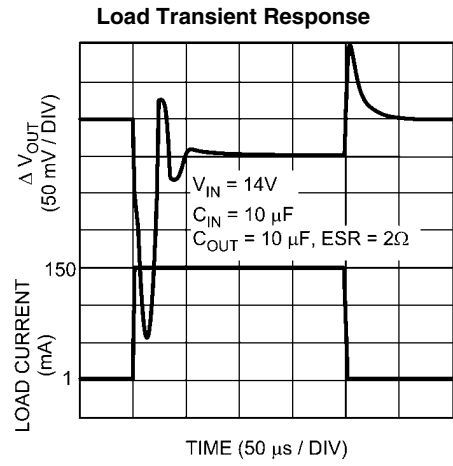
Output Voltage vs Junction Temperature



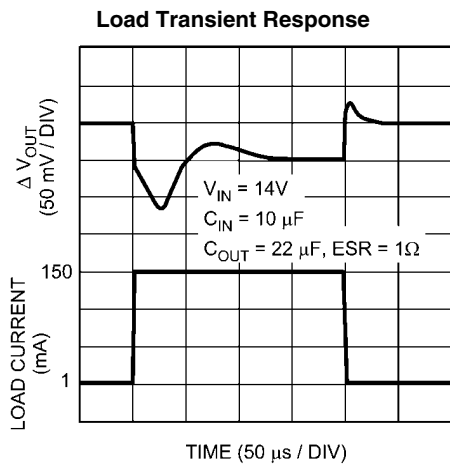
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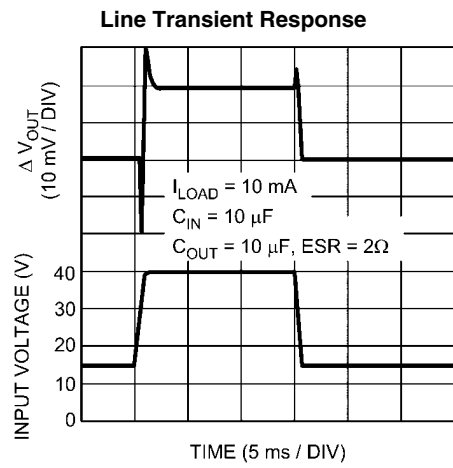
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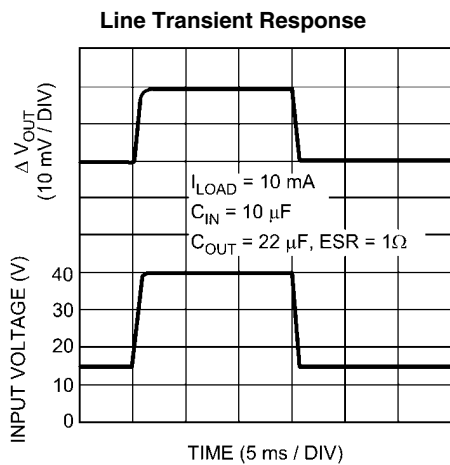
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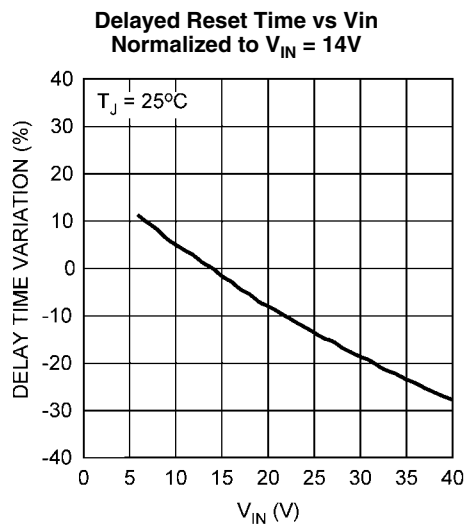
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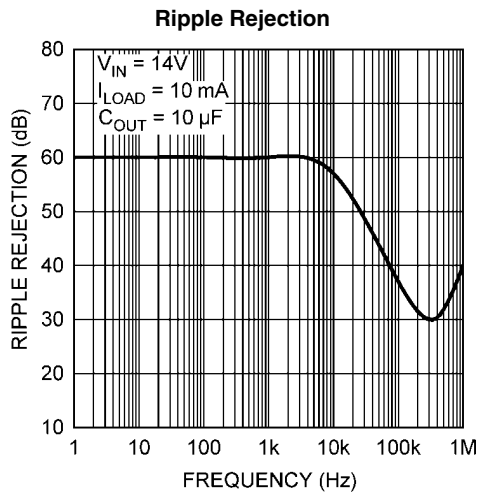
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Application Information

REGULATOR BASICS

The LM9076Q regulator is suitable for Automotive and Industrial applications where continuous connection to a battery supply is required (refer to the Typical Application circuit).

The pass element of the regulator is a PNP device which requires an output bypass capacitor for stability. The minimum bypass capacitance for the output is 10 μF (refer to ESR limitations). A 22 μF , or larger, output bypass capacitor is recommended for typical applications

INPUT CAPACITOR

The LM9076Q requires a low source impedance to maintain regulator stability because critical portions of the internal bias circuitry are connected directly to V_{IN} . In general, a 10 μF electrolytic capacitor, located within two inches of the LM9076Q, is adequate for a majority of applications. Additionally, and at a minimum, a 0.1 μF ceramic capacitor should be located between the LM9076Q V_{IN} and Ground pin, and as close as is physically possible to the LM9076Q itself.

OUTPUT CAPACITOR

An output bypass capacitor is required for stability. This capacitance must be placed between the LM9076Q V_{OUT} pin and Ground pin, as close as is physically possible, using traces that are not part of the load current path.

The output capacitor must meet the requirements for minimum capacitance and also maintain the appropriate ESR value across the entire operating ambient temperature range. There is no limit to the maximum output capacitance as long as ESR is maintained.

The minimum bypass capacitance for the output is 10 μF (refer to ESR limitations). A 22 μF , or larger, output bypass capacitor is recommended for typical applications.

Solid tantalums capacitors are recommended as they generally maintain capacitance and ESR ratings over a wide temperature range. Ceramic capacitor types XR7 and XR5 may be used if a series resistor is added to simulate the minimum ESR requirement. See [Figure 1](#).

Aluminum electrolytic capacitors are not recommended as they are subject to wide changes in capacitance and ESR across temperature.

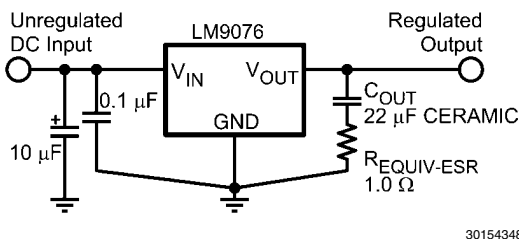


FIGURE 1. Using Low ESR Capacitors

DELAY CAPACITOR

The capacitor on the Delay pin must be a low leakage type since the charge current is minimal (420 nA typical) and the pin must fully charge to V_{OUT} . Ceramic, Mylar, and polystyrene capacitor types are generally recommended, although changes in capacitance values across temperature changes will have some effect on the delay timing.

Any leakage of the I_{DELAY} current, be it through the delay capacitor or any other path, will extend the delay time, possibly to the point that the Reset pin output does not go high.

SHUTDOWN PIN - LM9076QBMA ONLY

The basic On/Off control of the regulator is accomplished with the SHUTDOWN pin. By pulling the SHUTDOWN pin high the regulator output is switched Off. When the regulator is switched Off the load on the battery will be primarily due to the SHUTDOWN pin current.

When the SHUTDOWN pin is low, or left open, the regulator is switched On. When an unregulated supply, such as V_{BATTERY} , is used to pull the SHUTDOWN pin high a series resistor in the range of 10K Ω to 50K Ω is recommended to provide reverse voltage transient protection of the SHUTDOWN pin. Adding a small capacitor (0.001 μF typical) from the SHUTDOWN pin to Ground will add noise immunity to prevent accidental turn on due to noise on the supply line.

RESET FLAG

The $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin is an open collector output which requires an external pull-up resistor to develop the reset signal. The external pull-up resistor should be in the range of 10 k Ω to 200 k Ω .

At V_{IN} values of less than typically 2V the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin voltage will be high. For V_{IN} values between typically 2V and approximately $V_{\text{OUT}} + V_{\text{BE}}$ the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin voltage will be low. For V_{IN} values greater than approximately $V_{\text{OUT}} + V_{\text{BE}}$ the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin voltage will be dependent on the status of the V_{OUT} pin voltage and the Delayed Reset circuitry. The value of V_{BE} is typically 600 mV at 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ and will decrease approximately 2 mV for every 1 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ increase in the junction temperature. During normal operation the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin voltage will be high.

Any load condition that causes the V_{OUT} pin voltage to drop below typically 89% of normal will activate the Delayed Reset circuit and the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin will go low for the duration of the delay time.

Any line condition that causes V_{IN} pin voltage to drop below typically $V_{\text{OUT}} + V_{\text{BE}}$ will cause the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin to go low without activating the Delayed Reset circuitry.

Excessive thermal dissipation will raise the junction temperature and could activate the Thermal Shutdown circuitry which, in turn, will cause the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin to go low.

For the LM9076QBMA devices, pulling the SHUTDOWN pin high will turn off the output which, in turn, will cause the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin to go low once the V_{OUT} voltage has decayed to a value that is less than typically 89% of normal. See [Figure 2](#).

RESET DELAY TIME

When the regulator output is switched On, or after recovery from brief V_{OUT} fault condition, the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ flag can be programmed to remain low for an additional delay time. This will give time for any system reference voltages, clock signals, etc., to stabilize before the micro-controller resumes normal operation.

This delay time is controlled by the capacitor value on the C_{DELAY} pin. During normal operation the C_{DELAY} capacitor is charged to near V_{OUT} . When a V_{OUT} fault causes the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin to go low, the C_{DELAY} capacitor is quickly discharged to ground. When the V_{OUT} fault is removed, and V_{OUT} returns to the normal operating value, the C_{DELAY} capacitor begins charging at a typical constant 0.420 μA rate. When the voltage on the C_{DELAY} capacitor reaches the same potential as the V_{OUT} pin the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin will be allowed to return high.

The typical $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ delay time can be calculated with the following formula:

$$t_{\text{DELAY}} = V_{\text{OUT}} \times (C_{\text{DELAY}} / I_{\text{DELAY}})$$

For the LM9076Q-3.3 with a C_{DELAY} value of 0.001 μF and a I_{DELAY} value of 0.420 μA the typical RESET delay time is:

$$t_{\text{DELAY}} = 3.3\text{V} \times (0.001 \mu\text{F} / 0.420 \mu\text{A}) = 7.8 \text{ ms}$$

For the LM9076Q-5.0 with a C_{DELAY} value of 0.001 μF and a I_{DELAY} value of 0.420 μA the typical RESET delay time is:

$$t_{\text{DELAY}} = 5.0\text{V} \times (0.001 \mu\text{F} / 0.420 \mu\text{A}) = 11.9 \text{ ms}$$

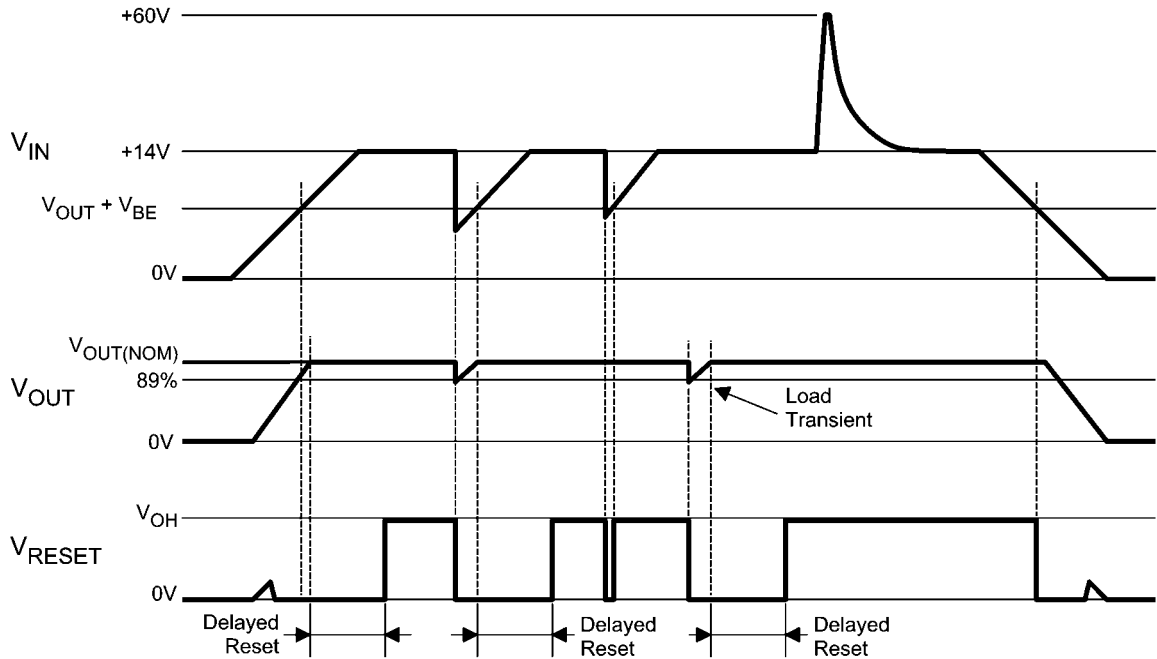
THERMAL PROTECTION

Device operational range is limited by the maximum junction temperature (T_J). The junction temperature is influenced by the ambient temperature (T_A), package selection, input volt-

age (V_{IN}), and the output load current. When operating with maximum load currents the input voltage and/or ambient temperature will be limited. When operating with maximum input voltage the load current and/or the ambient temperature will be limited.

Even though the LM9076Q is equipped with circuitry to protect itself from excessive thermal dissipation, it is not recommended that the LM9076Q be operated at, or near, the maximum recommended die junction temperature (T_J) as this may impair long term device reliability.

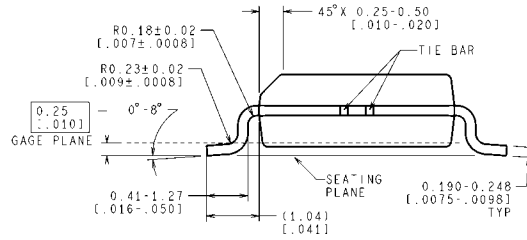
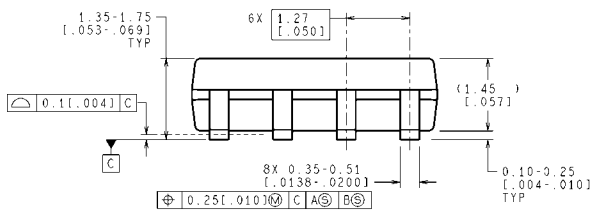
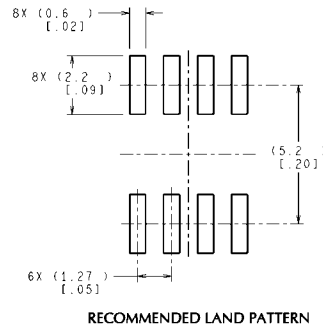
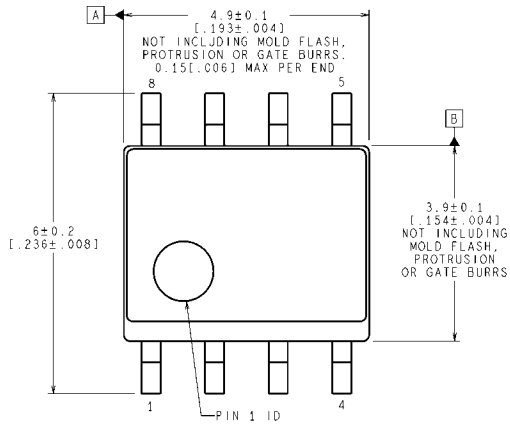
The thermal protection circuitry monitors the temperature at the die level. When the die temperature exceeds typically 160°C the voltage regulator output will be switched off.



30154349

FIGURE 2. Typical Reset Pin Operational Waveforms

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted



CONTROLLING DIMENSION IS MILLIMETER
VALUES IN [] ARE INCHES
DIMENSIONS IN () FOR REFERENCE ONLY

**8-Lead (0.150" Wide) Molded SO Package
NS Package Number M08A**

M08A (Rev M)

Notes

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Switching Regulators	www.national.com/switchers	Distributors	www.national.com/contacts
LDOs	www.national.com/ldo	Quality and Reliability	www.national.com/quality
LED Lighting	www.national.com/led	Feedback/Support	www.national.com/feedback
Voltage References	www.national.com/vref	Design Made Easy	www.national.com/easy
PowerWise® Solutions	www.national.com/powerwise	Applications & Markets	www.national.com/solutions
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