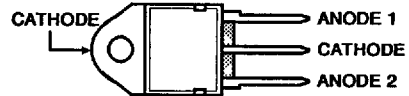


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**HAS 15A Ultrafast Dual Diode**  
**With Soft Recovery Characteristic**

May 1991

 HARRIS SEMICONDUCTOR SECTOR **T-23-07**  
**Package**
**TO-218AC**  
**TOP VIEW**

**Features**

- Ultrafast with Soft Recovery Characteristic ( $t_{rr} < 30\text{ns}$ )
- +175°C Rated Junction Temperature
- Reverse Voltage Up to 200V
- Avalanche Energy Rated

**Applications**

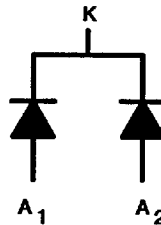
- Switching Power Supply
- Power Switching Circuits
- General Purpose

**Description**

MUR3010PT, MUR3010PT, MUR3020PT and RURD1510, RURD1515, RURD1520 are ultrafast dual diodes ( $t_{rr} < 30\text{ns}$ ) with soft recovery characteristics ( $t_a/t_b \approx 1$ ). They have a low forward voltage drop and are of planar, silicon nitride passivated, ion-implanted, epitaxial construction.

These devices are intended for use as energy steering/clamping diodes and rectifiers in a variety of switching power supplies and other power switching applications. Their low stored charge and ultrafast recovery with soft recovery characteristics minimizes ringing and electrical noise in many power switching circuits thus reducing power loss in the switching transistor.

All are supplied in TO-218AC packages.

**Symbol**

**Absolute Maximum Ratings ( $T_C = +25^\circ\text{C}$ )**

	MUR3010PT RURD1510	MUR3010PT RURD1515	MUR3020PT RURD1520
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage..... $V_{RRM}$	100V	150V	200V
Working Peak Reverse Voltage..... $V_{RWM}$	100V	150V	200V
DC Blocking Voltage..... $V_R$	100V	150V	200V
Average Rectified Forward Current..... $I_F(AV)$ (Total device forward current at rated $V_F$ and $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$ )	15A	15A	15A
Peak Forward Repetitive Current..... $I_{FRM}$ (Rated $V_F$ , square wave 20kHz)	30A	30A	30A
Nonrepetitive Peak Surge Current..... $I_{FSM}$ (Surge applied at rated load condition halfwave 1phase 60Hz)	200A	200A	200A
Operating and Storage Temperature..... $T_{STG}, T_J$	-55°C to +175°C	-55°C to +175°C	-55°C to +175°C

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SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	LIMITS									UNITS
		MUR3010PT, RURD1510			MUR3015PT, RURD1515			MUR3020PT, RURD1520			
		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V <sub>F</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 15A T <sub>C</sub> = +150°C	-	-	0.85	-	-	0.85	-	-	0.85	V
	I <sub>F</sub> = 15A T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C	-	-	1.05	-	-	1.05	-	-	1.05	V
I <sub>R</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = +150°C	V <sub>R</sub> = 100V	-	-	500	-	-	-	-	-	-	μA
	V <sub>R</sub> = 150V	-	-	-	-	-	500	-	-	-	μA
	V <sub>R</sub> = 200V	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	500	μA
I <sub>R</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C	V <sub>R</sub> = 100V	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	μA
	V <sub>R</sub> = 150V	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	μA
	V <sub>R</sub> = 200V	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	μA
t <sub>rr</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 1A	-	-	30	-	-	30	-	-	30	ns
	I <sub>F</sub> = 15A	-	-	35	-	-	35	-	-	35	ns
t <sub>a</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 1A	-	18	-	-	18	-	-	18	-	ns
	I <sub>F</sub> = 15A	-	20	-	-	20	-	-	20	-	ns
t <sub>b</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 1A	-	9	-	-	9	-	-	9	-	ns
	I <sub>F</sub> = 15A	-	10	-	-	10	-	-	10	-	ns
R <sub>θjc</sub>		-	-	1.5	-	-	1.5	-	-	1.5	°C/W
W <sub>avl</sub>	see Fig. 7&8	-	-	20	-	-	20	-	-	20	mj

**Definitions**

V<sub>F</sub> = Instantaneous forward voltage (pw = 300μs, D = 2%).

I<sub>R</sub> = Instantaneous reverse current (pw = 300μs, D = 2%).

t<sub>rr</sub> = Reverse recovery time at di<sub>F</sub>/dt = 100A/μs (See Figure 2), summation of t<sub>a</sub> + t<sub>b</sub>.

t<sub>a</sub> = Time to reach peak reverse current at di<sub>F</sub>/dt = 100A/μs (See Figure 2).

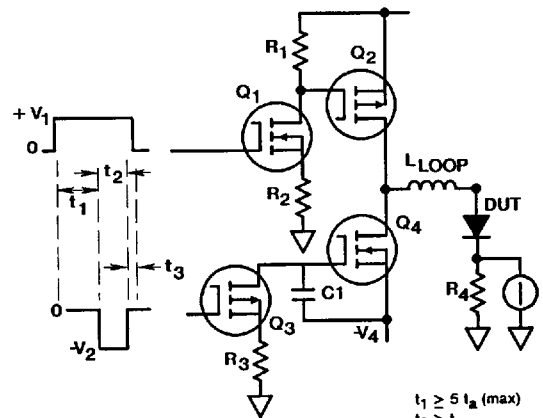
t<sub>b</sub> = Time from peak I<sub>RM</sub> to projected zero crossing of I<sub>RM</sub> based on a straight line from peak I<sub>RM</sub> through 25% of I<sub>RM</sub>. (See Figure 2)

R<sub>θjc</sub> = Thermal resistance junction to case.

W<sub>avl</sub> = Controlled avalanche energy (See Figures 7 & 8).

pw = pulse width.

D = duty cycle.



V<sub>1</sub> amplitude controls I<sub>F</sub>  
 V<sub>2</sub> amplitude controls di/dt  
 L<sub>1</sub> = self inductance of R<sub>4</sub>

$$t_1 \geq 5 t_a (\text{max})$$

$$t_2 > t_{rr}$$

$$t_3 > 0$$

$$\frac{L_1}{R_4} \leq \frac{t_a (\text{min})}{10}$$

FIGURE 1. t<sub>rr</sub> TEST CIRCUIT

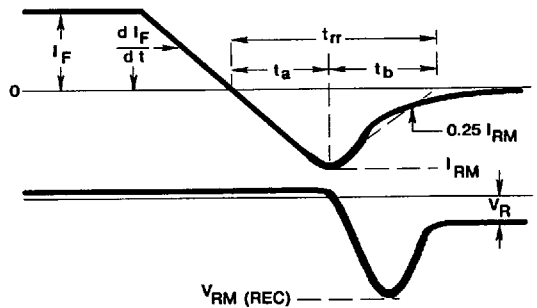


FIGURE 2. DEFINITIONS OF t<sub>rr</sub>, t<sub>a</sub> AND t<sub>b</sub>

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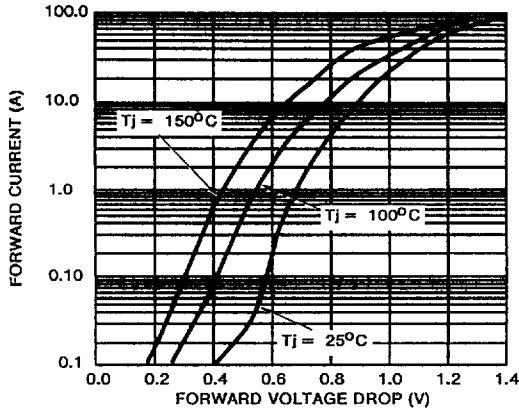


FIGURE 3. FORWARD VOLTAGE vs FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTIC

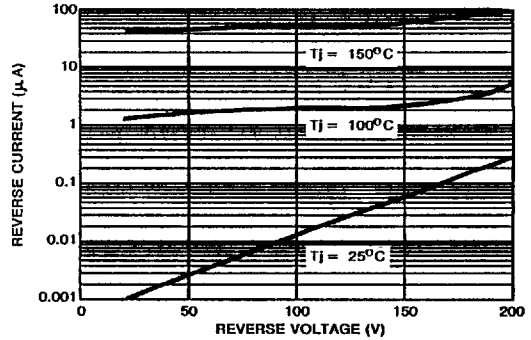


FIGURE 4. REVERSE VOLTAGE vs REVERSE CURRENT CHARACTERISTIC

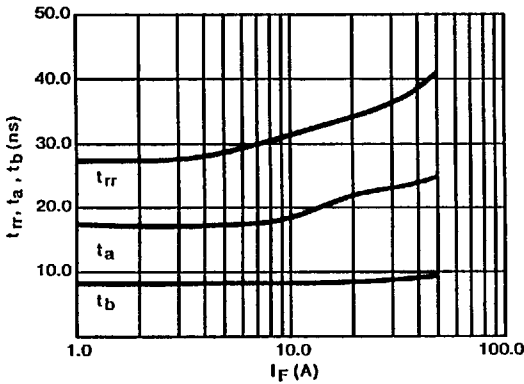


FIGURE 5. TYPICAL  $t_{rr}$ ,  $t_a$ ,  $t_b$  vs FORWARD CURRENT

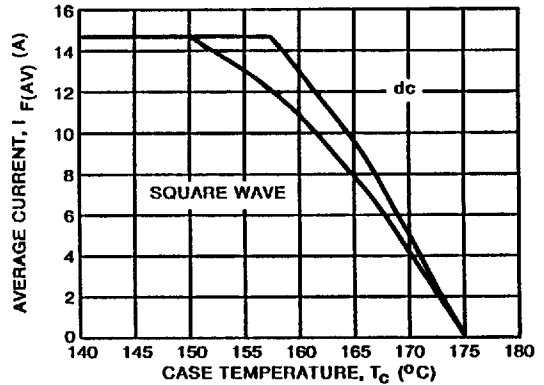


FIGURE 6. TYPICAL CURRENT DERATING CURVE w.r.t. CASE TEMPERATURE

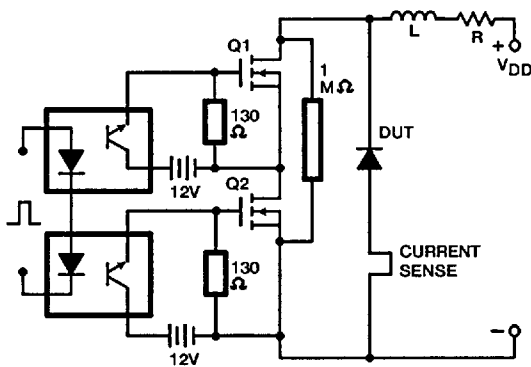


FIGURE 7. AVALANCHE ENERGY TEST CIRCUIT

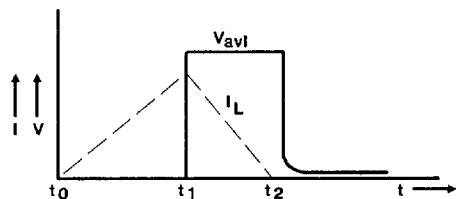


FIGURE 8. CURRENT VOLTAGE WAVEFORM

$$I_{L\text{peak}} = 1A, L = 40mH, R < 0.1\Omega, W_{\text{avt}} = (1/2) L I^2 [V_{\text{avt}} / (V_{\text{avt}} - V_{\text{dd}})]$$