

CA3080

2MHz, Operational Transconductance Amplifier (OTA)

The CA3080 and CA3080A types are Gatabie-Gain Blocks which utilize Hie unique operational-transconductance-amplifier (OTA) concept described in Application Note AN6668, "Applications of the CA3080 and CA3080A Hig-Performance Operational Transconductance Amplifiers".

The CA3080 and CA3080A types have differential input and a single-ended, push-pull, class A output In addition, these types have an amplifier bias input which may be used either for gating or for linear gain control. These types also have a high output impedance and their transconductance (g_M) is directly proportional to the amplifier bias current (I_{ABC}).

The CA3080 and CA3080A types are notable for their excellent slew rate (50V/µs), which makes them especially useful for multiplexer and fast unity-gain voltage followers. These types are especially applicable for multiplexer applications because power is consumed only when the devices are in the "ON" channel state.

The CA3080A's characteristics are specifically controlled for applications such as sample-hold, gain-control, multiplexing, etc.

Rochester Electronics Manufactured Components

Rochester branded components are manufactured using either die/wafers purchased from the original suppliers or Rochester wafers recreated from the original IP. All re-creations are done with the approval of the Original Component Manufacturer (OCM).

Parts are tested using original factory test programs or Rochester developed test solutions to guarantee product meets or exceeds the OCM data sheet.

Quality Overview

- ISO-9001
- AS9120 certification
- Qualified Manufacturers List (QML) MIL-PRF-35835
 - Class Q Military
 - Class V Space Level
- Qualified Suppliers List of Distributors (QSLD)
 - Rochester is a critical supplier to DLA and meets all industry and DLA standards.

Rochester Electronics, LLC is committed to supplying products that satisfy customer expectations for quality and are equal to those originally supplied by industry manufacturers.

The original manufacturer's datasheet accompanying this document reflects the performance and specifications of the Rochester manufactured version of this device. Rochester Electronics guarantees the performance of its semiconductor products to the original OCM specifications. 'Typical' values are for reference purposes only. Certain minimum or maximum ratings may be based on product characterization, design, simulation, or sample testing.

FOR REFERENCE ONLY



CA3080, CA3080A

November 1996

2MHz, Operational Transconductance Amplifier (OTA)

Features

•	Slew Rate (Unity Gain, Compensated) 50 V/ μs
•	Adjustable Power Consumption $\ldots\ldots$ 10 $\!\mu W$ to 30 $\!\mu W$
•	Flexible Supply Voltage Range ±2V to ±15V
•	Fully Adjustable Gain0 to $g_{\mbox{\scriptsize M}}R_{\mbox{\scriptsize L}}$ Limit
•	Tight g _M Spread:
	- CA3080 2:1
	- CA3080A1.6:1
•	Extended g _M Linearity3 Decades

Applications

· Sample and Hold

· Multiplier

Multiplexer

Comparator

· Voltage Follower

Ordering Information

PART NUMBER (BRAND)	TEMP. Range (°C)	PACKAGE	PKG. NO.	
CA3080	0 to 70	8 Pin Metal Can	T8.C	
CA3080A	-55 to 125	8 Pin Metal Can	T8.C	
CA3080AE	-55 to 125	8 Ld PDIP	E8.3	
CA3080AM (3080A)	-55 to 125	8 Ld SOIC	M8.15	
CA3080AM96 (3080A)	-55 to 125	8 Ld SOIC Tape and Reel	M8.15	
CA3080E	0 to 70	8 Ld PDIP	E8.3	
CA3080M (3080)	0 to 70	8 Ld SOIC	M8.15	
CA3080M96 (3080)	0 to 70	8 Ld SOIC Tape and Reel	M8.15	

Description

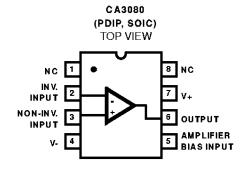
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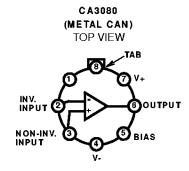
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Pinouts



NOTE: Pin 4 is connected to case.



CA3080, CA3080A

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Supply Voltage (Between V+ and V- Terminal) 36V Differential Input Voltage 5V Input Voltage V+ to V Input Signal Current 1mA Amplifier Bias Current (I_{ABC}) 2mA Output Short Circuit Duration (Note 1) No Limitation

Thermal Information

Thermal Resistance (Typical, Note 2)	θ _{JA} (°C/W)	θ ic (°C/W)
PDIP Package	130	N/A
SOIC Package	1 70	N/A
Metal Can Package	200	120
Maximum Junction Temperature (Metal Car	1)	175°C
Maximum Junction Temperature (Plastic F	Package)	1 50 ^o C
Maximum Storage Temperature Range	65	5 ^o C to 1 50 ^o C
Maximum Lead Temperature (Soldering 1	0s)	300°C
(SOIC - Lead Tips Only)		

Operating Conditions

Temperature Range		
CA3080		0°C to 70°C
CA3080A	55	^o C to 125 ^o C

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

NOTES:

- 1. Short circuit may be applied to ground or to either supply.
- 2. θ_{JA} is measured with the component mounted on an evaluation PC board in free air.

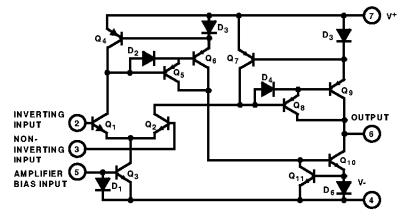
Electrical Specifications For Equipment Design, V_{SUPPLY} = ±15V, Unless Otherwise Specified

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS			CA3080)	CA3080A			
			TEMP	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Input Offset Voltage		I _{ABC} = 5μA	25	-	0.3	-	-	0.3	2	mV
		I _{ABC} = 500μA	25	-	0.4	5	-	0.4	2	mV
			Full	-	-	6	-	-	5	mV
Input Offset Voltage Cha	ange	I _{ABC} = 500μA to 5μA	25	-	0.2	-	-	0.1	3	mV
Input Offset Voltage Ter	mp. Drift	$I_{ABC} = 100\mu A$	Full	-	-	-	-	3.0	-	μV/ ^o C
Input Offset Voltage	Positive	$I_{ABC} = 500\mu A$	25	-	-	150	-	-	150	μV/V
Sensitivity	Negative	1	25	-	-	150	-	-	150	μV/V
Input Offset Current		I _{ABC} = 500μA	25	-	0.12	0.6	-	0.12	0.6	μΑ
Input Bias Current		I _{ABC} = 500μA	25	-	2	5	-	2	5	μА
			Full	=	=	7	=	=	15	μΑ
Differential Input Current		$I_{ABC} = 0$, $V_{DIFF} = 4V$	25	-	0.008	-	-	0.008	5	nA
Amplifier Bias Voltage		$I_{ABC} = 500\mu A$	25	-	0.71	-	-	0.71	-	٧
Input Resistance		$I_{ABC} = 500\mu A$	25	1 0	26	-	1 0	26	-	kΩ
Input Capacitance		$I_{ABC}=500\mu A,f=1MHz$	25	-	3.6	-	-	3.6	-	pF
Input-to-Output Capacita	ance	$I_{ABC} = 500\mu A$, $f = 1MHz$	25	-	0.024	-	-	0.024	-	рF
Common-Mode Input-Voltage Range		I _{ABC} = 500μA	25	12 to -12	13.6 to -14.6	-	12 to -12	13.6 to -14.6	-	٧
Forward Transconductar	ıce	$I_{ABC} = 500\mu A$	25	6700	9600	13000	7700	9600	12000	μS
(Large Signal)			Full	5400	-	-	4000	-	-	μS
Output Capacitance		I _{ABC} = 500μA, f = 1MHz	25	-	5.6	-	-	5.6	-	pF
Output Resistance		I _{ABC} = 500μA	25	-	15	=	-	15	-	МΩ
Peak Output Current		$I_{ABC} = 5\mu A, R_L = 0\Omega$	25	-	5		3	5	7	μΑ
		$I_{ABC} = 500\mu A, R_L = 0\Omega$	25	350	500	650	350	500	650	μΑ
			Full	300	-	-	300	-	-	μΑ

 $\textbf{Electrical Specifications} \qquad \text{For Equipment Design, V}_{SUPPLY} = \pm 15 \text{V, Unless Otherwise Specified} \quad \textbf{(Continued)}$

				CA3080		CA3080A				
PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	TEMP	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Peak Output	Positive	$I_{ABC}=5\mu A,\ R_L=\infty$	25	-	13.8	-	12	13.8	-	٧
Voltage	Negative		25	-	-14.5	-	-12	-14.5	-	٧
	Positive	I _{ABC} = 500μA, R _L = ∞	25	12	13.5	-	12	13.5	-	٧
	Negative	1	25	-12	-14.4	=	-12	-14.4	=	٧
Amplifier Supply Current		I _{ABC} = 500μA	25	8.0	1	1.2	0.8	1	1.2	mA
Device Dissipation		I _{ABC} = 500μA	25	24	30	36	24	30	36	mW
N 3 1 (1 1 2 1		$I_{ABC} = 0$, $V_{TP} = 0$	25	-	0.08	-	-	0.08	5	nΑ
Magnitude of Leakage	Current	$I_{ABC}=0,\ V_{TP}=36V$	25	-	0.3	-	-	0.3	5	nΑ
Propagation Delay		$I_{ABC} = 500\mu A$	25	-	45	-	-	45	-	ns
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio		$I_{ABC} = 500\mu A$	25	80	110	-	80	110	-	dB
Open-Loop Bandwidth		I _{ABC} = 500μA	25	-	2	-	-	2	-	MHz
Slew Rate	Slew Rate		25	-	75	=	-	75	-	V/µs
		Compensated	25	-	50	=	-	50	-	V/µs

Schematic Diagram



Typical Applications

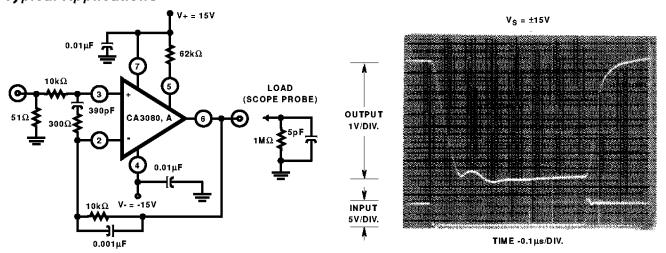


FIGURE 1. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM OF THE CA3080 AND CA3080A IN A UNITY-GAIN VOLTAGE FOLLOWER CONFIGURATION AND ASSOCIATED WAVEFORM

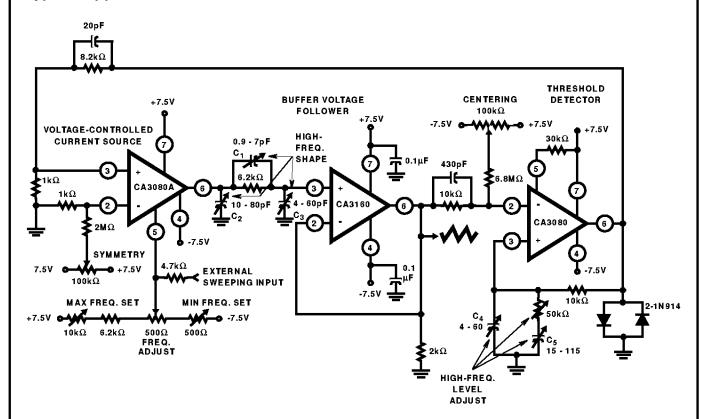
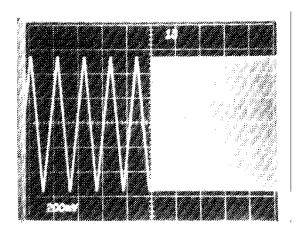
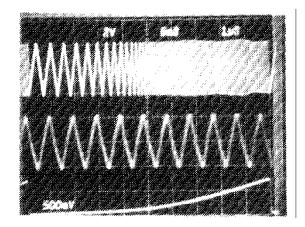


FIGURE 2. 1,000,000/1 SINGLE-CONTROL FUNCTION GENERATOR - 1MHz TO 1Hz



NOTE: A Square-Wave Signal Modulates The External Sweeping Input to Produce 1Hz and 1MHz, showing the 1,000,000/1 frequency range of the function generator.

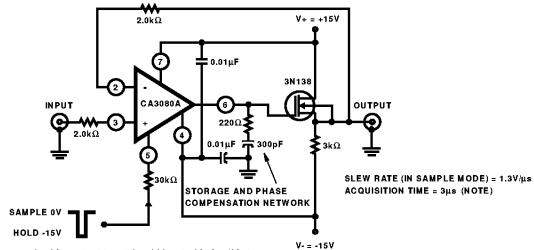
FIGURE 3A. TWO-TONE OUTPUT SIGNAL FROM THE FUNCTION GENERATOR



NOTE: The bottom trace is the sweeping signal and the top trace is the actual generator output. The center trace displays the 1MHz signal via delayed oscilloscope triggering of the upper swept output signal.

FIGURE 3B. TRIPLE-TRACE OF THE FUNCTION GENERATOR SWEEPING TO 1MHz

FIGURE 3. FUNCTION GENERATOR DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS WAVEFORMS



NOTE: Time required for output to settle within ±3mV of a 4V step.

FIGURE 4. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM OF THE CA3080A IN A SAMPLE-HOLD CONFIGURATION

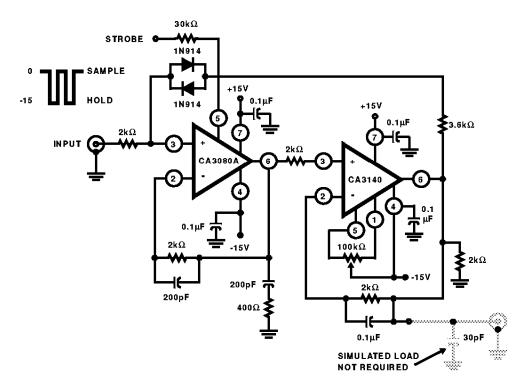
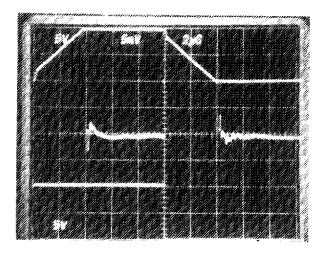


FIGURE 5. SAMPLE AND HOLD CIRCUIT



Top Trace: Output Signal 5V/Div., 2µs/Div.

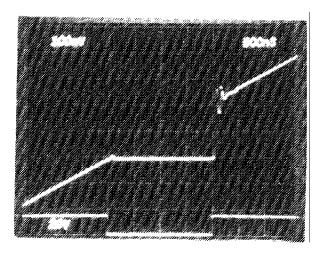
Bottom Trace: Input Signal 5V/Div., 2µs/Div.

Center Trace: Difference of Input and Output Signals Through

Tektronix Amplifier 7A13

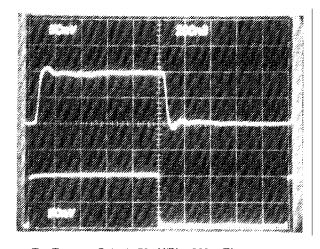
5mV/Div., 2µs/Div.

FIGURE 6. LARGE SIGNAL RESPONSE AND SETTLING TIME FOR CIRCUIT SHOWN IN FIGURE 23



Top Trace: System Output; 100mV/Div., 500ns/Div. Bottom Trace: Sampling Signal; 20V/Div., 500ns/Div.

FIGURE 7. SAMPLING RESPONSE FOR CIRCUIT SHOWN IN FIGURE 23



Top Trace: Output; 50mV/Div., 200ns/Div. Bottom Trace: Input; 50mV/Div., 200ns/Div.

FIGURE 8. INPUT AND OUTPUT RESPONSE FOR CIRCUIT SHOWN IN FIGURE 23

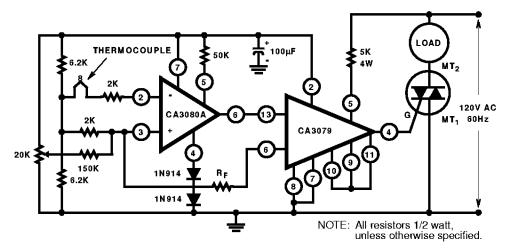


FIGURE 9. THERMOCOUPLE TEMPERATURE CONTROL WITH CA3079 ZERO VOLTAGE SWITCH AS THE OUTPUT AMPLIFIER

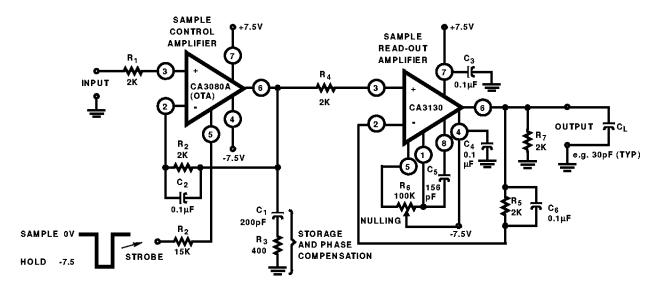
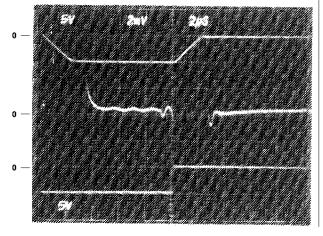


FIGURE 10. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM OF THE CA3080A IN A SAMPLE-HOLD CIRCUIT WITH BIMOS OUTPUT AMPLIFIER



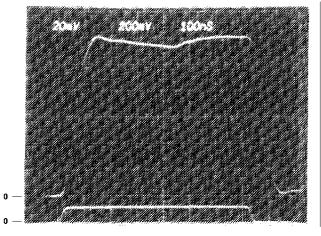
Top Trace: Output; 5V/Div., 2µs/Div.

Center Trace: Differential Comparison of Input and Output

2mV/Div., 2µs/Div.

Bottom Trace: Input; 5V/Div., 2µs/Div.

FIGURE 11. LARGE-SIGNAL RESPONSE FOR CIRCUIT SHOWN IN FIGURE 28



Top Trace: Output

20mV/Div., 100ns/Div.

Bottom Trace: Input

200mV/Div., 100ns/Div.

FIGURE 12. SMALL-SIGNAL RESPONSE FOR CIRCUIT SHOWN IN FIGURE 28

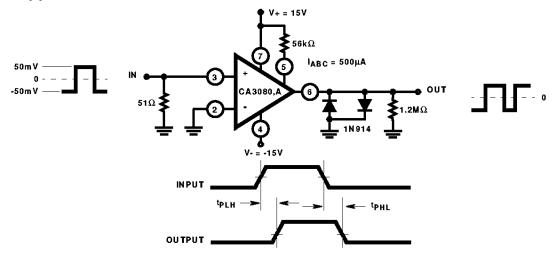


FIGURE 13. PROPAGATION DELAY TEST CIRCUIT AND ASSOCIATED WAVEFORMS

Typical Performance Curves

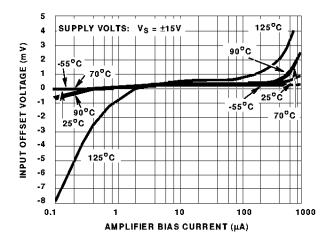


FIGURE 14. INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE VS AMPLIFIER BIAS CURRENT

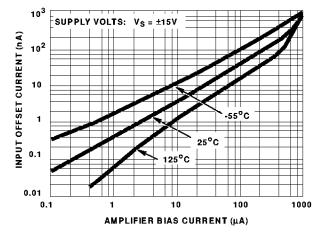


FIGURE 15. INPUT OFFSET CURRENT VS AMPLIFIER BIAS CURRENT

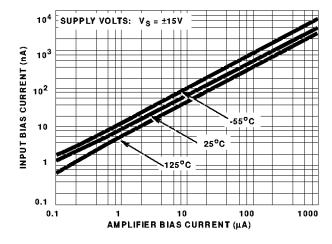


FIGURE 16. INPUT BIAS CURRENT VS AMPLIFIER BIAS CURRENT

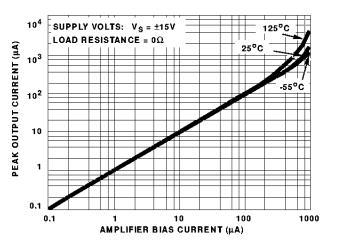


FIGURE 17. PEAK OUTPUT CURRENT VS AMPLIFIER BIAS CURRENT

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

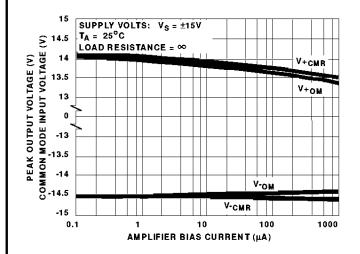


FIGURE 18. PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE VS AMPLIFIER BIAS CURRENT

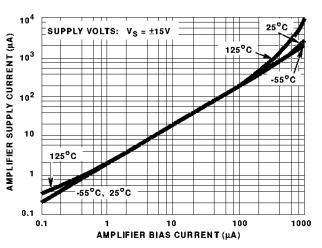


FIGURE 19. AMPLIFIER SUPPLY CURRENT VS AMPLIFIER
BIAS CURRENT

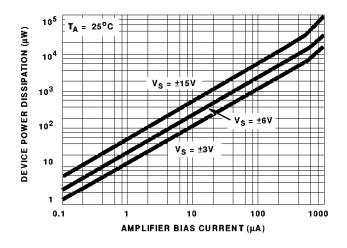


FIGURE 20. TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION VS AMPLIFIER BIAS CURRENT

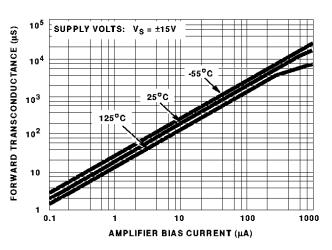


FIGURE 21. TRANSCONDUCTANCE VS AMPLIFIER BIAS CURRENT

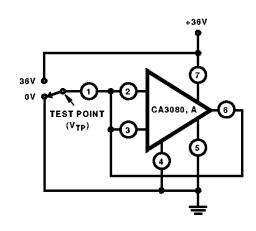


FIGURE 22. LEAKAGE CURRENT TEST CIRCUIT

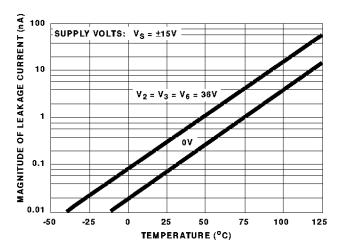
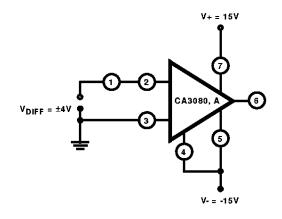


FIGURE 23. LEAKAGE CURRENT VS TEMPERATURE

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)



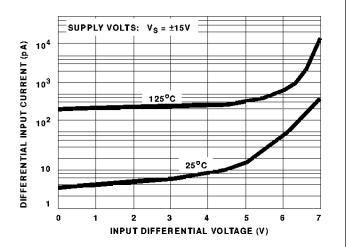
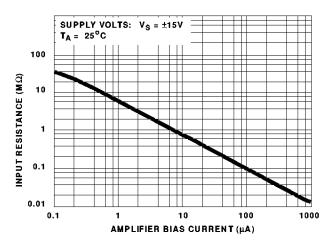


FIGURE 24. DIFFERENTIAL INPUT CURRENT TEST CIRCUIT

FIGURE 25. INPUT CURRENT VS INPUT DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE



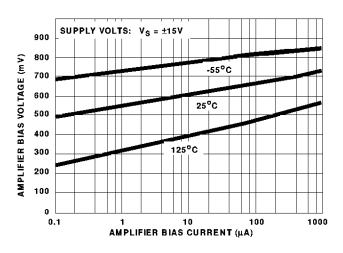
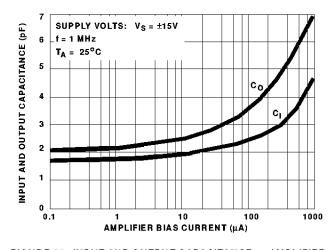


FIGURE 26. INPUT RESISTANCE VS AMPLIFIER BIAS CURRENT

FIGURE 27. AMPLIFIER BIAS VOLTAGE VS AMPLIFIER BIAS CURRENT



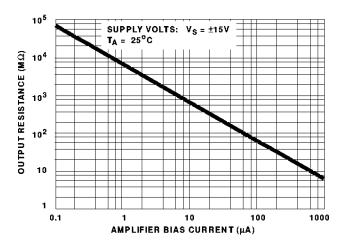
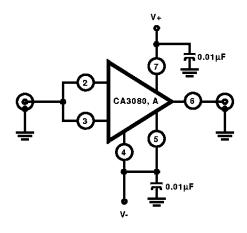


FIGURE 28. INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VS AMPLIFIER BIAS CURRENT

FIGURE 29. OUTPUT RESISTANCE VS AMPLIFIER BIAS CURRENT

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)



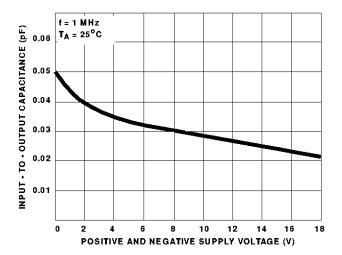


FIGURE 30. INPUT-TO-OUTPUT CAPACITANCE TEST CIRCUIT

FIGURE 31. INPUT-TO-OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VS SUPPLY VOLTAGE

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